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THE
WORKS
OF
Mr. THOMSON.
VOL. II.

With ALTERATIONS and ADDITIONS.



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ANTIENT and MODERN
I T A L Y

COM P A R E D :

Being the FIRST PART of

LIBERTY,

A

P O E M.

CONTENTS of the *Second Volume.*

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ERRATA.

Pag. 63. for lin. 70. read
And form a rising not a circling Whole.
 Pag. 82. l. 395. for *in two* r. *into*. Pag. 101. l. 105. for *her* r.
our. Pag. 114. l. 323. for *rampant* r. *rampart*. P. 192. l. 360.
 for *poor* r. *pure*. Epilogue to *Agamemnon*, l. 4. for *weeps* r. *wipes*.





TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS
FREDERICK,
PRINCE of WALES.

S I R,

WHEN I reflect upon that ready
Condescension, that preventing
Generosity, with which YOUR
ROYAL HIGHNESS received the following
Poem under your Protection; I can alone
ascribe it to the Recommendation, and In-
fluence of the Subject. In you the Cause
and Concerns of Liberty have so zea-
lous a Patron, as entitles whatever may
have the least Tendency to promote them,
to

vi *DEDICATION.*

to the Distinction of your Favour. And who can entertain this delightful Reflection, without feeling a Pleasure far superior to that of the fondest Author; and of which all true Lovers of their Country must participate? To behold the noblest Dispositions of the Prince, and of the Patriot, united: an overflowing Benevolence, Generosity, and Candour of Heart, joined to an enlightened Zeal for Liberty, an intimate Persuasion that on it depends the Happiness and Glory both of Kings and People: to see these shining out in Public Virtues, as they have hitherto smiled in all the Social Lights and Private Accomplishments of Life, is a Prospect that cannot but inspire a general Sentiment of Satisfaction and Gladness, more easy to be felt than expressed.

IF the following Attempt to trace Liberty, from the first Ages down to her excellent Establishment in GREAT BRITAIN, can at all merit your Approbation, and
prove

DEDICATION. vii

prove an Entertainment to YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS; if it can in any Degree answer the Dignity of the Subject, and of the Name under which I presume to shelter it; I have my best Reward: particularly, as it affords me an Opportunity of declaring that I am, with the greatest Zeal and Respect,

S I R,

YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS'S

Most Obedient

And most Devoted Servant,

James Thomson.

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LIBERTY.

PART I.

O My lamented TALBOT ! while with Thee
The *Muse* gay-rov'd the glad *Hesperian*
Round,

And drew th' inspiring Breath of Ancient Arts ;

Ah ! little thought she her returning Verse

Should sing our Darling Subject to thy *Shade*. 5

And does the mystic Veil, from mortal Beam,

Involve those Eyes where every Virtue smil'd,

And all thy FATHER's candid Spirit shone ?

The Light of Reason, pure, without a Cloud ;

Full of the generous Heart, the mild Regard ; 10

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Honour

Honour disdaining Blemish, cordial Faith,
 And limpid Truth, that looks the very Soul.
 But to the Death of mighty Nations turn,
 My Strain; be there absorb'd the Private Tear.

MUSING, I lay; warm from the sacred Walks,
 Where at each step Imagination burns: 16
 While scatter'd wide around, awful, and hoar,
 Lies, a vast Monument, once-glorious *Rome*,
 The Tomb of Empire! Ruins! that efface
 Whate'er, of finish'd, modern Pomp can boast. 20

SNATCH'D by these Wonders to that World
 where Thought
 Unfetter'd ranges, Fancy's Magic Hand
 Led me anew o'er all the solemn Scene,
 Still in the Mind's pure Eye more solemn drest.
 When strait, methought, the fair majestic POWER
 OF LIBERTY appear'd. Not, as of old, 26
 Extended in her hand the Cap, and Rod,
 Whose

Whose Slave-inlarging Touch gave double life:
But her bright Temples bound with *British* Oak,
And Naval Honours nodded on her Brow. 30
Sublime of Port. Loose o'er her Shoulder flow'd
Her sea-green Robe, with Constellations gay.
An Island-Goddes now; and her high Care
The Queen of Isles, the Mistress of the Main.
My Heart beat filial transport at the sight; 35
And, as she mov'd to speak, th' awaken'd *Muse*
Listen'd intense. A while she look'd around,
With mournful Eye the well-known Ruins mark'd,
And then, her Sighs repressing, thus began.

MINE are these Wonders, all thou see'st is mine;
But ah how chang'd! the falling poor Remains 41
Of what exalted once th' *Ausonian* Shore.
Look back thro' Time; and, rising from the Gloom,
Mark the dread Scene, that paints whate'er I say.

THE Great Republic see! that glow'd, sublime,
 With the mixt Freedom of a thousand States; 46
 Rais'd on the Thrones of Kings her *Curule Chair*;
 And by her *Fasces* aw'd the subject World.
 See busy Millions quickning all the Land,
 With Cities throng'd, and teeming Culture high:
 For *Nature* Then smil'd on her free-born Sons, 51
 And pour'd the Plenty that belongs to Men.
 Behold, the Country chearing, Villas rise,
 In lively Prospect; by the secret lapse
 Of Brooks now lost and Streams renown'd in Song:
 In *Umbria's* closing Vales, or on the brow 56
 Of her brown Hills that breathe the scented gale:
 On *Baia's* viny Coast; where peaceful Seas,
 Fan'd by kind Zephirs, ever kiss the Shore;
 And Suns unclouded shine, thro' purest Air: 60
 Or in the spacious Neighbourhood of *Rome*;
 Far-shining upward to the *Sabine* Hills,

To

To *Anio's* Roar, and *Tibur's* Olive Shade,
To where *Preneſte* lifts her airy Brow ;
Or downwards ſpreading to the ſunny Shore, 65
Where *Alba* breathes the Freſhneſs of the Main.

SEE diſtant Mountains leave their Valleys dry,
And o'er the proud Arcade their Tribute pour,
To lave Imperial *Rome*. For ages laid,
Deep, maſſy, firm, diverging every way, 70
With Tombs of Heroes ſacred, ſee her Roads :
By various Nations trod, and ſuppliant Kings ;
With Legions flaming, or with Triumph gay.

FULL in the Centre of theſe wondrous Works,
The Pride of Earth ! *Rome* in her Glory ſee ! 75
Behold her Demigods, in Senate met ;
All Head to counſel, and all Heart to act :
The Commonweal inspiring every Tongue

With fervent Eloquence, *unbrib'd*, and *bold*;
 Ere tame *Corruption* taught the *Servile Herd* 80
 To rank obedient to a *Master's Voice*.

HER *Forum* see, warm, popular, and loud,
 In trembling wonder hush'd, when the two *SIREs,
 As they the *Private Father* greatly quell'd,
 Stood up the *Public Fathers* of the State. 85
 See Justice judging There, in Human Shape.
 Hark! how with Freedom's voice it thunders high,
 Or in soft murmurs sinks to TULLY's tongue.

HER *Tribes*, her *Census*, see; her Generous Troops,
 Whose Pay was Glory, and their best Reward 90
 Free for their Country and for ME to die;
 Ere Mercenary Murder grew a Trade,

MARK, as the purple Triumph waves along,
 The highest Pomp and lowest Fall of Life,

HER

L. J. BRUTUS, and VIRGINIUS.

HER Festive Games, the School of Heroes, see; 95
Her *Circus*, ardent with contending Youth;
Her Streets, her Temples, Palaces, and Baths,
Full of fair Forms, of Beauty's eldest born,
And of a People cast in Virtue's Mold.
While Sculpture lives around, and *Asian* Hills 100
Lend their best Stores to heave the pillar'd Dome:
All that to *Roman* Strength the softer Touch
Of *Grecian* Art can join. But Language fails
To paint this Sun, this Center of Mankind;
Where every Virtue, Glory, Treasure, Art, 105
Attracted strong, in heighten'd lustre met.

NEED I the Contrast mark? unjoyous View!
A Land in all, in Government, and Arts,
In Virtue, Genius, Earth and Heaven revers'd.
Who but these far-fam'd Ruins to behold, 110
Proofs of a People, whose heroic Aims

Soar'd far above the little selfish Sphere
 Of doubting modern Life; who but inflam'd
 With Classic Zeal, these consecrated Scenes
 Of Men and Deeds to trace; unhappy Land, 115
 Would trust thy Wilds, and Cities loose of sway?

ARE these the Vales, that, once, exulting States
 In their warm bosom fed? The Mountains these,
 On whose high-blooming sides my Sons, of old,
 I bred to Glory? These dejected Towns, 120
 Where, mean, and sordid, Life can scarce subsist,
 The Scenes of Antient Opulence, and Pomp?

COME! by whatever *Sacred Name* disguis'd,
 OPPRESSION, come! and in *thy* works rejoice!
 See Nature's richest Plains to putrid Fens 125
 Turn'd by thy Fury. From their chearful Bounds,
 See raz'd th' enliv'ning Village, Farm, and Seat.

First,

First, Rural Toil, by *thy* rapacious hand
Robb'd of his poor Reward, resign'd the Plow;
And now he dares not turn the noxious Glebe. 130
'Tis *Thine* intire. The lonely Swain himself,
Who loves at large along the grassy Downs
His Flocks to pasture, *thy* drear Champian flies,
Far as the sickening Eye can sweep around,
'Tis all one Desert, desolate, and grey, 135
Graz'd by the sullen Bufalo alone;
And where the rank uncultivated Growth
Of rotting Ages taints the passing Gale.
Beneath the baleful Blast the City pines,
Or sinks in feebl'd, or infected burns. 140
Beneath it mourns the solitary Road,
Roll'd in rude Mazes o'er th' abandon'd Waste;
While Antient Ways, ingulph'd, are seen no more.

Such

SUCH *thy* dire Plains, thou *Self-Destroyer* ! Foe
 To Human-kind ! *Thy* Mountains too, profuse, 145
 Where savage Nature blooms, seem their sad Plaint
 To raise against *thy* desolating Rod.
 There on the breezy Brow, where thriving States,
 And famous Cities, once, to the pleas'd Sun,
 Far other Scenes of rising Culture spread, 150
 Pale shine *thy* ragged Towns. Neglected round,
 Each Harvest pines ; the livid, lean Produce
 Of heartless Labour : while *thy* hated Joys,
 Not proper Pleasure, lift the lazy Hand.
 Better to sink in Sloth the Woes of Life, 155
 Than wake their rage with unavailing Toil.
 Hence drooping Art almost to Nature leaves
 The rude unguided Year. Thin wave the Gifts
 Of yellow *Ceres*, thin the radiant Blush
 Of Orchard reddens in the warmest Ray. 160
 To weedy Wildness run, no Rural Wealth,

(Such

(Such as Dictators fed) the Garden pours.
Crude the wild Olive flows, and foul the Vine;
Nor Juice *Cæcubian*, nor *Falernian*, more,
Streams Life and Joy, save in the *Muse's* Bowl. 165
Unseconded by Art, the spinning Race
Draw the bright Thread in vain, and idly toil.
In vain, forlorn in Wilds, the Citron blows;
And flowering Plants perfume the desert gale,
Thro' the vile Thorn the tender Myrtle twines. 170
Inglorious droops the Laurel, dead to Song,
And long a stranger to the Heroe's Brow.

Nor half *thy* Triumph this: cast, from brute Fields,
Into the Haunts of Men *thy* ruthless eye.

There buxom Plenty never turns her Horn; 175
The Grace and Virtue of exterior Life,
No clean Convenience reigns; even Sleep itself,
Least delicate of Powers, reluctant, There,

Lays

Lays on the Bed impure his heavy head.
Thy horrid Walk! dead, empty, unadorn'd, 180
See Streets whose Echos never know the voice
Of chearful Hurry, Commerce many-tongue'd,
And Art mechanic at his various task,
Fervent, employ'd. Mark the desponding Race,
Of Occupation void, as void of Hope; 185
Hope the glad Ray, glanc'd from ETERNAL GOOD,
That Life enlivens, and exalts it's Powers,
With Views of Fortune—Madness all to them!
By *Thee* relentless seiz'd their better Joys,
To the soft aid of cordial Airs they fly, 190
Breathing a kind Oblivion o'er their Woes,
And Love and Music melt their Souls away.
From feeble *Justice* see how rash *Revenge*,
Trembling, the Ballance snatches; and the Sword,
Fearful himself, to venal Ruffians gives. 195
See where God's Altar, nursing Murder, stands,
With

With the red touch of dark Assassins stain'd.

BUT chief let *Rome*, the mighty City! speak
The full-exerted Genius of *thy* Reign.

Behold Her rise amid the lifeless Waste, 200

Expiring Nature all corrupted round;

While the lone *Tyber*, thro' the desert Plain,

Winds his waste stores, and fullen sweeps along.

Patch'd from my Fragments, in unsolid Pomp,

Mark how the Temple glares; and, artful drest, 205

Amusive, draws the superstitious Train.

Mark how the Palace lifts a lying Front,

Concealing often, in magnificent Jail,

Proud Want, a deep unanimated Gloom!

And oft adjoining to the drear Abode 270

Of Misery, whose melancholy Walls

Seem its voracious Grandeur to reproach.

Within the City Bounds, the Desert see.

See

See the rank Vine o'er subterranean Roofs,
 Indecent, spread; beneath whose fretted Gold 215
 It once, exulting, flow'd. The People mark,
 Matchless, while fir'd by me; to Public Good
 Inexorably firm, just, generous, brave,
 Afraid of nothing but unworthy Life,
 Elate with Glory, an Heroic Soul 220
 Known to the Vulgar Breast: behold them now
 A thin despairing Number, all-subdu'd,
 The Slaves of Slaves, by Superstition fool'd,
 By Vice unman'd and a licentious Rule,
 In Guile ingenious, and in Murder brave. 225
 Such in one Land, beneath the same fair Clime,
 Thy Sons, OPPRESSION, *are*; and such *were* MINE.

EVEN with thy labour'd *Pomp*, for whose vain show
 Deluded Thousands starve; all age-begrin'd,
 Torn robb'd and scatter'd in unnumber'd Sacks, 230

And

And by the Tempest of two thousand Years
 Continual shaken, let my *Ruins* vie.
 These Roads that yet the *Roman* Hand assert,
 Beyond the weak Repair of modern Toil;
 These fractur'd Arches, that the chiding Stream 235
 No more delighted hear; these rich Remains
 Of Marbles now unknown, where shines imbib'd
 Each parent Ray; these massy Columns, hew'd
 From *Africk's* farthest Shore; one Granite all,
 These Obelisks high-towering to the Sky,
 Mysterious mark'd with dark *Egyptian* Lore;
 These endless Wonders that this * *Sacred Way*
 Illumine still, and consecrate to Fame;
 These Fountains, Vases, Urns, and Statues, charg'd
 With the fine stores of Art-compleating *Greece*. 245
Mine is, besides, *thy* every later Boast:
Thy † BUONAROTIS, *thy* PALLADIOS *mine*;

And

* *Via Sacra*.

† M. ANGELO BUONAROTTI, PALLADIO, and RA-
 PHAEL D' URBINO; the three great modern Masters in Sculp-
 ture, Architecture, and Painting.

And *mine* the fair Designs, which RAPHAEL'S Soul
O'er the live Canvass, emanating, breath'd:

WHAT would you say, ye Conquerors of Earth!
Ye *Romans*! could you raise the laurel'd Head; 251
Could you the Country see; by Seas of Blood;
And the dread Toil of ages, won so dear;
Your Pride, your Triumph, your supreme Delight!
For whose Defence oft, in the doubtful hour, 255
You rush'd with rapture down the Gulph of Fate,
Of Death ambitious! till by awful Deeds,
Virtues, and Courage, that amaze Mankind,
The Queen of Nations rose; possess'd of all
Which Nature, Art; and Glory could bestow: 260
What would you say, deep in the last Abyss
Of Slavery, Vice, and unambitious Want,
Thus to behold her sunk? Your croud'd Plains,
Void of their Cities; unadorn'd your Hills;
Ungrac'd

Ungrac'd your Lakes; your Ports to Ships unknown;
 Your lawless Floods, and your abandon'd Streams:
 These could you know? these could you love again?
 Thy *Tibur*, HORACE, could it now inspire,
 Content, Poetic Ease, and Rural Joy,
 Soon bursting into Song: while thro' the Groves
 Of headlong *Anio*; dashing to the Vale, 271
 In many a tortur'd Stream, you mus'd along?

* Yon wild Retreat, where Superstition dreams,
 Could, TULLY, you your *Tusculum* believe?
 And could you deem yon naked Hills, that form,
 Fam'd in old Song, the Ship-forsaken † Bay, 276
 Your *Formian* Shore? Once the Delight of Earth,
 Where Art and Nature, ever-smiling, join'd
 On the gay Land to lavish all their Stores;
 How chang'd, how vacant, VIRGIL, wide around,

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Would

* *Tusculum* is reckoned to have stood at a Place now called *Grotta Ferrata*; a Convent of Monks.

† The Bay of *Mola* (anciently *Formia*) into which HOMER brings ULYSSES, and his Companions. Near *Formia* CICERO had a Villa.

Would now your *Naples* seem? Disaster'd less
 By black *Vesuvius* thundering o'er the Coast,
 His midnight Earthquakes, and his mining Fires,
 Than by Despotic Rage: that inward gnaws,
 A native Foe; a foreign, tears without. 285
 First from your flatter'd CÆSARS This began:
 Till, doom'd to Tyrants an eternal Prey,
 Thin-peopled spreads, at last, the * Syren Plain,
 That the dire Soul of HANNIBAL disarm'd;
 And wrapt in Weeds the † Shore of *Venus* lies. 290
 There *Baia* sees no more the joyous Throng;
 Her Banks all beaming with the Pride of *Rome*:
 No generous Vines now bask along the Hills,
 Where sport the Breezes of the *Tyrrhene* Main:
 With Baths and Temples mixt, no Villas rise; 295
 Nor, Art-sustain'd amid reluctant Waves,

Draw

* *Campagna felice*, adjoining to *Capua*.

† The Coast of *Baia*; which was formerly adorned with the Works mentioned in the following Lines; and where amidst many magnificent Ruins, those of a Temple erected to *Venus* are still to be seen.

Draw the cool Murmurs of the breathing Deep :
No spreading Ports their sacred Arms extend :
No mighty Moles the big intrusive Storm,
From the calm Station, roll resounding back. 300
An almost total Desolation fits,
A dreary Stillness, sad'ning o'er the Coast ;
* Where, when soft Suns and tepid Winters rose,
Rejoicing Crouds inhal'd the Balm of Peace ;
Where city'd Hill to Hill reflected Blaze ; 305
And where, with *Ceres*, *Bacchus* wont to hold
A genial Strife. Her youthful Form, robust,
Even Nature yields ; by Fire, and Earthquake rent :
Whole stately Cities in the dark Abrupt
Swallow'd at once, or vile in rubbish laid, 310
A Nest for Serpents ; from the red Abyss
New Hills, explosive, thrown ; the *Lucrine Lake*
A reedy Pool ; and all to *Cuma's Point*,

C 2

The

* All along this Coast, the antient *Romans* had their Winter Retreats ; and several populous Cities stood.

The Sea recovering his usurp'd Domain,
And pour'd triumphant o'er the bury'd Dome. 315

HENCE, BRITAIN, learn; my best-establiſh'd, laſt,
And more than GREECE, or ROME, my ſteady Reign;
The Land where, *King* and *People* equal bound
By guardian Laws, my full'eſt Bleſſings flow;
And where my jealous unſubmitting Soul, 320
The Dread of Tyrants! burns in every Breſt:
Learn hence, if ſuch the miſerable fate
Of an heroic Race, the Maſters once
Of Human-kind; what, when depriv'd of ME,
How grievous muſt be thine? In ſpite of Climes,
Whoſe Sun-enliven'd *Æther* wakes the Soul
To higher Powers; in ſpite of happy Soils,
That, but by Labour's flighteſt aid impell'd,
With Treasures teem to thy cold Clime unknown;
If there deſponding fail the common Arts, 330
And

And Sustenance of Life: could Life itself,
Far less a thoughtless Tyrant's hollow Pomp,
Subsist with thee? Against depressing Skies,
Join'd to full-spread Oppression's cloudy Brow,
How could thy Spirits hold? where Vigour find,
Forc'd Fruits to tear from their unnative Soil?
Or, storing every Harvest in thy Ports,
To plow the dreadful all-producing Wave?

HERE paus'd the GODDESS. By the Pause assur'd,
In trembling Accents thus I mov'd my Prayer. 340

“ Oh first, and most benevolent of Powers!

“ Come from eternal Splendors, here on Earth,

“ Against despotic Pride, and Rage, and Lust,

“ To shield Mankind; to raise them to assert

“ The native Rights and Honour of their Race;

“ Teach me thy lowest Subject, but in Zeal

“ Yielding to none, the PROGRESS OF THY REIGN,

" And with a Strain from THEE enrich the *Muse*.
 " As THEE alone she *serves*, her Patron, THOU,
 " And great Inspirer be! then will she joy, 350
 " Tho' narrow Life her Lot, and private Shade:
 " And when her *Venal Voice* she barters vile,
 " Or to thy open or thy secret Foes;
 " May ne'er those sacred Raptures touch her more,
 " By slavish Hearts unfelt! and may her Song 355
 " Sink in oblivion with the nameless Crew!
 " Vermin of State! to thy o'erflowing Light
 " That owe their Being, yet betray thy Cause,"

THEN, condescending kind, the HEAVENLY
 POWER

Return'd.—" What here, suggested by the Scene,
 " I slight unfold, record, and sing at home, 361
 " In that blest Isle, where (so we Spirits move)
 " With one quick Effort of my Will I am.
 " There TRUTH, *unlicens'd*, walks; and dares accost

“ Even Kings themselves, the Monarchs of the Free!”
“ Fix’d on my Rock, There, an indulgent Race 366
“ O’er BRITONS wield the Scepter of *their Choice* :
“ And There, to finish what his Sires began,
“ A PRINCE behold ! for ME who burns sincere,
“ Even with a Subject’s Zeal. He my great Work
“ Will Parent-like sustain ; and added give 371
“ The Touch, the *Graces* and the *Muses* owe.
“ For BRITAIN’S Glory swells his panting Breast ;
“ And *Antient Arts* He emulous revolves :
“ His Pride to let the smiling Heart abroad ; 375
“ Thro’ Clouds of Pomp, that but conceal the Man ;
“ To please his Pleasure ; Bounty his Delight ;
“ And all the Soul of TITUS dwells in Him.”

HAIL glorious Theme ! But how alas ! shall Verse,
From the crude Stores of mortal Language drawn,
How faint and tedious, sing, what, piercing deep, 381

The GODDESS flash'd at once upon my Soul,
 For, clear Precision all, the Tongue of Gods
 Is Harmony itself; to every Ear
 Familiar known, like Light to every Eye. 385
 Mean time disclosing Ages, as She spoke,
 In long Succession pour'd their Empires forth;
 Scene after Scene, the Human Drama spread;
 And still th'embodiy'd Picture rose to sight.

Oh THOU! to whom the *Muses* owe their flame;
 Who bid'st, beneath the Pole, *Parnassus* rise, 391
 And *Hippocrene* flow; with thy bold Ease,
 The striking Force the Lightning of thy Thought,
 And thy strong Phrase, that rolls profound, and clear;
 Oh gracious GODDESS! re-inspire my Song; 395
 While I, to nobler than Poetic Fame
 Aspiring, thy Commands to BRITONS bear.

G R E E C E :

Being the **SECOND PART** of

LIBERTY,

A

P O E M.

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LIBERTY traced from the Pastoral Ages, and the first uniting of neighbouring Families into Civil Government; to Ver. 47. The several Establishments of LIBERTY, in EGYPT, PERSIA, PHOENICIA, PALESTINE, slightly touch'd upon, down to her great Establishment in GREECE; to Ver. 91. Geographical Description of GREECE; to Ver. 113. SPARTA, and ATHENS, the two Principal States of GREECE described; to Ver. 164. Influence of LIBERTY over all the Grecian States; with regard to their Government, their Politeness, their Virtues, their Arts and Sciences. The vast Superiority it gave them, in point of Force and Bravery, over the Persians, exemplified by the Action of Thermopylæ, the Battle of Marathon, and the Retreat of the Ten Thousand. It's full Exertion, and most beautiful Effects in ATHENS; to Ver. 216. LIBERTY the Source of free Philosophy. The various Schools, which took their Rise from SOCRATES; to Ver. 257. Enumeration of FINE ARTS: Eloquence, Poetry, Music, Sculpture, Painting, and Architecture; the Effects of LIBERTY in GREECE, and brought to their utmost Perfection there; to Ver. 381. Transition to the Modern State of GREECE; to Ver. 411. Why LIBERTY declined, and was at last intirely lost among the GREEKS; to Ver. 472. Concluding Reflection.



LIBERTY.

PART II.

THUS spake the GODDESS of the fearless Eye;
And at her Voice, renew'd, the VISION rose.

FIRST, in the dawn of Time, with eastern Swains,
In Woods, and Tents, and Cottages, I liv'd;
While on from Plain to Plain they led their Flocks, 5
In search of clearer Spring, and fresher Field.
These, as encreasing Families disclos'd
The tender State, I taught an equal Sway.
Few were Offences, Properties, and Laws.

Beneath

Beneath the rural Portal, Palm-o'erspread, 10
The Father-Senate met. There Justice dealt,
With Reason then and Equity the same,
Free as the common Air, her prompt Decree;
Nor yet had stain'd her Sword with Subject's Blood.
The simpler Arts were all their simple Wants 15
Had urg'd to light. But instant, these supply'd,
Another Set of fonder Wants arose,
And other Arts with them of finer Aim;
Till, from refining Want to Want impell'd,
The Mind by Thinking push'd her latent Powers,
And Life began to glow, and Arts to shine. 21

At first, on Brutes alone the rustic War
Launch'd the rude Spear; swift, as he glar'd along,
On the grim Lion, or the Robber-Wolf,
For then young sportive Life was void of Toil, 25
Demanding Little, and with Little pleas'd:

But

But when to Manhood grown, and endless Joys,
Led on by equal Toils, the Bosom fir'd;
Lewd lazy Rapine broke primæval Peace,
And, hid in Caves and idle Forests drear, 30
From the lone Pilgrim and the wandering Swain,
Seiz'd what he durst not earn. Then Brother's Blood
First, horrid, smoak'd on the polluted Skies.
Awful in Justice, then the burning Youth,
Led by their temper'd Sires, on lawless Men, 35
The last worst Monsters of the shaggy Wood,
Turn'd the keen Arrow, and the sharpen'd Spear.
Then War grew glorious. Heroes then arose;
Who, scorning coward Self, for others liv'd,
Toil'd for their Ease, and for their Safety bled. 40
West with the living Day to GREECE I came:
Earth smil'd beneath my Beam: the *Muse* before
Sonorous flew, that low till then in Woods
Had tun'd the Reed, and sigh'd the Shepherd's pain;

But

But now, to sing heroic Deeds, the swell'd 45
A nobler Note, and bad the Banquet burn.

FOR GREECE my Sons of EGYPT I forsook;
A boastful Race, that in the vain Abyss
Of fabling Ages lov'd to lose their Source,
And with their River trac'd it from the Skies. 50
While there my Laws alone despotic reign'd,
And King, as well as People, proud obey'd;
I taught them Science, Virtue, Wisdom, Arts;
By Poets, Sages, Legislators fought;
The School of polish'd Life, and Human-kind. 55
But when mysterious *Superstition* came,
And, with her * *Civil Sister* league'd, involv'd
In study'd Darkness the desponding Mind;
Then *Tyrant Power* the righteous Scourge unloos'd:
For yielded Reason speaks the Soul a Slave. 60
Instead of useful Works, like Nature's great,

Enormous

* Civil Tyranny.

Enormous cruel Wonders crush'd the Land;
And round a Tyrant's * Tomb, who none deserv'd,
For one vile Carcass perish'd endless Lives. 64
Then the great † *Dragon*, couch'd amid his Floods,
Swell'd his fierce Heart, and cry'd.— "This Flood
is mine,
" 'Tis I that bid it flow."— But, undeceiv'd,
His Phrenzy soon the proud Blasphemer felt;
Felt that, without my fertilizing Power,
Suns lost their Force, and *Niles* o'erflow'd in vain. 70
Nought could retard me: nor the frugal State
Of rising PERSIA, sober in Extreme,
Beyond the pitch of Man, and thence revers'd
Into luxurious Waste: nor yet the Ports
Of old PHOENICIA; first for Letters fam'd, 75
That paint the Voice, and silent speak to Sight,
Of Arts prime Source, and Guardian! by fair Stars,
First tempted out into the lonely Deep;

* The Pyramids.

† The Tyrants of EGYPT.

To whom I first disclos'd mechanic Arts,
 The Winds to conquer, to subdue the Waves,
 With all the peaceful Power of ruling Trade; 80
 Earnest of BRITAIN. Nor by these retain'd;
 Nor by the neighbouring Land, whose palmy Shore
 The silver *Jordan* laves. Before me lay
 The promis'd LAND OF ARTS, and urg'd my Flight.

HAIL Nature's utmost Boast! unrival'd GREECE!
 My fairest Reign! where every Power benign 85
 Conspir'd to blow the Flower of Human-kind,
 And lavish'd all that Genius can inspire.
 Clear sunny Climates, by the breezy Main,
Ionian or *Ægean*, temper'd kind. 90
 Light, airy Soils. A Country rich, and gay;
 Broke into Hills with balmy Odours crown'd,
 And, bright with purple Harvest, joyous Vales.
 Mountains, and Streams, where Verse spontaneous
 flow'd; Whence

Whence deem'd by wondering Men the Seat of Gods,
And still the Mountains and the Streams of Song. 96
All that boon Nature could luxuriant pour
Of high Materials, and MY restless ARTS
Frame into finish'd Life. How many States,
And clustering Towns, and Monuments of Fame,
And Scenes of glorious Deeds, in little Bounds! 101
From the rough Tract of bending Mountains, beat
By *Adria's* here, there by *Ægean* Waves;
To where the Deep-adorning *Cyclade Isles*
In shining Prospect rise, and on the Shore 105
Of farthest *Crete* resounds the *Lybian* Main.

O'ER All two rival Cities rear'd the Brow,
And ballanc'd All. Spread on *Eurotas'* Bank,
Amid a Circle of soft-rising Hills,
The patient SPARTA One: the sober, hard, 110
And Man-subduing City; which no Shape

Of Pain could conquer, nor of Pleasure charm.

LYCURGUS there built, on the solid Base

Of equal Life, so well a temper'd State; 114

Where mix'd each Government, in such just Poise;

Each Power so checking, and supporting, Each;

That firm for Ages, and unmov'd, it stood,

The Fort of GREECE! without one giddy Hour,

One Shock of Faction or of Party-Rage. 119

For, drain'd the Springs of Wealth, *Corruption* there

Lay wither'd at the Root. Thrice happy Land!

Had not neglected Art, with weedy Vice

Confounded, sunk. But if *Athenian* Arts

Lov'd not the Soil; yet there the calm Abode

Of Wisdom, Virtue, Philosophic Ease, 125

Of manly Sense and Wit, in frugal Phrase

Confin'd, and press'd into *Laconic* Force.

There too, by rooting thence still treacherous Self,

The Public and the Private grew the same.

The

The Children of the nursing Public All, 130
 And at its Table fed, for That they toil'd,
 For That they liv'd intire, and even for That
 The tender Mother urg'd her Son to die.

Of foster Genius, but not less intense
 To seize the Palm of Empire, ATHENS strove. 135
 Where, with bright Marbles big and future Pomp,
 * *Hymettus* spread, amid the scented Sky,
 His thymy Treasures to the labouring Bee,
 And to Botanic hand the Stores of Health;
 Wrapt in a Soul-attenuating Clime, 140
 Between † *Ilissus* and *Cephissus* glow'd
 This Hive of Science, shedding Sweets divine,
 Of active Arts, and animated Arms.
 There, *passionate* for ME, an easy-mov'd,
 A quick, refin'd, a delicate, humane, 145

D 2

En-

* A Mountain near *Athens*.

† Two Rivers, betwixt which *Athens* was situated.

Enlighten'd People reign'd. Oft on the brink
 Of Ruin, hurry'd by the Charm of Speech,
 Inforcing hasty Counsel immature,
 Totter'd the rash *Democracy*; unpois'd,
 And by the Rage devour'd, that ever tears 150
 A Populace unequal; Part too rich,
 And Part or fierce with Want or abject grown.
 SOLON at last, their mild Restorer, rose:
 Allay'd the Tempest; to the Calm of Laws 154
 Reduc'd the settling Whole; and, with the Weight
 Which the * two Senates to the Public lent,
 As with an Anchor fix'd the driving State.

Nor was my forming Care to These confin'd.
 For Emulation thro' the Whole I pour'd,
 Noble Contention! who should most excel 160

In
 * The *Areopagus*, or Supreme Court of Judicature, which SOLON reformed, and improved: and the Council of *Four Hundred*, by him instituted. In this Council all Affairs of State were deliberated, before they came to be voted in the Assembly of the People.

In Government well-pois'd, adjusted best
To Public Weal: in Countries cultur'd high:
In ornamented Towns, where Order reigns,
Free social Life, and polish'd Manners fair:
In Exercise, and Arms; Arms only drawn 165
For common GREECE, to quell the *Persian* Pride:
In moral Science, and in graceful Arts.
Hence, as for Glory peacefully they strove,
The Prize grew greater, and the Prize of All. 169
By Contest brighten'd, hence the radiant Youth
Pour'd every Beam; by generous Pride inflam'd,
Felt every Ardor burn: their great Reward
The verdant Wreathe, which founding* *Pisa* gave.

HENCE flourish'd GREECE; and hence a Race of
Men,
As Gods by conscious future Times ador'd: 175
In whom each Virtue wore a smiling Air,

D 3

Each

* Or *Olympia*, the City where the *Olympic* Games were celebrated.

Each Science shed o'er Life a friendly Light,
 Each Art was Nature. SPARTAN Valour hence,
 At the * *fam'd Pass*, firm as an Isthmus stood;
 And the whole Eastern Ocean, waving far 180
 As Eye could dart its Vision, nobly check'd.
 While in extended Battle, at the Field
 Of *Marathon*, my keen ATHENIANS drove
 Before their ardent Band an Host of Slaves.

HENCE thro' the Continent Ten Thousand GREEKS
 Urg'd a Retreat, whose Glory not the Prime 186
 Of Victories can reach. Desarts, in vain,
 Oppos'd their Course; and hostile Lands, unknown;
 And deep rapacious Floods, dire-bank'd with Death;
 And Mountains, in whose Jaws Destruction grin'd;
 Hunger, and Toil; *Armenian* Snows, and Storms;
 And circling Myriads still of barbarous Foes. 192
 GREECE in their View, and Glory yet untouch'd,

Their

* The Straits of *Thermopylae*.

Their steady Column pierc'd the scattering Herds,
Which a whole Empire pour'd; and held its way 195
Triumphant, by the * SAGE-EXALTED CHIEF
Fir'd and sustain'd. Oh Light and Force of Mind,
Almost almighty in severe Extremes!

The Sea at last from *Colchian* Mountains seen, 199
Kind-hearted Transport round their Captains threw
The Soldier's fond Embrace; o'erflow'd their Eyes
With tender Floods, and loos'd the general Voice,
To Cries resounding loud—*The Sea! the Sea!*

IN ARTIC Bounds hence Heroes, Sages, Wits, 204
Shone thick as Stars, the Milky Way of GREECE!
And tho' gay Wit, and pleasing Grace was theirs,
All the soft Modes of Elegance, and Ease;
Yet was not Courage less, the patient Touch
Of toiling Art, and Disquisition deep.

D 4

M

* XENOPHON.

MY SPIRIT pours a Vigour thro' the Soul, 210
 Th' unfetter'd Thought with Energy inspires,
 Invincible in Arts, in the bright Field
 Of nobler Science, as in that of Arms.
 ATHENIANS thus not less intrepid burst 214
 The Bonds of *Tyrant* Darkness, than they spurn'd
 The *Persian* Chains: while thro' the City, full
 Of mirthful Quarrel and of witty War,
 Incessant struggled Taste refining Taste,
 And friendly free Discussion, calling forth
 From the fair Jewel TRUTH its latent Ray. 220
 O'er All shone out the great * ATHENIAN SAGE,
 And Father of Philosophy: the Sun,
 From whose white Blaze emerg'd each various Sect
 Took various Tints, but with diminish'd Beam.
 Tutor of ATHENS! he, in every Street, 225
 Dealt priceless Treasure: Goodness his Delight,
 Wisdom his Wealth, and Glory his Reward.

Deep

* SOCRATES.

Deep thro' the human Heart, with playful Art,
His simple Question stole ; as into Truth,
And serious Deeds, He smil'd the laughing Race ; 230
Taught moral happy Life, whate'er can bless,
Or grace Mankind ; and what He taught He was.
Compounded high, tho' plain, his Doctrine broke
In different SCHOOLS. The bold Poetic Phrase
Of figur'd PLATO ; XENOPHON's pure Strain, 235
Like the clear Brook that steals along the Vale ;
Dissecting Truth, the STAGYRITE's keen Eye ;
Th' exalted STOIC Pride ; the CYNIC Sneer ;
The slow-consenting ACADEMIC Doubt ;
And, joining Bliss to Virtue, the glad Ease 240
Of EPICURUS, seldom understood.
They, ever-candid, Reason still oppos'd
To Reason ; and, since Virtue was their Aim,
Each by sure Practice try'd to prove his Way
The best. Then stood untouch'd the solid Base 245
Of

Of *Liberty*, the *Liberty* of *Mind*:

For Systems yet, and Soul-enslaving Creeds,

Slept with the Monsters of succeeding Times.

From priestly Darkness sprung th' enlightening Arts

Of Fire, and Sword, and Rage, and horrid Names. 250

O GREECE! thou sapient Nurse of FINER ARTS!

Which to bright Science blooming Fancy bore,

Be this thy Praise, that Thou, and Thou alone,

In These hast led the Way, in These excell'd,

Crown'd with the Laurel of assenting Time. 255

IN thy full Language, speaking mighty Things;

Like a clear Torrent close, or else diffus'd

A broad majestic Stream, and rowling on

Thro' all the winding Harmony of Sound:

In it the Power of ELOQUENCE, at large, 260

Breath'd the persuasive or pathetic Soul;

Still'd

Still'd by degrees the Democratic Storm,
Or bad it threatning rise, and Tyrants shook,
Flush'd at the Head of their victorious Troops.
In it the MUSE, her Fury never quench'd, 265
By mean unyielding Phrase, or jarring Sound,
Her unconfin'd Divinity display'd ;
And, still harmonious, form'd it to her Will:
Or soft depress'd it to the Shepherd's Moan,
Or rais'd it swelling to the Tongue of Gods. 270

Heroic Song was thine; the * FOUNTAIN-BARD,
Whence each Poetic Stream derives its Course.
Thine the dread *Moral Scene*, thy chief Delight!
Where idle Fancy durst not mix her Voice,
When Reason spoke august; the fervent Heart 275
Or plain'd, or storm'd; and in th' impassion'd Man,
Concealing Art with Art, the Poet sunk.
This potent School of Manners, but when left

To

* HOMER.

To loose Neglect a Land-corrupting Plague,
Was not unworthy deem'd of Public Care, 280
And boundless Cost, by Thee; whose every Son,
Even last Mechanic, the true Taste possess'd
Of what had Flavour to the nourish'd Soul.

THE sweet Inforcer of the Poet's Strain,
Thine was the meaning MUSIC of the Heart. 285
Not the vain Trill, that, void of Passion, runs
In giddy Mazes, tickling idle Ears;
But that deep-searching Voice, and artful Hand,
To which respondent shakes the vary'd Soul.

THY fair Ideas, thy delightful Forms, 290
By Love imagin'd and the Graces touch'd,
The Boast of well-pleas'd *Nature*! SCULPTURE seiz'd,
And bad Them ever smile in *Parian* Stone.
Selecting Beauty's Choice, and That again

Exalting,

Exalting, blending in a perfect Whole, 295
Thy Workmen left even Nature's Self behind.
From Those far different, whose prolific Hand
Peoples a Nation; They for Years on Years,
By the cool Touches of judicious Toil,
Their rapid Genius curbing, pour'd it all 300
Thro' the live Features of one breathing Stone.
There, beaming full, it shone; expressing Gods:
Jove's awful Brow, *Apollo's* Air divine,
The fierce atrocious Frown of sinew'd *Mars*,
Or the sly Graces of the *Cyprian Queen*. 305
Minutely perfect all! Each Dimple sunk,
And every Muscle swell'd, as Nature taught.
In Tresses, braided gay, the Marble wav'd;
Flow'd in loose Robes, or thin transparent Veils;
Sprung into Motion; soften'd into Flesh. 310
Was fir'd to Passion, or refin'd to Soul.

NOR less thy PENCIL, with creative Touch,
 Shed mimic Life, when all thy brightest Dames;
 Assembled, ZEUXIS in his HELEN mix'd.
 And when APELLES, who peculiar knew 315
 To give a Grace that more than mortal smil'd,
 The Soul of Beauty! call'd the Queen of Love;
 Fresh from the Billows, blushing orient Charms.
 Even such Enchantment then thy Pencil pour'd,
 That cruel-thoughted War th' impatient Torch 320
 Dash'd to the Ground; and, rather than destroy
 The * Patriot Picture, let the City scape.

FIRST elder *Sculpture* taught her *Sister Art*
 Correct Design; where great Ideas shone,
 And in the secret Trace Expression spoke: 325
 Taught her the graceful Attitude; the Turn,

And

* When DEMETRIUS besieged *Rhodes*, and could have reduced the City, by setting fire to that Quarter of it, where stood the House of the celebrated PROTOGENES; he chose rather to raise the Siege, than hazard the burning of a famous Picture call'd JASYLUS, the Master-piece of that Painter.

And beauteous Airs of Head ; the native Act,
Or bold, or easy ; and, cast free behind,
The swelling Mantle's well-adjusted Flow.
Then the bright *Muse*, their eldest Sister, came ; 330
And bad Her follow where She led the Way :
Bad Earth, and Sea, and Air, in Colours rise ;
And copious Action on the Canvas glow :
Gave her gay Fable ; spread Invention's Store ;
Inlarg'd her View ; taught Composition high, 335
And just Arrangement, circling round one Point,
That starts to Sight, binds and commands the Whole.
Caught from the heavenly *Muse* a nobler Aim,
And scorning the soft Trade of meer Delight,
O'er all thy Temples, Porticos, and Schools, 340
Heroic Deeds She trac'd, and warm display'd
Each Moral Beauty to the ravish'd Eye.
There, as th' imagin'd Presence of the God
Arrous'd the Mind, or vacant Hours induc'd

Calm

Calm Contemplation, or assembl'd Youth 345
Burn'd in ambitious Circle round the Sage,
The living Lesson stole into the Heart,
With more prevailing Force than dwells in Words.
These rouse to Glory; while, to Rural Life,
The softer Canvas oft repos'd the Soul. 350
There gayly broke the Sun-illumin'd Cloud;
The less'ning Prospect, and the Mountain blue,
Vanish'd in Air; the Precipice frown'd, dire;
White, down the Rock, the rushing Torrent dash'd;
The Sun shone, trembling, o'er the distant Main;
The Tempest foam'd, immense; the driving Storm
Sadden'd the Skies, and, from the doubling Gloom,
On the scath'd Oak the ragged Lightning fell;
In closing Shades, and where the Current strays,
With Peace, and Love, and Innocence around, 360
Pip'd the lone Shepherd to his feeding Flock:
Round happy Parents smil'd their younger selves;
And Friends convers'd, by Death divided long.

To

To Public Virtue thus the *smiling Arts*,
Unblemish'd Handmaids, serv'd; the *Graces* they
To dress this fairest *Venus*. Thus rever'd, 366
And plac'd beyond the Reach of sordid Care,
The high Awarders of immortal Fame,
Alone for Glory thy great Masters strove;
Court'd by Kings, and by contending States 370
Assum'd the boasted Honour of their Birth.

IN ARCHITECTURE too thy Rank supreme!
That Art where most magnificent appears
The little Builder Man; by Thee refin'd,
And, smiling high, to full Perfection brought. 375
Such thy sure Rules, that *Goths* of every Age,
Who scorn'd their Aid, have only loaded Earth
With labour'd heavy Monuments of Shame.
Not those gay Domes that o'er thy splendid Shore
Shot, all Proportion, up. First unadorn'd,
And nobly plain, the manly *Doric* rose; 381

Th' *Ionic* then, with decent Matron Grace,
 Her airy Pillar heav'd; luxuriant last,
 The rich *Corinthian* spread her wanton Wreathe.
 The whole so measur'd true, so lessen'd off 385
 By fine Proportion, that the Marble Pile,
 Form'd to repel the still or stormy Waste
 Of rolling Ages, light as Fabrics look'd
 That from the magic Wand aerial rise.

THESE were the Wonders that illumin'd GREECE,
 From End to End—Here interrupting warm, 391
 Where are they now? (I cry'd) say, GODDESS, where?
 And what the Land thy Darling thus of old?
 Sunk! she resum'd, deep in the Kindred Gloom
 Of *Superstition*, and of *Slavery*, sunk! 395
 No Glory now can touch their Hearts, benumb'd
 By loose dejected Sloth and servile Fear;
 No Science pierce the Darkness of their Minds;
 No nobler Art the quick ambitious Soul

Of

Of Imitation in their Breast awake. 400

Even, to supply the needful Arts of Life,

Mechanic Toil denies the hopeless Hand.

Scarce any Trace remaining, Vestige grey,

Or nodding Column on the desert Shore,

To point where *Corinth*, or where *Athens* stood. 405

A faithless Land of Violence, and Death!

Where Commerce parleys, dubious, on the Shore;

And his wild Impulse curious Search restrains,

Afraid to trust th' inhospitable Clime.

Neglected Nature fails; in fordid Want 410

Sunk, and debas'd their Beauty beams no more.

The Sun himself seems, angry, to regard,

Of Light unworthy, the degenerate Race;

And fires them oft with pestilential Rays: 414

While Earth, blue Poison steaming on the Skies,

Indignant, shakes them from her troubled Sides.

But as from Man to Man, Fate's first Decree,

Impartial Death the Tide of Riches rolls,

So States must die and LIBERTY go round.

FIERCE was the Stand, e'er Virtue, Valour, Arts,
 And the Soul fir'd by ME (that often, stung 421
 With Thoughts of better Times and old Renown,
 From Hydra-Tyrants try'd to clear the Land)
 Lay quite extinct in GREECE, their Works effac'd
 And gross o'er all unfeeling Bondage spread. 425
 Sooner I mov'd my much-reluctant Flight,

Pois'd on the doubtful Wing: when GREECE with
 GREECE

Embroil'd in foul Contention, fought no more
 For common Glory, and for common Weal:
 But false to Freedom, fought to quell the Free; 430
 Broke the firm Band of Peace, and sacred Love,
 That lent the Whole irrefragable Force;
 And, as around the partial Trophy blush'd,
 Prepar'd the way for total Overthrow. 434

Then to the *Persian* Power, whose Pride they scorn'd,
 When

When XERXES pour'd his Millions o'er the Land,
Sparta, by turns, and *Athens* vilely sue'd;
 Sue'd to be venal Parricides, to spill
 Their Country's bravest Blood, and on themselves
 To turn their matchless mercenary Arms. 440
 Peaceful in *Susa*, then, sat the * *Great King*;
 And by the trick of Treaties, the still Waste
 Of fly *Corruption*, and Barbaric Gold,
 Effected what his Steel could ne'er perform.
 Profuse he gave them the luxurious Draught, 445
 Inflaming all the Land: unballanc'd wide
 Their tottering States; their wild Assemblies rul'd,
 As the Winds turn at every Blast the Seas:
 And by their list'd Orators, whose Breath
 Still with a factious Storm infested GREECE, 450
 Rous'd them to Civil War, or dash'd them down
 To sordid Peace—† Peace! that, when *Sparta* shook

E 3

Astonish'd

* So the Kings of *Persia* were call'd by the *Greeks*.

† The Peace made by ANTALCIDAS, the *Lacedemonian* Admiral, with the *Persians*; by which the *Lacedemonians* abandon'd all the *Greeks* establish'd in the lesser *Asia* to the Dominion of the King of *Persia*.

Astonish'd ARTAXERXES on his Throne ;
 Gave up, fair-spread o'er *Asia's* sunny Shore,
 Their kindred Cities to perpetual Chains. 455

What could so base, so infamous a Thought
 In *Spartan* Hearts inspire? Jealous, they saw
 Respiring * *Athens* rear again her Walls;
 And the pale Fury fir'd them, once again
 To crush this rival City to the Dust. 460

For now no more the noble social Soul
 Of LIBERTY my *Families* combin'd;
 But by short Views, and selfish Passions, broke,
 Dire as when Friends are rankled into Foes,
 They mix'd severe, and wage'd Eternal War: 465
 Nor felt they, furious, their exhausted Force;
 Nor, with false Glory, Discord, Madness blind,
 Saw how the blackening Storm from *Thracia* came.
 † Long Years roll'd on, by many a Battle stain'd,

The

* *Athens* had been dismantled by the *Lacedemonians*, at the end of the first *Peloponnesian* War, and was at this time restored by CONON to its former Splendor.

† The *Peloponnesian* War.

The Blush and Boast of Fame! where Courage, Art,
And military Glory shone supreme: 471

But let detesting Ages, from the Scene

Of GREECE self-mangled, turn the sickening Eye.

At last, when bleeding from a thousand Wounds,
She felt her Spirits fail; and in the Dust 475

Her latest Heroes, NICIAS, CONON, lay,

AGESILAUS, and the * THEBAN FRIENDS:

The *Macedonian* Vultur mark'd his Time,

By the dire Scent of † *Cheronæa* lur'd,

And, fierce-descending, seiz'd his hapless Prey. 480

THUS tame submitted to the Victor's Yoke

GREECE, once the gay, the turbulent, the bold;

For every Grace, and Muse, and Science born;

With Arts of War, of Government elate;

To *Tyrants* dreadful, dreadful to the *Best*; 485

E 4

Whom

* PELOPIDAS, and EPAMINONDAS.

† The Battle of *Cheronæa*, in which PHILIP of *Macedon* utterly defeated the *Greeks*.

Whom I MYSELF could scarcely rule ; and thus
The *Persian* Fetters, that inthrall'd the Mind,
Were turn'd to formal and apparent Chains.
Unless CORRUPTION first deject the Pride,
And guardian Vigour of the free-born Soul, 490
All crude Attempts of *Violence* are vain ;
For firm within, and while at Heart untouch'd,
Ne'er yet by *Force* was *Freedom* overcome.
But soon as INDEPENDANCE stoops the Head,
To *Vice* enslav'd, and *Vice-created Wants* ; 495
Then to some *foul corrupting Hand*, whose waste
These heighten'd Wants with fatal Bounty feeds ;
From Man to Man the slackening Ruin runs,
Till the whole State unnerv'd in SLAVERY sinks,



ROME:

Being the THIRD PART of

LIBERTY,

A

POEM.

The CONTENTS of PART III.

A*S* this Part contains a Description of the Establishment of LIBERTY in ROME, it begins with a View of the Grecian Colonies settled in the Southern Parts of Italy, which with Sciliy constituted the Great Greece of the Antients. With these Colonies the Spirit of LIBERTY, and of Republics, spreads over Italy; to Ver. 32. Transition to PYTHAGORAS and his Philosophy, which he taught thro' these free States and Cities; to Ver. 71. Amidst the many small Republics in Italy, ROME the destined Seat of LIBERTY. Her Establishment there dated from the Expulsion of the Tarquins. How differing from That in GREECE; to Ver. 88. Reference to a View of the ROMAN REPUBLIC given in the First Part of this Poem: to mark its Rise and Fall the peculiar Purport of This. During its first Ages, the greatest Force of LIBERTY, and Virtue exerted; to Ver. 103. The Source whence derived the Heroic Virtues of the ROMANS. Enumeration of these Virtues. Thence their Security at Home; their Glory, Success, and Empire, Abroad; to Ver. 226. Bounds of the Roman Empire geographically described; to Ver. 257. The States of GREECE restored to LIBERTY, by TITUS QUINTUS FLAMINIUS, the highest Instance of Public Generosity and Beneficence; to Ver. 328. The Loss of LIBERTY in ROME. Its Causes, Progress, and Completion in the Death of BRUTUS; to Ver. 485. ROME under the Emperors; to Ver. 513. From ROME the GODDESS of LIBERTY goes among the NORTHERN NATIONS; where, by infusing into them her Spirit and general Principles, SHE lays the Ground-work of her future Establishments; sends them in Vengeance on the Roman Empire, now totally enslaved; and then, with Arts and Sciences in her Train, quits Earth during the dark Ages; to Ver. 550. The Celestial Regions, to which LIBERTY retired, not proper to be opened to the View of Mortals.



LIBERTY.

PART III.

HERE melting mix'd with Airth' Ideal Forms,
That painted still whate'er the GODDESS sung.
Then I, impatient.—“From extinguish'd GREECE,
“To what new Region stream'd the *Human Day*?”
She softly sighing, as when *Zephir* leaves,
Resign'd to *Boreas*, the declining Year,
Resum'd.—Indignant, these * last Scenes I fled;
And long e'er then, *Leucadia's* cloudy Cliff,
And the *Ceraunian* Hills behind me thrown,
All LATIUM stood arrous'd. Ages before, 10

Great

* The last Struggles of *Liberty* in GREECE.

Great Mother of Republics! GREECE had pour'd,
Swarm after Swarm, her ardent Youth around,
On *Asia, Afric, Sicily*, they stoop'd,
But chief on fair HESPERIA's winding Shore ;
Where, from * *Lacinium* to *Etrurian* Vales, 15
They roll'd encreasing Colonies along,
And lent Materials for my ROMAN REIGN.
With them *my Spirit* spread; and numerous States,
And Cities rose, on *Grecian* Models form'd ;
As its Parental Policy, and Arts,
Each had imbib'd. Besides, to Each assign'd
A *Guardian Genius*, o'er the Public Weal,
Kept an unclosing Eye; try'd to sustain,
Or more sublime the Soul infus'd by ME :
And strong the Battle rose, with various Wave, 25
Against the *Tyrant Demons* of the Land.
Thus they their little Wars and Triumphs knew ;

Their

* A Promontory in *Calabria*.

Their Flows of Fortune, and receding Times,
 But almost all below the proud Regard
 Of Story vow'd to ROME, on Deeds intent 30
 That *Truth* beyond the Flight of *Fable* bore.

NOT so the * SAMIAN SAGE ; to him belongs
 The brightest Witness of recording Fame.
 For these free States his native † Isle forsook,
 And a vain Tyrant's transitory Smile, 35
 He fought *Crotona's* pure salubrious Air,
 And thro' ‡ *Great Greece* his gentle Wisdom taught;
 Wisdom that calm'd for || listening Years the Mind,
 Nor ever heard amid the Storm of Zeal.
 His mental Eye first launch'd into the Deeps 40
 Of boundless Æther ; where unnumber'd Orbs,
 Myriads on Myriads, thro' the pathless Sky

Unerring

* PYTHAGORAS.

† *Samos*, over which then reigned the Tyrant POLYCRATES.

‡ The Southern Parts of *Italy*, and *Sicily*, so called because of the *Grecian* Colonies there settled.

|| His Scholars were enjoined Silence for five Years.

Unerring roll, and wind their steady Way.
 There he the full consenting Choir beheld;
 There first discern'd the secret Band of Love, 45
 The kind Attraction, that no central Suns
 Binds circling Earths, and World with World unites.
 Instructed thence, he great Ideas form'd
 Of the whole-moving, all-informing God,
 The *Sun* of Beings! beaming unconfin'd 50
 Light, Life, and Love, and ever-active Power:
 Whom nought can image, and who best approves
 The silent Worship of the moral Heart,
 That joys in bounteous Heaven, and spreads the Joy.
 Nor scorn'd the soaring Sage to stoop to Life, 55
 And bound his Reason to the Sphere of Man.
 He gave the four yet * reigning Virtues name;
 Inspir'd the Study of the finer Arts,
 That civilize Mankind, and Laws devis'd
 Where with enlighten'd Justice Mercy mix'd. 60
 He

* The four Cardinal Virtues.

He even, into his tender System, took
Whatever shares the Brotherhood of Life:
He taught that Life's indissoluble Flame,
From Brute to Man, and Man to Brute again,
For ever shifting, runs th' eternal round; 65
Thence try'd against the blood-polluted Meal,
And Limbs yet quivering with some kindred Soul,
To turn the human Heart. Delightful Truth!
Had he beheld the living Chain ascend,
And not a *circling* Form but *rising* whole. 70

AMID these small Republics one arose,
On yellow *Tyber's* Bank, almighty ROME,
Fated for ME. A nobler Spirit warm'd
Her Sons; and, rous'd by Tyrants, nobler still
It burn'd in BRUTUS; the proud *Tarquins* chas'd, 75
With all their Crimes; bad radiant *Æras* rise,
And the long Honours of the *Consul-Line*.

HERE

HERE from the fairer, not the greater, Plain
 Of GREECE I vary'd; whose unmixing States,
 By the keen Soul of Emulation pierc'd, 80
 Long wage'd alone the bloodless War of Arts,
 And their *best* Empire gain'd. But to diffuse
 O'er Men an Empire was my Purpose now:
 To let my martial Majesty abroad;
 Into the Vortex of one State to draw 85
 The whole mix'd Force, and *Liberty*, on Earth;
 To conquer Tyrants, and set Nations free.

ALREADY have I given, with flying Touch,
 A broken View of this my amplest Reign.
 Now, while its first, last, Periods you survey, 90
 Mark how it lab'ring rose, and rapid fell.

WHEN ROME in Noon-tide Empire grasp'd the
 World,

And, soon as her resistless Legions shone,

The

The Nations stoop'd around; tho' then appear'd
Her Grandeur most, yet in her Dawn of Power,
By many a jealous equal People press'd,
Then was the Toil, the mighty Struggle then;
Then for each *Roman* I an *Hero* told;
And every passing Sun, and *Latian* Scene,
Saw patriot Virtues then, and awful Deeds, 100
That or surpass the Faith of modern Times,
Or, if believ'd, with sacred Horror strike.

For then, to prove my most exalted Power,
I to the Point of full Perfection push'd,
To Fondness, and enthusiastic Zeal, 105
The great the reigning Passion of the *Free*.
That Godlike Passion! which, the Bounds of *Self*
Divinely bursting, the whole Public takes
Into the Heart, enlarg'd, and burning high
With the mix'd Ardor of unnumber'd *Selves*;

Of all who safe beneath the *Voted Laws*
 Of the same parent State, fraternal, live.
 From this kind *Sun of Moral Nature* flow'd
Virtues, that shine the Light of Human-kind,
 And, ray'd thro' Story, warm remotest Time. 115
 These *Virtues* too, reflected to their Source,
 Encreas'd its Flame. The social Charm went round,
 The fair Idea, more attractive still,
 As more by Virtue mark'd; till *Romans*, all
 One Band of Friends, unconquerable grew. 120

HENCE, when their Country rais'd her plaintive
 Voice,

The Voice of pleading Nature was not heard;
 And in their Hearts the Fathers throb'd no more:
 Stern to themselves, but gentle to the Whole.
 Hence sweeten'd Pain, the Luxury of Toil; 125
 Patience, that baffle'd Fortune's utmost Rage;
 High-minded Hope, which at the lowest Ebb,

When

When *Brennus* conquer'd, and when *Cannæ* bled,
The bravest Impulse felt, and scorn'd Despair.
Hence Moderation a new Conquest gain'd ; 130
As on the vanquish'd, like descending Heaven,
Their dewy Mercy drop'd, their Bounty beam'd,
And by the labouring Hand were Crowns bestow'd.
Fruitful of Men, hence hard laborious Life,
Which no Fatigue can quell, no Season pierce. 135
Hence, INDEPENDANCE, with his *Little* pleas'd
Serene, and Self-sufficient, like a God ;
In whom CORRUPTION could not lodge one Charm,
While he his *honest* Roots to *Gold* preferr'd ;
While truly rich, and by his *Sabine* Field, 140
The *Man* maintain'd, the *Roman's* Splendor all
Was in the Public Wealth and Glory plac'd :
Or ready, a rough Swain, to guide the Plough ;
Or else, the Purple o'er his Shoulder thrown,
In long Majestic flow, to rule the State, 145

With Wisdom's purest Eye; or, clad in Steel;
To drive the steady Battle on the Foe.

Hence every Passion, even the proudest, stoop'd,
To Common-Good: CAMILIUS, thy Revenge;
Thy Glory, FABIVS. All submissive hence, 150
Consuls, Dictators, still resign'd their Rule;
The very Moment that the Laws ordain'd.

Tho' Conquest o'er them clap'd her Eagle-wings,
Her Laurels wreath'd, and yoke'd her snowy Steeds
To the triumphal Car: soon as expir'd 155

The latest Hour of Sway; taught to submit,
(A harder Lesson Than than to command)
Into the *Private Roman* sunk the Chief:

If ROME was serv'd, and Glorious, careless they
By whom. Their Country's Fame they deem'd their
own; 160

And above Envy, in a Rival's Train,
Sung the loud *Iôs* by themselves deserv'd.

Hence matchless Courage. On *Cremera's* Bank,

Hence

Hence fell the FABII; hence the DECII dy'd;
And CURTIUS plung'd into the flaming Gulph. 165
Hence REGULUS the wavering Fathers firm'd,
By dreadful Counsel never given before;
For *Roman* Honour sue'd, and his own Doom.
Hence he sustain'd to dare a Death prepar'd
By *Punic* Rage. On Earth his manly Look 170
Relentless fix'd, he from a last Embrace,
By Chains polluted, put his Wife aside,
His little Children climbing for a Kiss;
Then dumb thro' Rows of weeping wondering Friends,
A new illustrious Exile! press'd along. 175
Nor less impatient did he pierce the Crouds
Opposing his Return, than if, escap'd
From long litigious Suits, he glad forsook
The noisy Town a while and City Cloud,
To breathe *Venafrian*, or *Tarentine* Air. 180
Need I these high Particulars recount?

The meanest Bosom felt a Thirst for Fame ;
 Flight their worst Death, and Shame their only Fear,
 Life had no Charms, nor any Terrors Fate, 184
 When ROME and Glory call'd. But, in one View,
 Mark the rare Boast of these unequal'd Times,
 Ages revolv'd unfully'd by a Crime :
Astrea reign'd, and scarcely needed Laws,
 To bind a Race elated with the Pride
 Of Virtue, and disdaining to descend 190
 To Meanness, mutual Violence, and Wrongs.
 While War around them rag'd, in happy ROME
 All peaceful smil'd, all save the passing Clouds
 That often hang on *Freedom's* jealous Brow ;
 And fair unblemish'd Centuries elaps'd, 195
 When not a *Roman* bled but in the Field,
 Their Virtue such, that an unballanc'd State,
 Still between *Noble* and *Prebeian* toft,
 As flow'd the Wave of fluctuating Power,

By

By that kept firm, and with triumphant Prow 200
Rode out the Storms. Oft tho' the Native Feuds,
That from the first their Constitution shook,
(A latent Ruin, growing as it grew)
Stood on the threatening Point of Civil War
Ready to rush: yet could the lenient Voice 205
Of Wisdom, soothing the tumultuous Soul,
These Sons of Virtue calm. Their generous Hearts,
Unpetrify'd by *Self*, so naked lay
And sensible to *Truth*, that o'er the Rage
Of giddy Faction, by Oppression swell'd, 210
Prevail'd a simple Fable, and at once
To Peace recover'd the divided State.
But if their often-cheated Hopes refus'd
The soothing Touch; still, in the Love of ROME,
The dread *Dictator* found a sure Resource. 215
Was she assaulted? was her Glory stain'd?
One common Quarrel wide inflam'd the Whole.

Eoes in the *Forum* in the *Field* were Friends,
 By social Danger bound; each fond for each,
 And for their dearest Country all, to die. 220

THUS up the Hill of Empire slow they toil'd:
 Till the bold Summit gain'd, the thousand States
 Of proud *ITALIA* blended into One;
 Then o'er the Nations they resistless rush'd,
 And touch'd the Limits of the failing World. 225

LET Fancy's Eye the distant Lines unite.
 See That which borders wild the Western Main,
 Where Storms at large resound, and Tides immense:
 From *Caledonia's* dim *Carulean* Coast,
 And moist *Hibernia*, to where *Atlas*, lodg'd 230
 Amid the restless Clouds and leaning Heaven,
 Hangs o'er the Deep that borrows thence it's Name,
 Mark That oppos'd, where first the springing Morn
 Her

Her Roses sheds, and shakes around her Dews:
From the dire Desarts by the *Caspian* lav'd, 235
To where the *Tygris* and *Euphrates*, join'd,
Impetuous tear the *Babylonian* Plain;
And blest *Arabia* aromatic breathes,
See That dividing far the watry North,
Parent of Floods! from the majestic *Rhine*, 240
Drunk by *Batavian* Meads, to where, seven-mouth'd,
In *Euxine* Waves the flashing *Danube* roars;
To where the frozen *Tanais* scarcely stirs
The dead *Meotic* Pool, or the long * *Rba*,
In the black † *Scythian* Sea his Torrent throws. 245
Last, That beneath the burning Zone behold.
See where it runs, from the deep-loaded Plains
Of *Mauritania* to the *Lybian* Sands,
Where *Ammon* lifts amid the torrid Waste
A verdant Isle, with Shade and Fountain fresh; 250
And

* The antient Name of the *Volga*.

† The *Caspian* Sea,

And farther to the full *Egyptian* Shore,
 To where the *Nile* from *Ethiopian* Clouds,
 His never-drain'd ethereal Urn, descends.
 In this vast Space what various Tongues, and States!
 What bounding Rocks, and Mountains, Floods, and
 Seas! 255
 What Purple Tyrants quell'd, and Nations free'd!

O'ER GREECE descended chief, with stealth divine,
 The *Roman* Bounty in a Flood of Day:
 As at her *Isthmian* Games, a fading Pomp!
 Her full-assembled Youth innumerable swarm'd. 260
 On a Tribunal rais'd FLAMINIUS sat;
 A Victor he, from the deep Phalanx pierc'd
 Of iron-coated *Macedon*, and back
 The *Grecian* * Tyrant to his Bounds repell'd.
 In the high thoughtless Gaiety of Game, 265
 While Sport alone their unambitious Hearts
 Possess'd; the sudden Trumpet, sounding hoarse,

Bad

* The King of *Macedonia*.

Bad Silence o'er the bright Assembly reign.

Then thus a Herald.—“ To the States of GREECE

“ The ROMAN PEOPLE, unconfin'd, restore 270

“ Their Countries, Cities, Liberties, and Laws:

“ Taxes remit, and Garrisons withdraw.”

The Croud astonish'd half, and half inform'd,

Star'd dubious round; some question'd, some exclaim'd,

(Like one who dreaming, between Hope and Fear,

Is lost in anxious Joy) be that again, 276

Be that again proclaim'd, distinct, and loud.

Loud, and distinct, it was again proclaim'd;

And still as Midnight in the Rural Shade,

When the Gale slumbers, they the Words devour'd.

A while severe Amazement held them mute, 281

Then, bursting broad, the boundless Shout to Heaven

From many a thousand Heart extatic sprung.

On every hand rebellow'd to their Joy

The swelling Sea, the Rocks, and vocal Hills: 285

Thro'

Thro' all her Turrets stately * *Corinth* shook;
 And, from the Void above of shatter'd Air,
 The flitting Bird fell breathless to the ground.
 What piercing Bliss! how keen a Sense of Fame,
 Did then, FLAMINIUS, reach thy inmost Soul? 290
 And with what deep-felt Glory didst thou then
 Escape the Fondness of transported GREECE?
 Mix'd in a Tempest of superior Joy,
 They left the Sports; like Bacchanals they flew,
 Each other straining in a strict Embrace, 295
 Nor strain'd a Slave, and loud Acclaims till Night
 Round the *Proconsul's* Tent repeated rung.
 Then, crown'd with Garlands, came the festive Hours;
 And Music, sparkling Wine, and Converse warm,
 Their Raptures wak'd a-new.--" Ye Gods! they cry'd,
 " Ye guardian Gods of GREECE! And are we free?
 " Was it not Madness deem'd the very Thought?

" And

* The *Isthmian* Games were celebrated at *Corinth*.

“ And is it true? How did we purchase Chains?

“ At what a dire Expence of Kindred Blood?

“ And are they now dissolv'd? And scarce one Drop

“ For the fair first of Blessings have we paid? 306

“ Courage, and Conduct, in the doubtful Field,

“ When rages wide the Storm of mingling War,

“ Are rare indeed; but how to generous Ends

“ To turn Success, and Conquest, rarer still: 310

“ That the *Great Gods* and *Romans* only know.

“ Livesthere on Earth, almost to GREECE unknown,

“ A People so magnanimous, to quit

“ Their native Soil, traverse the stormy Deep,

“ And by their Blood and Treasure, spent for us, 315

“ Redeem our States, our Liberties, and Laws!

“ There does! there does! Oh Saviour TITUS!

ROME!”

Thus thro' the happy Night they pour'd their Souls,

And in my last reflected Beams rejoic'd.

As when the Shepherd, on the Mountain Brow, 320

Sits

Sits piping to his Flocks, and gamesome Kids;
 Mean time the Sun, beneath the green Earth sunk,
 Slants upward o'er the Scene a parting Gleam:
 Short is the Glory that the Mountain gilds,
 Plays on the glittering Flocks, and glads the Swain;
 To western Worlds irrevocable roll'd, 326
 Rapid, the Source of Light recalls his Ray.

HERE interposing I.—“ Oh QUEEN of Men!
 “ Beneath whose Sceptre in essential Rights
 “ Equal they live; tho' plac'd, for common Good,
 “ Various, or in Subjection or Command; 331
 “ And that by common Choice: alas! the Scene,
 “ With Virtue, Freedom, and with Glory bright,
 “ Streams into Blood, and darkens into Woe.”
 Thus SHE pursu'd.—Near this great Æra, ROME
 Began to feel the swift Approach of Fate, 336
 That now her Vitals gain'd: still more and more

Her

Her deep Divisions kindling into Rage,
And War with Chains and Desolation charg'd.
From an unequal Ballance of her Sons 340
These fierce Contentions sprung; and, as encreas'd
This hated Inequality, more fierce
They flam'd to Tumult. INDEPENDANCE fail'd;
Here by luxurious Wants, by real there;
And with this Virtue every Virtue sunk: 345
As, with the sliding Rock, the Pile sustain'd.
A last Attempt, too late, the GRACCHI made,
To fix the flying Scale, and poise the State.
On one side swell'd *Aristocratic Pride;*
With *Usury*, the *Villain!* whose fell Gripe 350
Bends by degrees to Baseness the *free* Soul;
And *Luxury* rapacious, cruel, mean,
Mother of Vice! While on the other crept
A *Populace in Want*, with Pleasure fir'd;
Fit for Proscriptions, for the darkest Deeds, 355
As

As the proud *Feeder* bad ; inconstant, blind,
 Deserting Friends at Need, and dupe'd by Foës ;
 Loud and Seditious; when a Chief inspir'd
 Their headlong Fury, but, of him depriv'd;
 Already *Slaves* that lick'd the scourging Hand. 360

THIS firm *Republic*, that against the Blast
 Of Opposition rose ; that (like an Oak,
 Nurs'd on feracious *Algidum*, whose Boughs
 Sill stronger shoot beneath the rigid Axe)
 By Loss, by Slaughter, from the Steel itself, 365
 Even Force and Spirit drew ; smit with the Calm,
 The *dead Serene* of prosperous Fortune, pine'd.
 Nought now her weighty Legions could oppose ;
 Her * Terror once, on *Afric's* tawny Shore,
 Now smoak'd in Dust, a Stabling now for Wolves ;
 And every dreaded Power receiv'd the Yoke. 371
 Besides, destructive, from the conquer'd East,

In

• CARTHAGE.

In the soft Plunder, came that worst of Plagues,
That Pestilence of Mind, a fever'd Thirst
For the false Joys, which *Luxury* prepares. 375
Unworthy Joys! that wasteful leave behind
No mark of Honour, in reflecting Hour,
No secret Ray to glad the conscious Soul;
At once involving in one Ruin Wealth,
And Wealth-acquiring Powers: while stupid *Self*,
Of narrow Gust, and hebetating Sense 381
Devour the nobler Faculties of Bliss.
Hence *Roman Virtue* slacken'd into Sloth;
Security relax'd the softening State;
And the broad Eye of Government lay clos'd. 385
No more the Laws inviolable reign'd,
And Public Weal no more: but Party rage'd;
And partial Power; and Licence unrestrain'd,
Let *Discord* thro' the deathful City loose.
First, mild * T I B E R I U S, on thy sacred Head 390

The Fury's Vengeance fell ; the First, whose Blood
 Had since the Consuls stain'd contending ROME.
 Of Precedent pernicious---With Thee bled
 Three hundred *Romans* ; with thy Brother, next,
 Three Thousand more : till, in two Battles turn'd 395
 Debates of Peace, and forc'd the trembling Laws,
 The *Forum* and *Comitia* horrid grew,
 A Scene of barter'd Power, or reeking Gore.
 When, half-asham'd, CORRUPTION's *Thievish Arts*,
 And *Ruffian Force* begin to sap the Mounds 400
 And Majesty of Laws ; if not in Time
 Repress'd severe, for human Aid too strong
 The Torrent turns, and overbears the Whole.

THUS *Luxury*, *Dissension*, a mix'd Rage
 Of boundless *Pleasure* and of boundless *Wealth*, 405
Want wishing *Change* and *Waste* repairing *War*,
Rapine for ever lost to peaceful *Toil*,

Guilt

Guilt unatton'd, profuse of Blood *Revenge*,
CORRUPTION all-avow'd, and *lawless Force*,
Each heightening Each, alternate shook the State.
Mean time *Ambition*, at the dazzling Head 411
Of hardy Legions, with the Laurels heap'd
And Spoil of Nations, in one circling Blast
Combin'd in various Storm, and from it's Base
The broad REPUBLIC tore. By *Virtue* built 415
It touch'd the Skies, and spread o'er shelter'd Earth
An ample Roof: by *Virtue* too sustain'd,
And ballanc'd steady, every Tempest sung
Innoxious by, or bad it firmer stand.
But when, with sudden and enormous Change, 420
The *first* of Mankind sunk into the *last*,
As once in *Virtue* so in *Vice* extreme,
This universal Fabric yielded loose,
Before *Ambition* still; and thundering down,
At last, beneath it's Ruins crush'd a World. 425

A conquering People, to themselves a Prey;
 Must ever fall ; when their victorious Troops,
 In Blood and Rapine savagegrown, can find
 No Land to sack and pillage but their own.

BY brutal MARIUS, and keen SYLLA, first 430
 Effus'd the Deluge dire of Civil Blood,
 Unceasing Woes began : and This, or That,
 (Deep-drenching their Revenge) nor Virtue spar'd,
 Nor Sex, nor Age, nor Quality, nor Name ;
 Till ROME, into an human Shambles turn'd, 435
 Made Desarts lovely.---Oh to well-earn'd Chains.
 Devoted Race!--- If no true ROMAN then,
 No SCÆVOLA there was, to raise for ME
 A vengeful Hand : was there no Father, robb'd
 Of blooming Youth to prop his wither'd Age? 440
 No Son, a Witness to his hoary Sire
 In Dust and Gore defil'd? No Friend, forlorn?

No Wretch, that doubtful trembl'd for himself?
None Brave, or Wild, to pierce a Monster's Heart,
Who, heaping Horror round, no more deserv'd 445
The sacred Shelter of the Laws he spurn'd?
No. Sad o'er all profound Dejection sat;
And nerveless Fear. The Slave's Asylum theirs:
Or Flight, ill-judging, that the timid Back
Turns weak to Slaughter; or partaken Guilt. 450
In vain from SYLLA's Vanity I drew
An unexample'd Deed. The Power resign'd,
And all unhop'd the Commonwealth restor'd,
Amaz'd the Public, and effac'd his Crimes.
Thro' Streets yet streaming from his murderous Hand
Unarm'd he stray'd, unguarded, unaffail'd, 456
And on the Bed of Peace his Ashes laid;
A Grace, which I to his Demission gave.
But with him dy'd not the despotic Soul.
Ambition saw that stooping ROME could bear

A MASTER, *nor had Virtue to be free.*

Hence, for succeeding Years, my troubled Reign
 No certain Peace, no spreading Prospect knew.
 Destruction gather'd round. Still the black Soul,
 Or of a CATILINE, or * RULLUS, swell'd
 With fell Designs : and all the watchful Art
 Of CICERO demanded, all the Force,
 All the State-wielding Magic of his Tongue ;
 And all the Thunder of my CATO's Zeal. 470
 With these I linger'd ; till the Flame anew
 Burst out in Blaze immense, and wrapt the World.
 The shameful Contest sprung ; to whom Mankind
 Should yield the Neck : to POMPEY, who conceal'd
 A Rage impatient of an equal Name ; 475
 Or to the nobler CÆSAR, on whose Brow
 O'er daring Vice deluding Virtue smil'd,

And

* PUB. SERVILIUS RULLUS, Tribune of the People, proposed an *Agrarian Law*, in appearance very advantageous for the *People*, but destructive of their Liberty ; and which was defeated by the Eloquence of CICERO, in his Speech against RULLUS.

And who no less a vain Superior scorn'd.

Both bled, but bled in vain. New Traitors rose.

The Venal WILL be bought, *the Base* have Lords. 480

To these vile Wars I left ambitious Slaves ;

And from *Philippi's* Field, from where in Dust

The last of *Romans*, matchless BRUTUS ! lay,

Spread to the North untam'd a rapid Wing.

WHAT tho' the first smooth CÆSARS Arts caress'd,
Merit, and Virtue, simulating ME ? 486

Severely tender ! cruelly humane !

The Chain to clinch, and make it softer fit

On the new-broken still ferocious State.

From the dark * *Third*, succeeding, I beheld 490

Th' Imperial Monsters all.---A Race on Earth

Vindictive sent, the Scourge of Human-kind !

Whose blind Profusion drain'd a Bankrupt World ;

Whose Lust to forming Nature seems Disgrace ;

G 4

And

* TIBERIUS.

And whose Infernal Rage bad every Drop 495
 Of antient Blood, that yet retain'd my Flame,
 To that of * PÆTUS, in the peaceful Bath,
 Or ROME's affrighted Streets inglorious flow.
 But almost just the meanly-patient Death,
 That waits a Tyrant's unprevented Stroke. 500
 TITUS indeed gave one short Evening Gleam;
 More cordial felt, as in the midst it spread
 Of Storm, and Horror. The Delight of Men!
 He who the Day, when his o'erflowing Hand
 Had made no happy Heart, concluded lost, 505
 TRAJAN and HE, with the MILD † SIRE and SON,
 His Son of Virtue! eas'd awhile Mankind;
 And Arts reviv'd beneath their gentle Beam.
 Then was their last Effort: what Sculpture rais'd

To

* THRASEA PÆTUS, put to death by Nero. TACITUS introduces the Account he gives of his Death thus.—“After
 “having inhumanly slaughter'd so many illustrious Men, he
 “(Nero) burn'd at last with a Desire of cutting off Virtue itself
 “in the Person of THRASEA, &c.”

† ANTONINUS PIUS, and his adopted Son MARCUS AURELIUS, afterwards called ANTONINUS PHILOSOPHUS.

To TRAJAN's Glory, following Triumphs stole ;
 And mix'd with *Gothic* Forms, (the Chiffel's Shame)
 On that Triumphal * Arch, the Forms of GREECE.

MEAN-TIME o'er rocky *Thrace*, and the deep Vales
 Of gelid *Hæmus*, I pursu'd my Flight ;
 And, piercing farthest *Scythia*, westward swept 515
 † *Sarmatia*, travers'd by a thousand Streams.
 A fullen Land of Lakes, and Fens immense,
 Of Rocks, resounding Torrents, gloomy Heaths,
 And cruel Defarts black with founding Pine ;
 Where Nature frowns : tho' sometimes into Smiles
 She softens ; and immediate, at the Touch 521
 Of southern Gales, throws from the sudden Glebe
 Luxuriant Pasture, and a Waste of Flowers.
 But, Cold-comprest, when the whole loaded Heaven
 Descends

* CONSTANTINE's Arch, to build which, That of TRAJAN was destroy'd, Sculpture having been then almost intirely lost.

† The antient *Sarmatia* contain'd a vast Tract of Country running all along the North of *Europe*, and *Asia*.

Descends in Snow, lost in one white Abrupt, 525
 Lies undistinguish'd Earth; and, seiz'd by Frost,
 Lakes, headlong Streams, and Floods, and Oceans
 sleep.

Yet there Life glows; the furry Millions there
 Deep-dig their Dens beneath the sheltering Snows:
 And there a Race of Men prolific swarms, 530
 To various Pain, to little Pleasure us'd;
 On whom, keen-parching, beat *Riphaean* Winds;
 Hard like their Soil, and like their Climate fierce;
 The Nursery of Nations!-- These I rous'd,
 Drove Land on Land, on People People pour'd; 535
 Till from almost perpetual Night they broke,
 As if in Search of Day; and o'er the Banks
 Of yielding Empire, only Slave-sustain'd,
 Resistless rage'd, in Vengeance urg'd by ME.

LONG in the barbarous Heart the bury'd Seeds
 Of *Freedom* lay, for many a wintry Age; 541
 And

And tho' my Spirit work'd, by slow Degrees,
Nought but it's Pride and Fierceness yet appear'd.
Then was the Night of Time, that parted Worlds.
I quitted Earth the while. As when the Tribes 545
Aërial, warn'd of rising Winter, ride
Autumnal Winds, to warmer Climates borne ;
So, *Arts* and each *good Genius* in my Train,
I cut the closing Gloom, and soar'd to Heaven.

IN the bright Regions there of purest Day, 350
Far other Scenes, and Palaces, arise,
Adorn'd profuse with other Arts divine.
All Beauty here below, to them compar'd,
Would, like a Rose before the mid-day Sun,
Shrink up it's Blossom ; like a Bubble break 555
The passing poor Magnificence of Kings.
For there the KING OF NATURE, in full Blaze,
Calls every Splendor forth ; and there his Court

Amid

Amid Ætherial Powers, and Virtues, holds :
Angel, Archangel, tutelary Gods, 560
Of Cities, Nations, Empires, and of Worlds.
But Sacred be the Veil, that kindly clouds
A Light too keen for Mortals, ; wraps a View
Too softening Fair, for Those that here in Dust
Must chearful toil out their appointed Years. 565
A Sense of higher Life would only damp
The School-Boy's Task, and spoil his playful Hours.
Nor could the Child of Reason, feeble Man,
With Vigour thro' this Infant Being drudge ;
Did brighter Worlds, their unimagin'd Blifs 570
Disclosing, dazle and dissolve his Mind.



BRITAIN:

Being the **FOURTH PART** of

LIBERTY,

A

P O E M.

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D*ifference betwixt the Ancients and Moderns slightly touch'd upon, to Ver. 30. Description of the dark Ages. The GODDESS of LIBERTY, who during these is supposed to have left Earth, returns, attended with ARTS and SCIENCE, to Ver. 100. She first descends on Italy. Sculpture, Painting, and Architecture fix at Rome, to revive their several Arts by the great Models of Antiquity there, which many barbarous Invasions had not been able to destroy. The Revival of these Arts marked out. That sometimes Arts may flourish for a while under despotic Governments, tho' never the natural and genuine Production of them, to Ver. 254. Learning begins to dawn. The Muse and Science attend LIBERTY, who in her Progress towards GREAT-BRITAIN raises several free States and Cities. These enumerated, to Ver. 381. Author's Exclamation of Joy, upon seeing the British Seas and Coast rise in the Vision, which painted whatever the GODDESS of LIBERTY said. She resumes her Narration. The Genius of the Deep appears, and, addressing LIBERTY, associates GREAT-BRITAIN into his Dominion, to Ver. 451. LIBERTY received and congratulated by BRITANNIA, and the Native Genii or Virtues of the Island. These described. Animated by the Presence of LIBERTY, they begin their Operations. Their beneficent Influence contrasted with the Works and Delusions of opposing Demons; to Ver. 626. Concludes with an Abstract of the English History, marking the several Advances of LIBERTY, down to her compleat Establishment at the Revolution.*



LIBERTY.

PART IV.

STRUCK with the rising Scene, thus I amaz'd.
“ Ah, GODDESS, what a Change! Is Earth

“ the same ?

“ Of the same Kind the ruthless Race she feeds ?

“ And does the same fair Sun, and Æther spread

“ Round this vile Spot their all-enlivening Soul ? 5

“ Lo ! Beauty fails ; lost in unlovely Forms

“ Of little Pomp, Magnificence no more

“ Exalts the Mind, and bids the Public smile :

“ While to rapacious Interest Glory leaves

“ Mankind, and every Grace of Life is gone.” 10

To

To this the P O W E R, whose vital Radiance calls
From the brute Mass of Man an order'd World.

“ WAIT ’till the Morning shines, and from the
Depth

“ Of *Gothic* Darkness springs another Day.

“ True, Genius droops; the tender antient Taste 15

“ Of Beauty, then fresh-blooming in her Prime,

“ But faintly trembles thro’ the callous Soul ;

“ And Grandeur, or of Morals, or of Life,

“ Sinks into safe Pursuits, and creeping Cares.

“ Even cautious Virtue seems to stoop her Flight,

“ And aged Life to deem the generous Deeds. 21

“ Of Youth romantic. Yet in cooler Thought

“ Well-reason’d, in Researches piercing deep

“ Through Nature’s Works, in profitable Arts,

“ And all that calm Experience can disclose, 25

“ (Slow Guide, but sure) behold the World anew

“ Exalted rise, with other Honours crown’d ;

“ And

“ And, where MY SPIRIT wakes the finer Powers,
“ *Athenian* Laurels still afresh shall bloom.”

OBLIVIOUS Ages pass'd ; while Earth, forsook
By her best GENII, lay to DEMONS foul, 31
And unchain'd FURIES, an abandon'd Prey.
CONTENTION led the Van ; first small of Size,
But soon dilating to the Skies she tow'rs :
Then, wide as Air, the livid FURY spread, 35
And high her Head above the stormy Clouds,
She blaz'd in Omens, swell'd the groaning Winds
With wild Surmizes, Battlings, Sounds of War :
From Land to Land the mad'ning Trumpet blew,
And pour'd her Venom thro' the Heart of Man. 40
Shook to the Pole, the *North* obey'd her Call.
Forth rush'd the bloody POWER OF GOTHIC WAR
War against Human-kind : RAPINE, that led
Millions of raging Robbers in his Train :

Unlistening, barbarous FORCE, to whom the Sword
 Is Reason, Honour, Law : The FOE OF ARTS 46
 By Monsters follow'd, hideous to behold,
 That claim'd *their* Place. Outragious mix'd with *these*
 Another Species of * Tyrannic Rule,
 Unknown before, whose cancrous Shackles seiz'd 50
 Th' envenom'd Soul ; a wilder FURY, SHE
 Even o'er her † ELDER SISTER tyranniz'd ;
 Or, if perchance agreed, inflam'd her Rage.
 Dire was her Train, and loud : the SABLE BAND,
 Thundering,—“ Submit ye *Laity* ! Ye prophane !
 “ Earth is the LORD's, and therefore OURS ; let Kings
 “ Allow the common Claim, and Half be theirs ;
 “ If not, behold ! the sacred Lightning flies :”
 SCHOLASTIC DISCORD, with an hundred Tongues,
 For Science uttering jangling Words obscure, 60
 Where frightened Reason never yet could dwell :

Of

* Church Power, or Ecclesiastical Tyranny.
 † Civil Tyranny.

Of peremptory Feature, CLERIC PRIDE,
Whose reddening Cheek no Contradiction bears ;
And HOLY SLANDER, his Associate firm,
On whom the *Lying Spirit* still descends: 65
Mother of Tortures ! PERSECUTING ZEAL,
High-flashing in her hand the ready Torch,
Or Ponyard bath'd in unbelieving Blood ;
Hell's fiercest Fiend ! of Saintly Brow demure,
Assuming a celestial Seraph's Name, 70
While she beneath the blasphemous Pretence
Of pleasing PARENT HEAVEN, the *Source of Love* !
Has wrought more Horrors, more detested Deeds,
Than all the rest combin'd. Led on by Her,
And wild of head to work her fell Designs, 75
Came Idiot SUPERSTITION ; round with Ears
Innumerable strow'd, ten thousand Monkish Forms
With Legends ply'd them, and with Tenets, meant
To charm or scare the Simple into Slaves,

And poison Reason ; gross, *She* swallows all, 80
 The most absurd believing ever most.
 Broad o'er the Whole her universal Night,
 The Gloom still doubling, IGNORANCE diffus'd.

NOUGHT to be seen, but visionary Monks
 To Councils strolling, and embroiling Creeds ; 85
 * *Banditti Saints*, disturbing distant Lands ;
 And unknown Nations, wandering for a Home.
 All lay revers'd : the sacred Arts of Rule
 Turn'd to flagitious Leagues against Mankind,
 And Arts of Plunder more and more avow'd ; 90
 † Pure plain Devotion to a solemn Farce ;
 To holy Dotage Virtue, even to Guile,
 To Murder, and a Mockery of Oaths ;
 Brave antient *Freedom* to the || *Rage of Slaves*,
 Proud of their State, and fighting for their Chains ;

Dis-

* Crusader. † The Corruptions of the Church of *Rome*.
 || Vassalage, whence the Attachment of Clans to their Chief.

Dishonour'd Courage to the * *Bravo's* Trade, 96
To Civil Broil ; and Glory to Romance.

Thus Human Life unhing'd to Ruin reel'd,
And giddy Reason totter'd on her Throne.

AT last HEAVEN's best inexplicable Scheme, 100
Disclosing, bad new brightening Æras smile.
The high Command gone forth, ARTs in my Train,
And Azure-mantled SCIENCE, swift WE spread
A sounding Pinion. Eager Pity, mixt
With Indignation, urg'd her downward Flight. 105
On *Latium* first we stoop'd, for doubtful Life
That panted, sunk beneath unnumber'd Woes.
Ah poor *Italia* ! what a bitter Cup
Of Vengeance hast thou drain'd ? *Goths, Vandals, Huns,*
Lombards, Barbarians broke from every Land, 110
How many a ruffian Form hast thou beheld ?
What horrid Jargons heard, where Rage alone
Was all thy frighted Ear could comprehend ?

Duelling.

H 3

How

How frequent by the red inhuman Hand,
 Yet warm with Brother's, Husband's, Father's Blood,
 Hast thou thy Matrons and thy Virgins seen 116
 To Violation dragg'd, and mingled Death?
 What Conflagrations, Earthquakes, Ravage, Floods,
 Have turn'd thy Cities into stony Wilds;
 And succourless, and bare, the poor Remains 120
 Of Wretches forth to Nature's Common cast?
 Added to these, the still continual Waste
 Of * inbred Foes, that on thy Vitals prey,
 And, double Tyrants, seize the very Soul.
 Where had'st thou Treasures for this Rapine all? 125
 These hungry Myriads, that thy Bowels tore,
 Heap'd Sack on Sack, and bury'd in their Rage
 Wonders of Art; whence *this grey Scene* a Mine
 Of more than Gold becomes and orient Gems,
 Where *Egypt, Greece* and *Rome* united glow. 130

HERE

* The Hierarchy.

HERE SCULPTURE, PAINTING, ARCHITECTURE, bent

From antient Models to restore their Arts,
Remain'd. A little trace we how they rose.

AMID the hoary Ruins Sculpture first,
Deep-digging, from the Cavern dark and damp,
Their Grave for Ages, bad her Marble Race 136
Spring to new Light. Joy sparkled in her Eyes,
And old Remembrance thrill'd in every Thought,
As she the pleasing Resurrection saw.
In leaning Site, respiring from his Toils, 140
The well-known * *Hero*, who deliver'd *Greece*,
His ample Chest, all tempest'd with Force,
Unconquerable rear'd. She saw the Head,
Breathing the *Hero*, small, of *Grecian* Size,
Scarce more extensive than the finewy Neck; 145
The spreading Shoulders, muscular, and broad;
The whole a Mass of swelling Sinews, touch'd
Into harmonious Shape; she saw, and joy'd.

* The *Hercules* of *Farnese*.

The Yellow Hunter, *Meleager*, rais'd
 His beauteous Front, and thro' the finish'd Whole
 Shows what Ideas smil'd of old in *Greece*. 151
 Of raging Aspect, rush'd impetuous forth
 The * *Gladiator*. Pityless his Look,
 And each keen Sinew brac'd, the Storm of War,
 Ruffling, o'er all his nervous Body frowns. 155
 The † *Dying Other* from the Gloom she drew.
 Supported on his shorten'd Arm he leans,
 Prone, agonizing; with incumbent Fate,
 Heavy declines his Head; yet dark beneath
 The suffering Feature fullen Vengeance lows, 160
 Shame, Indignation, unaccomplish'd Rage,
 And still the cheated Eye expects his Fall.
 All conquest-flush'd, from prostrate *Python*, came
 The ‖ *Quiver'd God*. In graceful Act he stands,
 His Arm extended with the slacken'd Bow. 165
 Light

* The *Fighting Gladiator*.

‖ The *Apollo of Belviaere*.

† The *Dying Gladiator*.

Light flows his easy Robe, and fair displays
A manly-soften'd Form. The Bloom of Gods
Seems youthful o'er the beardless Cheek to wave.
His Features yet heroic Ardor warms ;
And sweet subsiding to a native Smile, 172
Mixt with the Joy elating Conquest gives,
A scatter'd Frown exalts his matchless Air.
On *Flora* mov'd ; her full-proportion'd Limbs
Rise thro' the Mantle fluttering in the Breeze.
The * *Queen of Love* arose, as from the Deep 175
She sprung in all the melting Pomp of Charms.
Bashful she bends, her well-taught Look aside
Turns in enchanting guise, where dubious mix
Vain conscious Beauty, a dissembled Sense
Of modest Shame, and slippery Looks of Love. 180
The Gazer grows enamour'd, and the Stone,
As if exulting in it's Conquest, smiles.
So turn'd each Limb, so swell'd with softening Art,
That

* The *Venus of Medici*.

That the deluded Eye the Marble doubts.
 At last her utmost * *Masterpiece* she found, 185
 That † *Maro* fir'd; the miserable Sire,
 Wrapt with his Sons in Fate's severest Grasp.
 The Serpents, twisting round, their stringent Folds
 Inextricable tie. Such Passion here,
 Such Agonies, such Bitterness of Pain, 190
 Seem so to tremble thro' the tortur'd Stone,
 That the touch'd Heart engrosses all the View.
 Almost unmark'd the best Proportions pass,
 That ever *Greece* beheld; and, seen alone,
 On the rapt Eye th' imperious Passions seize: 195
 The Father's double Pangs, both for himself
 And Sons convuls'd; to Heaven his rueful Look,
 Imploring Aid, and half-accusing, cast;
 His fell Despair with Indignation mixt,
 As the strong-curling Monsters from his side 200
 His

* The Groupe of *Laocoon* and his two Sons, destroyed by two Serpents.

† See *Æneid* II. Ver. 199,—227.

His full-extended Fury cannot tear.
 More tender touch'd, with vary'd Art, his Sons
 All the soft Rage of younger Passions show.
 In a Boy's helpless Fate One sinks oppress'd;
 While, yet unpierc'd, the frighted Other tries 205
 His Foot to steal out of the horrid Twine.

SHE bore no more, but strait from *Gothic* Rust
 Her Chisel clear'd, and * Dust and Fragments drove
 Impetuous round. Successive as *it* went
 From Son to Son, with more enlivening Touch, 210
 From the brute Rock it call'd the breathing Form;
 Till, in a Legislator's awful Grace
 Drest, *Buonaroti* † had a *Moses* rise,
 And, looking Love immense, † a SAVIOUR-GOD.

OF

* It is reported of *Michael Angelo Buonaroti*, the most celebrated Master in modern *Sculpture*, that he wrought with a kind of Inspiration, or Enthusiastical Fury, which produced the Effect here mentioned.

† Esteemed the two finest Pieces of modern *Sculpture*.

OF *These* observant, PAINTING felt the Fire
 Burn inward. Then extatic She diffus'd 216
 The Canvass, seiz'd the Pallet, with quick Hand
 The Colours brew'd; and on the void Expanse
 Her gay Creation pour'd, her mimic World.
 Poor was the Manner of her Eldest Race, 220
 Barren, and dry; just struggling from the Taste,
 That had for Ages scar'd in Cloysters dim
 The superstitious Herd: Yet glorious then
 Were deem'd their Works; where undevelop'd lay
 The future Wonders that enrich'd Mankind, 225
 And a new Light and Grace o'er *Europe* cast.
Arts gradual gather Streams. Enlarging *This*
 To each his Portion of her various Gifts
 The GODDESS dealt, to none indulging All;
 No, not to *Raphael*. At kind Distance still 230
Perfection stands, like *Happiness*, to tempt
 Th' eternal Chace. In elegant Design

Improving Nature; in Ideas fair,
Or great, extracted from the fine Antique ;
In Attitude, Expression, Airs divine; 235
Her Sons of *Rome* and *Florence* bore the Prize.
To those of *Venice* She the magic Art
Of Colours melting into Colours gave.
Theirs too it was by one embracing Mass
Of Light and Shade, that settles round the Whole,
Or varies tremulous from Part to Part, 241
O'er all a binding Harmony to throw,
To raise the Picture, and repose the Sight.
The * *Lombard* School succeeding, mingled both.

MEAN-TIME dread *Fanes*, and *Palaces*, around,
Rear'd the magnific Front. Music again 245
Her universal Language of the Heart
Renew'd ; and, rising from the plaintive Vale,
To the full Concert spread, and solemn Quire.

EVEN

* The School of the *Caracci*.

EVEN Bigots smil'd; to their Protection took 250
 ARTS not their own; and from them borrow'd Pomp:
 For in a *Tyrant's* Garden *these* a while
 May bloom, tho' *Freedom* be their parent Soil.

AND now confest, with gently-growing Gleam,
 The Morning shone, and westward stream'd it's Light.
 The MUSE awoke. Not sooner on the wing 256
 Is the gay Bird of Dawn. Artless her Voice,
 Untaught and wild, yet warbled thro' the Woods
 Romantic Lays. But as her Northern Course
 She, with her Tutor SCIENCE, in MY Train, 260
 Ardent pursu'd, her Strains more noble grew:
 While *Reason* drew the Plan, the *Heart* inform'd
 The moral Page, and *Fancy* lent it Grace.

ROME and her circling Desarts cast behind,
 I pass'd not idle to my great Sojourn. 265

ON

ON * *Arno's* fertile Plain, where the rich Vine
Luxuriant o'er *Etrurian* Mountains roves,
Safe in the Lap repos'd of private Bliss,
I † small Republics rais'd. Thrice happy they!
Had social *Freedom* bound their Peace, and Arts,
Instead of ruling Power, ne'er meant for them, 271
Employ'd their little Cares, and sav'd their Fate.

BEYOND the rugged *Apennines*, that roll
Far thro' *Italian* Bounds their wavy Tops,
My Path too I with public Blessings strow'd : 275
Free States and Cities, where the *Lombard* Plain,
In spite of Culture negligent and gross,
From her deep Bosom pours unbidden Joys,
And green o'er all the Land a Garden spreads.

THE

* The River *Arno* runs thro' *Florence*.

† The Republics of *Florence*, *Pisa*, *Lucca*, and *Sienna*. They formerly have had very cruel Wars together, but are now all peaceably subject to the *Great Duke of Tuscany*, except it be *Lucca*, which still maintains the Form of a Republic.

THE barren Rocks themselves beneath MY FOOT,
Relenting bloom'd on the *Ligurian* Shore. 281

* Thick-swarming People there, like Emmets, seiz'd
Amid surrounding Cliffs, the scatter'd Spots,
Which Nature left in her † destroying Rage,
Made their own Fields, nor sigh'd for other Lands.
There, in white Prospect, from the rocky Hill 286
Gradual descending to the shelter'd Shore,
By ME proud *Genoa's* marble Turrets rose.
And while MY genuine Spirit warm'd her Sons,
Beneath her *Dorias*, not unworthy, She 290
Vy'd for the Trident of the narrow Seas,
E'er BRITAIN yet had open'd all the Main.

NOR be the then || triumphant State forgot ;

Where

* The *Genoese* Territory is reckoned very populous, but the Towns and Villages for the most part lie hid among the *Apennine* Rocks and Mountains.

† According to Dr. *Burnet's* System of the Deluge.

|| *Venice* was the most flourishing City in *Europe*, with regard to Trade, before the Passage to the *East-Indies* by the *Cape of Good Hope*, and *America*, were discovered.

Where *, push'd from plunder'd Earth, a Remnant
still,

Inspir'd by ME, thro' the dark Ages kept 295

Of My old *Roman* Flame some Sparks alive :

The seeming God-built City! which My Hand
Deep in the Bosom fix'd of wondering Seas.

Astonish'd Mortals fail'd, with pleasing Awe,

Around the Sea-girt Walls, by *Neptune* fenc'd, 300

And down the briny Street ; where on each hand,

Amazing seen amid unstable Waves,

The splendid Palace shines ; and rising Tides,

The green Steps marking, murmur at the Door.

To this fair *Queen* of *Adria's* stormy Gulph, 305

The Mart of Nations ! long, obedient Seas

Roll'd all the Treasure of the radiant East.

But now no more. Than one great Tyrant worse

(Whose shar'd Oppression lightens, as diffus'd)

Each Subject tearing, many Tyrants rose. 310

VOL. II.

I

The

* Those who fled to some Marshes in the *Adriatic* Gulph, from the Desolation spread over *Italy* by an Irruption of the *Huns*, first founded there this famous City, about the Beginning of the Fifth Century.

The Least the Proudest. Join'd in dark Cabal,
 They jealous, watchful, silent, and severe,
 Cast o'er the whole indissoluble Chains:
 The softer Shackles of luxurious Ease
 They likewise added, to secure their Sway. 315
 Thus *Venice* fainter shines; and *Commerce* thus,
 Of Toil impatient, flags the drooping Sail.
 Bursting, besides, his antient Bounds, he took
 * A larger Circle; found another † Seat,
 Opening a thousand Ports, and charm'd with Toil,
 Whom nothing can dismay, far other Sons. 321

THE *Mountains* then, clad with eternal Snow,
 Confess'd MY Power. Deep as the rampant Rocks,
 By Nature thrown insuperable round,
 I planted there a || *League of friendly States*, 325
 And bad *plain Freedom* their Ambition be.

There

* The *Main Ocean*.

† *Great-Britain*.

|| The *Swiss Cantons*.

There in the Vale, where *rural Plenty* fills,
 From Lakes, and Meads, and furrow'd Fields, her Horn;
 * Chief, where the *Leman* pure emits the *Rhone*,
 Rare to be seen! unguilty Cities rise, 330
 Cities of Brothers form'd: while *equal Life*,
 Accorded gracious with *revolving Power*,
 Maintains them *free*; and, in their happy Streets,
 Nor cruel Deed, nor Misery, is known.
 For Valour, Faith, and Innocence of Life, 335
 Renown'd, a rough laborious People, There,
 Not only give the dreadful *Alps* to smile,
 And press their Culture on retiring Snows;
 But, to firm Order train'd and patient War,
 They likewise know, beyond the Nerve remiss 340
 Of *Mercenary Force*, how to defend
 The tasteful Little their hard Toil has earn'd,

I 2

And

* *Geneva*, situated on the *Lacus Lemanus*, a small *State*, but noble Example of the Blessings of Civil and Religious Liberty. It is remarkable, that since the founding of this *Republic*, not one Citizen has been so much as suspected to have been guilty of *Corruption* or *public Rapine*. A *Virtue* this! meriting the Attention of every *Briton*.

And the proud Arm of *Bourbon* to defy.

EVEN, cheer'd by ME, their shaggy Mountains charm,
More than or *Gallic* or *Italian* Plains ; 345

And sickening Fancy oft, when absent long,

* Pines to behold their *Alpine* Views again :

The hollow-winding Stream : the Vale, fair-spread
Amid an Amphitheatre of Hills ; 349

Whence, vapour-wing'd, the sudden Tempest springs:

From Steep to Steep ascending, the gay Train

Of Fogs, thick-roll'd into romantic Shapes :

The flitting Cloud, against the Summit dash'd ;

And, by the Sun illumin'd, pouring bright

A gemmy Shower ; hung o'er amazing Rocks, 355

The Mountain-Ash, and solemn-sounding Pine :

The snow-fed Torrent, in white Mazes tost,

Down to the clear Ætherial Lake below :

And,

* It is reported of the *Swiss*, that, after having been long absent from their Native Country, they are seized with such a violent Desire of seeing it again, as affects them with a kind of languishing Indisposition, called the *Swiss Sickness*.

And, high o'er-topping all the broken Scene,
 The Mountain fading into Sky ; where shines 360
 On Winter Winter shivering, and whose Top
 Licks from their cloudy Magazine the Snows.

FROM these descending, as I wav'd My Course
 O'er vast *Germania*, the ferocious Nurse
 Of hardy Men and Hearts affronting Death, 365
 I gave some favour'd * Cities there to lift
 A nobler Brow, and thro' their swarming Streets,
 More busy, wealthy, chearful, and alive,
 In each contented Face to look *My Soul*.

THENCE the loud *Baltic* passing, black with Storm,
 To wintry *Scandinavia*'s utmost Bound ; 371
 There, I the manly † Race, the Parent-Hive
 Of the mixt Kingdoms, form'd into a State
 More regularly free. By keener Air

I 3

Their

* The *Hans Towns*.† The *Swedes*.

Their Genius purg'd, and temper'd hard by Frost
 Tempest and Toil their Nerves, the Sons of those
 * Whose only Terror was a bloodless Death, 377
 They wise, and dauntless, still sustain my Cause.
 Yet there I fix'd not. Turning to the South,
 The whispering Zephyrs sigh'd at my Delay. 380

HERE, with the *shifed Vision*, burst my Joy.
 " O the dear Prospect! O majestic View!
 " See BRITAIN'S Empire! Lo! the watry Vast
 " Wide-waves, diffusing the Cerulean Plain.
 " And now, methinks, like Clouds at distance seen,
 " Emerging white from Deepsof Æther, dawn 386
 " My kindred Cliffs; whence, wafted in the Gale,
 " Ineffable, a secret Sweetness breathes.
 " GODDESS, forgive!---My Heart, surpriz'd, o'erflows
 " With filial Fondness for the Land you blest." 390
 As Parents to a Child complacent deign

Ap-

* See Note on Verse 678.

Approvance, the CELESTIAL BRIGHTNESS smil'd;
Then thus----As o'er the wave-resounding Deep,
To my near Reign, the *happy Isle*, I steer'd
With easy Wing; behold! from Surge to Surge, 395
Stalk'd the tremendous GENIUS OF THE DEEP.
Around him Clouds, in mingled Tempest, hung;
Thick-flashing Meteors crown'd his starry Head;
And ready Thunder redden'd in his Hand,
Or from it stream'd compress'd the gloomy Cloud. 400
Where-e'er he look'd, the trembling Waves recoil'd:
He needs but strike the conscious Flood, and shook
From Shore to Shore, in Agitation dire,
It works his dreadful Will. To ME his Voice
(Like that hoarse Blast that round the Cavern howls,
Mixt with the Murmurs of the falling Main) 406
Address'd, began----“ By Fate commission'd, go,”
“ MY SISTER-GODDESS now, to yon *blest Isle*,
“ Henceforth the Partner of my rough Domain.”

- " All my dread Walks to BRITONS open lie. 410
 " Those that refulgent, or with rosy Morn,
 " Or yellow Evening, flame ; those that, profuse
 " Drunk by Equator-Suns, severely shine ;
 " Or those that, to the Poles approaching, rise
 " In Billows rolling into *Alps* of Ice. 415
 " Even, yet untouch'd by daring Keel, be theirs
 " The vast *Pacific* ; that on other Worlds,
 " Their future Conquest, rolls resounding Tides.
 " Long I maintain'd inviolate my Reign ;
 " Nor *Alexanders* me, nor *Cæsars* brav'd. 420
 " Still, in the Crook of Shore, the coward Sail
 " 'Till now low-crept ; and peddling *Commerce* ply'd
 " Between near-joining Lands. For BRITONS, chief,
 " It was reserv'd, with star-directed Prow,
 " To dare the middle Deep, and drive assur'd 425
 " To distant Nations thro' the pathless Main.
 " Chief, for their fearless Hearts the Glory waits,
 " Long

" Long Months from Land, while the black stormy
Night

" Around them rages, on the groaning Mast

" With unshook Knee to know their giddy Way ;

" To sing, unquell'd, amid the lashing Wave ; 431

" To laugh at Danger. Theirs the Triumph be,

" By deep *Invention's* keen pervading Eye,

" The Heart of *Courage*, and the Hand of *Tail*,

" Each conquer'd Ocean staining with their Blood,

" Instead of Treasure robb'd by ruffian War, 436

" Round social Earth to circle fair Exchange,

" And bind the Nations in a golden Chain.

" To these I honour'd stoop. Rushing to Light

" A Race of Men behold! whose daring Deeds 440

" Will in Renown exalt my nameless Plains

" O'er those of fabling Earth, as her's to mine

" In Terror yield. Nay, could my savage Heart

" Such Glories check, their unsubmitting Soul

" Would all my Fury brave, my Tempest climb,

And

“ And might in spite of me my Kingdom force.”

Here, waiting no Reply, the *Shadowy Power*

Eas'd the dark Sky, and to the Deeps return'd :

While the loud Thunder rattling from his Hand,

Auspicious, shook opponent *Gallia's* Shore, 450

Of this Encounter glad, My Way to Land

I quick pursu'd, that from the smiling Sea

Receiv'd Me joyous. Loud Acclaims were heard ;

And Music, more than mortal, warbling, fill'd

With pleas'd Astonishment the lab'ring Hind, 455

Who for a while th' unfinish'd Furrow left,

And let the listening Steer forget his Toil.

Unseen by grosser Eye, BRITANNIA breath'd,

And her *Aerial Train*, these Sounds of Joy.

For of old time, since first the rushing Flood, 460

Urg'd by almighty Power, this favour'd Isle

Turn'd flashing from the Continent aside,

Indented

Indented Shore to Shore responsive still,
Its *Guardian* SHE---The GODDESS, whose staid Eye
Beams the dark Azure of the doubtful Dawn. 465
Her Tresses, like a Flood of soften'd Light
Thro' Clouds imbrown'd, in waving Circles play.
Warm on her Cheek fits Beauty's brightest Rose.
Of high Demeanour, stately, shedding Grace
With every Motion. Full her rising Chest; 470
And new Ideas, from her finish'd Shape,
Charm'd *Sculpture* taking might improve her Art.
Such the fair *Guardian* of an Isle that boasts,
Profuse as Vernal Blooms, the fairest Dames.
High-shining on the Promontory's Brow, 475
Awaiting ME, she stood; with Hope inflam'd,
By *my mixt Spirit* burning in her Sons,
To firm, to polish, and exalt the State.

THE NATIVE GENII, round her, radiant smil'd.
COURAGE, of soft Deportment, Aspect calm, 480
Unboastful,

Unboastful, suffering long, and, till provok'd,
 As mild and harmless as the sporting Child;
 But, on just Reason, once his Fury rous'd,
 No Lion springs more eager to his Prey:
 Blood is a Pastime; and his Heart, elate, 485
 Knows no depressing Fear. THAT VIRTUE known
 By the relenting Look, whose equal Heart
 For Others feels, as for another Self:
 Of various Name, as various Objects wake,
 Warm into Action, the kind Sense within: 490
 Whether the blameless Poor, the nobly Maim'd,
 The Lost to Reason, the Declin'd in Life,
 The helpless Young that kiss no Mother's Hand,
 And the grey second Infancy of Age,
She gives in public Families to live, 495
 A Sight to gladden HEAVEN! whether *She* stands
 Fair-beck'ning at the hospitable Gate,
 And bids the Stranger take Repose and Joy:
 Whether,

Whether, to solace honest Labour, *She*
Rejoices those that make the Land rejoice : 500
Or whether to *Philosophy*, and *Arts*,
(At once the Basis and the finish'd Pride
Of Government and Life) *she* spreads her Hand ;
Nor knows her Gift profuse, nor seems to know,
Doubling her Bounty, that *she* gives at all. 505
JUSTICE to *these* her awful Presence join'd,
The Mother of the State ! No low Revenge,
No turbid Passions in her Breast ferment :
Tender, serene, compassionate of Vice,
As the last Woe that can afflict Mankind, 510
She Punishment awards ; yet of the Good
More piteous still, and of the suffering Whole,
Awards it firm. So fair her just Decree,
That, in his *judging Peers*, each on himself
Pronounces his own Doom. O happy Land ! 515

Where reigns alone this *Justice of the Free!*

'Mid the bright Groupe SINCERITY his Front,

Diffusive, rear'd; his pure untroubled Eye

The Fount of Truth. The THOUGHTFUL POWER,
apart,

Now, pensive, cast on Earth his fix'd Regard, 520

Now, touch'd celestial, launch'd it on the Sky.

The *Genius* He whence BRITAIN shines supreme,

The Land of Light, and Rectitude of Mind.

He too the Fire of Fancy feeds intense,

With all the Train of Passions thence deriv'd: 525

Not kindling quick, a noisy transient Blaze,

But gradual, silent, lasting, and profound.

Near him RETIREMENT, pointing to the Shade,

And INDEPENDANCE stood: the *generous Pair*,

That simple Life, the quiet-whispering Grove, 530

And the still Raptures of the free-born Soul,

To Cates prefer by *Virtue* bought, not earn'd,

Proudly

Proudly prefer them to the servile Pomp,
And to the heart-embitter'd Joys of *Slaves*.
Or should the *Latter*, to the Public Scene 535
Demanded, quit his *sylvan Friend* a while;
Nought can his Firmness shake, nothing seduce
His Zeal, still active for the Common-Weal;
Nor stormy *Tyrants*, nor *Corruption's Tools*,
Foul Ministers, dark-working by the Force 540
Of secret-sapping Gold. All their vile Arts,
Their shameful Honours, their perfidious Gifts,
He greatly scorns; and, if he must betray
His plunder'd Country, or his Power resign,
A Moment's Parley were eternal Shame: 545
Illustrious into private Life again,
From dirty *Levees* he unstain'd ascends,
And firm in Senates stands the *Patriot's* ground,
Or draws new Vigour in the peaceful Shade.
Aloof the BASHFUL VIRTUE hover'd coy, 550
Proving

Proving by sweet Distrust distrust'd Worth.
 Rough LABOUR clos'd the Train: and in his Hand
 Rude, callous, sinew-swell'd, and black with Toil,
 Came manly INDIGNATION. Sour he seems,
 And more than seems, by lawless Pride assail'd; 555
 Yet kind at Heart, and just, and generous, There
 No Vengeance lurks, no pale insidious Gall:
 Even in the very Luxury of Rage,
 He softening can forgive a gallant Foe;
 The Nerve, Support, and Glory of the Land! 560
 Nor be RELIGION, rational, and free,
 Here pass'd in Silence; whose entraptur'd Eye
 Sees Heaven with Earth connected, Human Things
 Link'd to Divine: who not from servile Fear,
 By Rites for some weak Tyrant Incense sit, 565
 The God of Love adores, but from a Heart
 Effusing Gladness, into pleasing Awe
 That now astonish'd swells, now in a Calm

Of fearless Confidence that smiles serene;
That lives Devotion, one continual Hymn, 570
And then most grateful, when HEAVEN'S Bounty most
Is right enjoy'd. This ever-cheerful *Power*
O'er the rais'd *Circle* ray'd superior Day.

I joy'd to join the VIRTUES whence *my Reign*
O'er ALBION was to rise. Each chearing Each,
And, like the circling Planets from the Sun, 576
All borrowing Beams from ME, a heighten'd Zeal
Impatient fir'd us to commence our Toils,
Or Pleasures rather. Long the pungent Time
Pass'd not in mutual Hails; but, thro' the Land 580
Darting our *Light*, we shone the *Fogs* away.

THE VIRTUES conquer with a single Look.
Such Grace, such Beauty, such victorious Light,
Live in their Presence, stream in every Glance,

That the Soul won, enamour'd, and refin'd, 585
 Grows their own Image, pure Ætherial Flame.
 Hence the foul DEMONS, that oppose our Reign,
 Would still from us deluded Mortals wrap;
 Or in gross Shades *they* drown the visual Ray,
 Or by the Fogs of Prejudice, where mix 590
 Falshood and Truth confounded, foil the Sense
 With vain refracted Images of Bliss.
 But chief around the Court of flatter'd Kings
They roll the dusky Rampart, Wall o'er Wall
 Of Darkness pile, and with their thickest Shade
 Secure the Throne. No savage *Alp*, the Den 596
 Of Wolves, and Bears, and monstrous Things obscene,
 That vex the Swain and waste the Country round,
 Protected lies beneath a deeper Cloud.
 Yet there we sometimes send a searching Ray. 600
 As, at the sacred Opening of the Morn,
 The prowling Race retire; so, pierc'd severe,

Before

Before our potent Blaze these DEMONS fly,
And all their *Works* dissolve—The *whisper'd Tale*,
That, like the fabling *Nile*, no Fountain knows.
Fair-fac'd Deceit, whose wily conscious Eye
Ne'er looks direct. The *Tongue that licks the Dust*,
But, when it safely dares, as prompt to *sting*:
Smooth *Crocodile Destruction*, whose fell Tears
Ensnare. The *Janus Face of courtly Pride*; 610
One to Superiors heaves submissive Eyes,
On hapless Worth the other scouls Disdain.
Cheeks that for some *weak Tendernefs*, alone,
Some *virtuous Slip*, can wear a Blush. The *Laugh*
Prophane, when midnight Bowls disclose the Heart,
At *Starving Virtue*, and at *Virtue's Fools*. 616
Determin'd to be broke, the plighted Faith;
Nay more, the *Godless Oath*, that knows no Ties,
Soft-buzzing *Slander*; *silky Moths*, that eat
An honest Name. The Harpy Hand, and Maw,

Of *Avaritious Luxury*; who makes
The Throne his Shelter, venal Laws his Fort,
And, by his Service, who betrays his King.

Now turn your View, and mark from **Celtic Night*
To present Grandeur how my BRITAIN rose. 625

BOLD werethose BRITONS, who, the careless Sons
Of Nature, roam'd the Forest-Bounds, at once,
Their verdant City, high-embowering Fane,
And the gay Circle of their woodland Wars:
For by the † *Druid* taught, that Death but shifts
The vital Scene, they that prime Fear despis'd; 631
And, prone to rush on Steel, disdain'd to spare
An ill-sav'd Life that must again return.
Erect from *Nature's* Hand, by *tyrant Force*,
And still more *tyrant Custom*, unsubdu'd, 635
Man

* GREAT BRITAIN was peopled by the *Celtæ* or *Gauls*.

† The *Druids*, among the antient *Gauls* and *Britons*, had the
Care and Direction of all religious Matters.

Man knows no Master save creating HEAVEN,
Or such as Choice and common Good ordain.
This general Sense, with which the Nations I
Promiscuous fire, in BRITONS burn'd intense,
Of future Times prophetic. Witness, *Rome*, 640
Who saw'st thy *Cæsar*, from the naked Land,
Whose only Fort was *British* Hearts, repell'd,
To seek *Pharſalian* Wreaths. Witness, the Toil,
The Blood of Ages, bootless to secure,
Beneath an * *Empire's* Yoke, a stubborn *Iſle*, 645
Disputed hard, and never quite subdu'd.
The † *North* remain'd untouch'd, where those who
scorn'd
To stoop retir'd; and, to their keen Effort
Yielding at last; recoil'd the *Roman* Power.
In vain, unable to sustain the Shock, 650
From Sea to Sea desponding Legions rais'd

K 3

The

* The *Roman* Empire.† *Caledonia*, inhabited by the *Scots* and *Picts*; whither a great many *Britons*, who would not submit to the *Romans*, retired.

The * Wall immense, and yet, on Summer's Eve,
 While sport his Lambkins round, the Shepherd's Gaze,
 Continual o'er it burst the † *Northern Storm*,
 As often, check'd, receded; threatening hoarse 655
 A swift Return. But the devouring Flood
 No more endur'd Controul, when, to support
 The last || Remains of Empire, was recall'd
 The weary *Roman*, and the *Briton* lay
 Unnerv'd, exhausted, spiritless, and sunk, 660
 Great Proof! how Men enfeeble into Slaves.
 ‡ The Sword behind him flash'd; before him roar'd,
 Deaf to his Woes, the Deep. Forlorn, around
 He roll'd his Eye, not sparkling ardent Flame,

As

* The Wall of *Severus*, built upon *Adrian's* Rampart, which ran for eighty Miles quite cross the Country from the Mouth of the *Tine* to *Solway* Frith.

† Irruptions of the *Scots* and *Picts*.

|| The *Roman* Empire being miserably torn by the Northern Nations, *Britain* was for ever abandon'd by the *Romans* in the Year 426 or 427.

‡ The *Britons* applying to *Ætius* the *Roman* General for Assistance, thus expressed their miserable Condition—"We know not which way to turn us. The Barbarians drive us to Sea, and the Sea forces us back to the Barbarians; between which we have only the Choice of two Deaths, either to be swallowed up by the Waves, or butchered by the Sword."

As when * *Caractacus* to Battle led 665

Silurian Swains, and † *Boadicea* taught
Her raging Troops the Miseries of Slaves.

THEN (sad Relief!) from the bleak Coast, that hears
The *German* Ocean roar, deep-blooming, strong,
And yellow-hair'd, the blue-ey'd *Saxon* came. 670
He came implor'd, but came with other Aim
Than to protect. For Conquest and Defence
Suffices the same Arm. With the fierce Race
Pour'd in a fresh invigorating Stream,
Blood, where unquell'd a mighty Spirit glow'd. 675
Rash War, and perilous Battle, their Delight;
And immature, and red with glorious Wounds,
Unpeaceful Death their Choice : || deriving thence

K 4

A

* King of the *Silures*, famous for his great Exploits, and accounted the best General *Great-Britain* had ever produced. The *Silures* were esteemed the bravest and most powerful of all the *Britons*: They inhabited *Herefordshire*, *Radnorshire*, *Brecknockshire*, *Monmouthshire*, and *Glamorganshire*.

† Queen of the *Iceni*: her Story is well known.

|| It is certain, that an Opinion was fixed and general among them (the *Goths*) that Death was but the Entrance into another Life; that all Men who lived lazy and unactive Lives, and died natural Deaths, by Sickness or by Age, went into vast Caves under

A Right to feast, and drain immortal Bowls,
 In *Odin's* Hall; whose blazing Roof resounds 680
 The genial Uproar of those Shades, who fall
 In desperate Fight, or by some brave Attempt;
 And tho' more polish'd Times the *martial Creed*
 Difown, yet still the fearless Habit lives.

Nor were the surly Gifts of War their All. 685

Wisdom was likewise theirs, indulgent Laws,
 The calm Gradations of Art-nursing Peace,
 And matchless Orders, the deep Basis still
 On which ascends my BRITISH REIGN. Untam'd
 To the refining Subtilties of Slaves, 690
 They brought an happy Government along;
 Form'd by that *Freedom*, which, with secret Voice,

Im-

der ground, all dark and miry, full of noysome Creatures usual to such Places, and there for ever grovelled in endless Stench and Misery. On the contrary, all who gave themselves to warlike Actions and Enterprizes, to the Conquest of their Neighbours and the Slaughter of their Enemies, and died in Battle, or of violent Deaths upon bold Adventures or Resolutions, went immediately to the vast Hall or Palace of *Odin*, their God of War, who eternally kept open House for all such Guests, where they were entertained at infinite Tables, in perpetual Feasts and Mirth, carousing in Bowls made of the Sculls of their Enemies they had slain; according to the Number of whom, every one in these Mansions of Pleasure was the most honoured and best entertained.

Sir WILLIAM TEMPLE'S *Essay on Heroic Virtue*

Impartial *Nature* teaches all her Sons,
And which of old thro' the whole *Scythian Mass*
I strong inspir'd. *Monarchical* their State, 695
But prudently *confin'd*, and *mingled* wise
Of each harmonious Power: only, too much,
Imperious War into their Rule infus'd,
Prevail'd the *General-King*, and *Chieftain-Thanes*.

IN many a Field, by civil Fury stain'd, 700
Bled the discordant * *Heptarchy*; and long
(Educing Good from Ill) the Battle groan'd;
E'er, blood-cemented, *Anglo-Saxons* saw
† *Egbert* and *Peace* on one united Throne.

No sooner dawn'd the fair disclosing Calm 705
Of brighter Days, when lo! the *North* anew,
With

* The Seven Kingdoms of the *Anglo-Saxons*, considered as being united into one Common Government, under a General in Chief or Monarch, and by the means of an Assembly General or *Wittenagemot*.

† *Egbert* King of *Wessex*, who after having reduced all the other Kingdoms of the *Heptarchy* under his Dominion, was the first King of *England*.

With stormy Nations black, on ENGLAND pour'd
Woes the severest e'er a People felt.

The *Danish* * *Raven*, lur'd by annual Prey,
Hung o'er the Land incessant, Fleet on Fleet 710
Of barbarous Pirates unremitting tore
The miserable Coast. Before them stalk'd,
Far-seen, the *Demon* of devouring *Flame*;
Rapine, and *Murder*, all with Blood besmear'd,
Without or Ear, or Eye, or feeling Heart; 715
While close behind them march'd the fallow *Power*
Of desolating *Famine*, who delights
In grass-grown Cities, and in desert Fields;
And purple-spotted *Pestilence*, by whom
Even *Friendship* scar'd, in sickening Horror sinks
Each social Sense and Tendernefs of Life. 721
Fixing at last, the sanguinary Race
Spread, from the *Humber*'s loud-resounding Shore,

To

* A famous *Danish* Standard was called *Reafan* or *Raven*. The *Danes* imagined that, before a Battle, the Raven wrought upon this Standard clap'd its Wings or hung down its Head, in token of Victory or Defeat.

To where the *Thames* devolves his gentle Maze,
And with superior Arm the *Saxon* aw'd. 725
But *Superstition* first, and *Monkish* Dreams,
And *Monk-directed Cloyster-seeking* Kings,
Had eat away his Vigour, eat away
His Edge of Courage, and depress'd the Soul
Of conquering *Freedom*, which he once respir'd. 730
Thus cruel Ages pass'd ; and rare appear'd
White-mantled *Peace*, exulting o'er the Vale,
As when, with **ALFRED*, from the Wilds she came
To polic'd Cities and protected Plains.
Thus by degrees the *Saxon Empire* sunk, 735
Then set intire in † *Hastings* bloody Field.

COMPENDIOUS War! (on *BRITAIN's* Glory bent,
So Fate ordain'd) in that decisive Day,

The

* *ALFRED* the *Great*, renowned in War, and no less famous in Peace for his many excellent Institutions, particularly that of *Juries*.

† The Battle of *Hastings*, in which *Harold* II. the last of the *Saxon* Kings, was slain, and *William* the *Conqueror* made himself Master of *England*.

The haughty *Norman* seiz'd at once an Isle,
 For which thro' many a Century, in vain, 740
 The *Roman*, *Saxon*, *Dane*, had toil'd, and bled.
 Of *Gothic* Nations this the final Burst ;
 And, mix'd the Genius of these People all,
 Their Virtues mix'd in one exalted Stream,
 Here the rich Tide of *English* Blood grew full. 745

AWHILE *my Spirit* slept ; the Land awhile,
 Affrighted, droop'd beneath despotic Rage.
 Instead of * *Edward's* equal gentle Laws,
 The furious Victor's partial Will prevail'd.
 All prostrate lay ; and, in the secret Shade, 750
 Deep-stung but fearful *Indignation* gnash'd
 His Teeth. Of *Freedom*, *Property*, despoil'd,
 And of their Bulwark, *Arms* ; with *Castles* crush'd,
 With

* *Edward* III. the *Confessor*, who reduced the *West-Saxon*,
Mercian, and *Danish* Laws into one Body ; which from that time
 became common to all *England*, under the name of the *Laws* of
Edward.

With *Ruffians* quarter'd o'er the *bridled* Land;
The shivering Wretches, at the * *Curfew* Sound,
Dejected shrunk into their sordid Beds, 756
And, thro' the mournful Gloom, of antient Times
Mus'd sad, or dreamt of Better. Even to feed
A *Tyrant's* idle Sport the Peasant starv'd:
To the *wild* Herd, the Pasture of the *Tame*, 760
The chearful Hamlet, spiry Town, was given,
And the brown † Forest roughen'd wide around.

BUT this so dead so vile Submission, long,
Endur'd not. Gathering Force, My gradual Flame
Shook off the Mountain of tyrannic Sway. 765
Unus'd to bend, impatient of Controul,
Tyrants themselves the *common Tyrant* check'd.
The *Church*, by *Kings* intractable and fierce,
Deny'd her Portion of the plunder'd State,

Or

* The *Curfew Bell* (from the *French Couvrefeu*) which was rung every night at eight of the clock, to warn the *English* to put out their Fires and Candles, under the Penalty of a severe Fine.

† The *New Forest* in *Hampshire*; to make which, the Country for above thirty Miles in Compass was laid waste.

Or tempted, by the Timorous and Weak, 776
 To gain new Ground, first taught their Rapine Law.
 The *Barons* next a nobler League began,
 Both those of *English* and of *Norman* Race,
 In one fraternal Nation blended now,
 The Nation of the Free! Press'd by a * Band 775
 Of *Patriots*, ardent as the Summer's Noon
 That looks delighted on, the *Tyrant* see!
 Mark! how with feign'd Alacrity he bears
 His strong Reluctance down, his dark Revenge,
 And gives the CHARTER, by which Life indeed
 Becomes of Price, a Glory to be Man. 781

THRO' this and thro' succeeding Reigns affirm'd
 These long-contested Rights, the wholesome Winds
 Of *Opposition* † hence began to blow,

And

* On the 5th of June 1215, King *John*, met by the *Barons* on *Runnemede*, sign'd the *Great Charter of Liberties*, or *Magna Charta*.

† The League formed by the *Barons*, during the Reign of *John*, in the Year 1213, was the first Confederacy made in *England* in Defence of the Nation's Interest against the King.

And often since have lent the Country Life. 785

Before their Breath *Corruption's* Insect-Blights,
The darkening Clouds of *evil Counsel* fly ;

Or should they sounding swell, a putrid Court,
A pestilential Ministry, they purge,

And ventilated States renew their Bloom. 790

Tho' with the *temper'd Monarchy* here mix'd
Aristocratic Sway, the *People* still,
Flatter'd by *This* or *That*, as Interest lean'd,
No full Protection knew. For ME reserv'd,
And for *my Commons*, was that glorious Turn. 795
They crown'd my first Attempt, in * *Senates* rose,
The Fort of Freedom ! Slow 'till then, alone,

Had

* The Commons are generally thought to have been first represented in Parliament towards the end of *Henry* the third's Reign. To a Parliament called in the Year 1264, each County was ordered to send four Knights, as Representatives of their respective Shires: And to a Parliament called in the Year following, each County was ordered to send, as their Representatives, two Knights, and each City and Borough as many Citizens and Burgeses. Till then, History makes no mention of them ; whence a very strong Argument may be drawn, to fix the Original of the House of Commons to that *Æra*.

Had work'd that general *Liberty*, that Soul,
Which generous *Nature* breathes, and which, when left
By ME to Bondage was *corrupted Rome*, 800
I thro' the *Northern Nations* wide diffus'd.
Hence many a People, fierce with *Freedom*, rush'd
From the rude Iron Regions of the *North*,
To *Lybian* Desarts Swarm protruding Swarm,
And pour'd new Spirit thro' a slavish World. 805
Yet, o'er these *Gothic States*, the *King* and *Chiefs*
Retain'd the high Prerogative of War,
And with enormous Property engross'd
The mingled Power. But on BRITANNIA'S Shore
Now present, I to raise MY Reign began 810
By raising the *Democracy*, the third
And broadest Bulwark of the guarded State.
Then was the full the perfect Plan disclos'd
Of BRITAIN'S matchless *Constitution*, mixt
Of mutual checking and supporting Powers, 815
KING,

KING, LORDS, and COMMONS; nor the Name of *Free*
Deserving while the *Vassal-Many* droop'd:
For since the Moment of the Whole *They* form,
So, as depress'd or rais'd, the Ballance *They*
Of Public Welfare and of Glory cast. 820
Mark from this Period the continual Proof.

WHEN Kings of narrow Genius, Minion-rid,
Neglecting faithful Worth for fawning Slaves;
Proudly regardless of their People's Complaints,
And poorly passive of insulting Foes; 825
Double, not prudent, obstinate, not firm,
Their Mercy Fear, Necessity their Faith;
Instead of generous Fire, presumptuous, hot,
Rash to resolve, and slothful to perform;
Tyrants at once and Slaves, imperious, mean, 830
To Want rapacious joining shameful Waste;
By Counsels weak and wicked, easy rous'd

To paltry Schemes of absolute Command,
 To seek their Splendor in their sure Disgrace,
 And in a broken ruin'd People Wealth: 835
 When such o'ercast the State, no Bond of Love,
 No Heart, no Soul, no Unity, no Nerve,
 Combin'd the loose disjointed Public, lost
 To Fame abroad, to Happiness at home.

BUT when an * EDWARD, and an † HENRY,
 breath'd 840
 Thro' the charm'd Whole one all-exerting Soul:
 Drawn Sympathetic from his dark Retreat,
 When wide-attracted Merit round them glow'd:
 When Counsels just, extensive, generous, firm,
 Amid the Maze of State, determin'd kept 845
 Some *ruling Point* in View: when, on the Stock
 Of Public Good and Glory grafted, spread
 Their Palms, their Laurels; or, if thence they stray'd,
 Swift

* Edward III.

† Henry V.

Swift to return, and patient of Restraint:

When Regal State, Pre-eminence of Place, 850

They scorn'd to deem Pre-eminence of Ease,

To be luxurious Drones, that only rob

The busy Hive: as in Distinction, Power,

Indulgence, Honour, and Advantage, First;

When they too claim'd in Virtue, Danger, Toil,

Superior Rank; with equal Hand, prepar'd 856

To guard the Subject, and to quell the Foe:

When such with ME their vital Influence shed,

No mutter'd Grievance, hopeleſs Sigh, was heard;

No foul Diſtruſt thro' wary Senates ran, 860

Confin'd their Bounty, and their Ardor quench'd:

On *Aid*, unqueſtion'd, liberal *Aid* was given:

Safe in their Conduct, by their Valour fir'd,

Fond where they led victorious Armies ruſh'd;

And * *Creſſy*, *Poitiers*, *Agincourt* proclaim 865

L 2

What

* Three famous Battles, gained by the *English* over the *French*.

What *Kings* supported by almighty *Love*,
And *People* fir'd with *Liberty*, can do.

BE veil'd the savage *Reigns, when kindred Rage
The numerous-once *Plantagenets* devour'd,
A Race to Vengeance vow'd! and when, oppress'd
By private Feuds, almost extinguish'd lay 870
My quivering Flame. But, in the Next, behold!
A † cautious *Tyrant* lend it Oil anew.

PROUD, dark, suspicious, brooding o'er his Gold,
As how to fix his Throne he jealous cast 875
His crafty Views around; pierc'd with a Ray,
Which on his timid Mind I darted full,
He mark'd the *Barons* of excessive Sway,
|| At pleasure making and unmaking Kings;

And

* During the Civil Wars, betwixt the Families of *York* and *Lancaster*.

† Henry VII.

|| The famous Earl of *Warwick*, during the Reigns of *Henry VI.* and *Edward IV.* was called the *King-Maker*.

And hence, to crush these *petty Tyrants*, plan'd 880

* A Law, that let them, by the silent Waste

Of Luxury, their landed Wealth diffuse,

And with that Wealth their implicated Power.

By soft Degrees a mighty Change ensu'd, 884

Even working to this Day. With Streams, deduc'd

From these diminish'd Floods, the Country smil'd.

As when impetuous from the Snow-heap'd *Alps*,

To Vernal Suns relenting, pours the *Rhine*;

While undivided, oft, with wasteful Sweep,

He foams along; but, thro' *Batavian* Meads, 890

Branch'd into fair Canals, indulgent flows;

Waters a thousand Fields; and Culture, Trade,

Towns, Meadows, gliding Ships, and Villas mixt,

A rich a wondrous Landskip rises round.

H I s *furious* † Son the Soul-enslaving || Chain,

L 3

Which

* Permitting the *Barons* to alienate their Lands.

† Henry VIII.

|| Of *Papal Dominion*.

Which many a doating venerable Age
 Had Link by Link strong-twisted round the Land,
 Shook off. No longer could be born a Power,
 From HEAVEN pretended, to deceive, to void
 Each solemn Tie, to plunder without Bounds, 900
 To curb the generous Soul, to fool Mankind;
 And, wild at last, to plunge into a Sea
 Of Blood, and Horror. The returning Light,
 That first thro' **Wickliff* streak'd the *Priestly Gloom*,
 Now burst in open Day. Bare'd to the Blaze, 905
 † Forth from the Haunts of *Superstition* crawl'd
 Her *motly Sons*, fantastic Figures all;
 And, wide-dispers'd, their useless fetid Wealth
 In graceful Labour bloom'd, and Fruits of Peace.

TRADE, join'd to these, on every Sea display'd 910

A

* *John Wickliff*, Doctor of Divinity, who towards the Close of the fourteenth Century, published Doctrines very contrary to those of the Church of *Rome*, and particularly denying the *Papal* Authority. His Followers grew very numerous, and were called *Lollards*.

† Suppression of Monasteries.

A daring Canvass, pour'd with every Tide
 A golden Flood. From other * Worlds were roll'd
 The guilty glittering Stores, whose fatal Charms,
 By the plain *Indian* happily despis'd,
 Yet work'd his Woe; and to the blissful Groves,
 Where *Nature* liv'd herself among her Sons, 916
 And *Innocence* and *Joy* for ever dwelt,
 Drew *Rage* unknown to *Pagan* Climes before,
 The worst the *zeal-inflam'd Barbarian* drew.
 Be no such horrid Commerce, BRITAIN, thine! 920
 But Want for Want, with mutual Aid, supply.

THE *Commons* thus enrich'd, and powerful grown,
 Against the *Barons* weigh'd. ELIZA then,
 Amid these doubtful Motions, steady, gave
 The Beam to fix. *She!* like the SECRET EYE
 That never closes on a guarded World, 926
 So fought, so mark'd, so seiz'd the Public Good,

L 4

That

* The *Spanish West-Indies*.

That self-supported, without one Ally,
 She aw'd her inward, quell'd her circling Foes.
 Inspir'd by ME, beneath her sheltering Arm, 930
 In spite of raging * *universal Sway*
 And raging Seas repress'd, the *Belgic States*
My Bulwark on the *Continent*, arose.
 Matchless in all the Spirit of her Days !
 With Confidence unbounded fearless Love 935
 Elate, her fervent People waited gay,
 Chearful demanded the long threaten'd † *Fleet*,
 And dash'd the *Pride of Spain* around *their Isle*.
 Nor ceas'd the *British Thunder* here to rage :
 The Deep, reclaim'd, obey'd its awful Call ; 940
 In Fire and Smoke *Iberian Ports* involv'd,
 The trembling Foë even to the Centre shook
 Of their new-conquer'd World, and skulking stole
 By veering Winds their *Indian Treasure* home.

Mean-

* The Dominion of the House of *Austria*.

† The *Spanish Armada*. *Rapin* says, that after proper Measures had been taken, the Enemy was expected with uncommon Alacrity.

Mean-time, *Peace, Plenty, Justice, Science, Arts,*
With softer Laurels crown'd her happy Reign. 946

As yet uncircumscrib'd the *Regal Power*,
And wild and vague *Prerogative* remain'd,
A wide voracious Gulph, where swallow'd oft
The helpless Subject lay. *This* to reduce 950
To the just Limit was MY great Effort.

BY Means, that evil seem to narrow Man,
Superior Beings work their mystic Will :
From Storm and Trouble thus a settled Calm,
At last, effulgent, o'er BRITANNIA smil'd. 955

THE gathering Tempest, HEAVEN-commission'd,
came,
Came in the * *Prince*, who, drunk with Flattery,
dreamt
His vain pacific Counsels rul'd the World ;
Tho' scorn'd abroad, bewilder'd in a Maze

Of

* *James I.*

Of fruitless Treaties; while at Home enslav'd, 960
 And by a worthless Crew insatiate drain'd,
 He lost his People's Confidence and Love:
 Irreparable Loss! whence Crowns become
 An anxious Burden. Years inglorious pass'd: 964
 Triumphant *Spain* the vengeful Draught enjoy'd:
 Abandon'd *FREDERICK pin'd, and RALEIGH bled.
 But nothing *That* to these *internal Broils*,
 That *Rancour*, he began; while *lawless Sway*
 He, with his *slavish Doctors*, try'd to rear
 † On *Metaphysic* on *enchanted Ground*, 970
 And all the mazy *Quibbles* of the *Schools*:
 As if for *One*, and sometimes for the *Worst*,
 HEAVEN had Mankind in Vengeance only made.
 Vain the Pretence! not so the dire Effect,
 The fierce the foolish || *Discord* thence deriv'd, 975
 That

* *Electoꝛ Palatine*, and who had been chosen King of *Bohemia*,
 but was stript of all his Dominions and Dignities by the Emperor
Ferdinand, while *James* the First, his Father in Law, being amused
 from time to time, endeavoured to mediate a Peace.

† The Monstrous and till then unheard-of Doctrines of Divine
 Indefeasible Hereditary Right, Passive Obedience, &c.

|| The Parties of *Whig* and *Tory*.

That tears the Country still, by Party-Rage
And ministerial Clamour kept alive.

In Action weak, and for the wordy War
Best fitted, faint this Prince pursu'd his Claim:
Content to teach the Subject-Herd, how great, 980
How sacred he! how despicable they!

BUT his *unyielding* * *Son* these Doctrines drank,
With all a *Bigot's* Rage; (who never damps
By Reasoning his Fire) and what they taught,
Warm, and tenacious, into practice push'd. 985
Senates, in vain, their kind Restraint apply'd:
The more they struggled to support the Laws,
His Justice-dreading Ministers the more
Drove him beyond their Bounds. Tir'd with the Check
Of *faithful Love*, and with the Flattery pleas'd 990
Of *false designing Guilt*, the † *Fountain* He
Of *Public Wisdom* and of *Justice* shut.

* *Charles I.*† *Parliaments.*

Wide mourn'd the Land. Strait to the *voted Aid*
 Free, cordial, large, of never-failing Source,
 Th' *illegal Imposition* follow'd harsh, 995

With Execration given, or ruthless squeez'd
 From an insulted People, by a Band
 Of the worst Ruffians, those of tyrant Power.

Oppression walk'd at large, and pour'd abroad
 Her unrelenting Train: *Informers, Spies,* 1000

Blood-Hounds, that sturdy *Freedom* to the Grove
 Pursue; *Projectors* of aggrrieving Schemes,

* Commerce to load for unprotected Seas,

† To sell the starving Many to the Few,

And drain a thousand Ways th' exhausted Land. 1005

Even from *that Place* whence healing *Peace* should
 flow,

And *Gospel Truth*, inhuman *Bigots* shed

Their || Poison round; and on the *venal* Bench,

Instead of *Justice*, *Party* held the Scale,

And

* Ship-money.

† Monopolies.

|| The raging *High-Church* Sermons of these Times, inspiring at
 once a Spirit of slavish Submission to the Court, and of bitter Per-
 secution against those whom they call Church and State *Puritans*.

And *Violence* the Sword. Afflicted Years, 1010
Too-patient, felt at last their Vengeance full.

MID the low Murmurs of submissive Fear
And mingled Rage, MY HAMBDEN rais'd his Voice,
And to the *Laws* appeal'd; the Laws no more
In Judgment sat, behov'd some other Ear. 1015
When instant from the keen resentive *North*,
By long *Oppression* by *Religion* rous'd,
The *Guardian Army* came. Beneath its Wing,
Was call'd, tho' meant to furnish hostile Aid,
The *more than Roman Senate*. There a Flame 1020
Broke out, that clear'd, consum'd, renew'd the Land.
In deep Emotion hurl'd, nor *Greece*, nor *Rome*,
Indignant bursting from a Tyrant's Chain,
While, full of ME, each agitated Soul
Strung every Nerve and flam'd in every Eye, 1025
Had e'er beheld such *Light* and *Heat* combin'd!
Such

Such *Heads* and *Hearts*! Such dreadful *Zeal*, led on
 By calm majestic *Wisdom*, taught its Course
 What Nufance to devout; such *Wisdom* fir'd
 With unabating *Zeal*, and aim'd sincere 1030
 To clear the *weedy State*, restore the *Laws*,
 And for the Future to *secure* their Sway.

THIS then the Purpose of my *mildest Sons*.
 But Man is blind. A Nation once inflam'd
 (Chief, should the Breath of *faction's Fury* blow, 1035
 With the wild Rage of mad *Enthusiaſt* swell'd)
 Not eaſy cools again. From Breast to Breast,
 From Eye to Eye, the kindling Paſſions mix
 In heighten'd Blaze; and, ever wiſe and juſt,
 High HEAVEN to gracious Ends directs the Storm.
 Thus in one Conflagration BRITAIN wrapt, 1041
 And by *Confuſion's* lawleſs Sons deſpoil'd,
 KING, LORDS, and COMMONS, thundering to the
 Ground,
 Succeſſive,

Succeſſive, ruſh'd—Lo! from their Aſhes roſe,
Gay-beaming radiant Youth, the * *Phœnix-State*.

THE grievous *Yoke of Vaſſalage*, the *Yoke* 1046
Of *private Life*, lay by thoſe Flames diſſolv'd;
And, from the † *waſteful the luxurious King*,
Was purchas'd || *That* which taught the young to bend.
Stronger reſtor'd, the *Commons* tax'd the *Whole*, 1050
And built on that eternal Rock their Power.
The *Crown*, of its hereditary Wealth
Deſpoil'd, on *Senates* more dependant grew,
And they more frequent, more aſſur'd. Yet liv'd,
And in full Vigour ſpread that bitter Root, 1055
The *Paſſive Doctrines*, by their Patrons firſt
Oppos'd ferocious, when they touch themſelves.

THIS wild deluſive *Cant*; the raſh *Cabal*

Of

* At the *Reſtoration*.

† *Charles II.*

|| *Court of Wards.*

Of hungry Courtiers, ravenous for Prey ;
 The *Bigot*, restless in a double Chain 1060
 To bind anew the Land ; the constant Need
 Of finding faithless Means, of shifting Forms,
 And flattering *Senates*, to supply his Waste ;
These tore some Moments from the *careless Prince*,
 And in his Breast awak'd the *kindred Plan*. 1065
 By dangerous Softness long he min'd his Way ;
 By subtle Arts, Dissimulation deep ;
 By sharing what *Corruption* showr'd, profuse ;
 By breathing wide the gay licentious Plague,
 And pleasing Manners, fitted to deceive. 1070

AT last subsided the delirious Joy,
 On whose high Billow, from the *saintly Reign*,
 The Nation drove too far. A pension'd King,
 Against his Country brib'd by *Gallic Gold* ;
 The * *Port* pernicious fold, the *Scylla* since 1075
 And

* *Dunkirk*.

And fell *Charybdis* of the *British* Seas ;
Freedom attack'd * abroad, with furer Blow
 To cut it off at Home ; the † *Saviour-League*
 Of *Europe* broke ; the Progress even advanc'd
 Of *universal* || *Sway*, which to reduce 1080
 Such Seas of Blood and Treasure BRITAIN cost ;
 The Millions, by a generous People given,
 Or squander'd vile, or to *corrupt, disgrace*,
 And awe the Land with ‡ Forces not their own,
 Employ'd ; the darling *Church* herself betray'd ;
 All *these*, broad-glaring, ope'd the general Eye, 1086
 And wak'd *my Spirit*, the *Resisting Soul*.

MILD was, at first, and half-asham'd, the Check
 Of *Senates*, shook from the fantastic Dream
 Of absolute Submission, Tenets vile ! 1090
 Which Slaves would blush to own, and which, reduc'd

VOL. II.

M

To

* The War, in Conjunction with *France*, against the *Dutch*.

† The *Triple Alliance*. || Under *Lewis XIV*.

‡ A Standing Army, rais'd without the Consent of Parliament.

To Practice, always honest Nature shock.
 Not even the Mask remov'd, and the fierce Front
 Of Tyranny disclos'd ; nor trampled Laws ;
 Nor seiz'd each * Badge of *Freedom* thro' the Land ;
 Nor SIDNEY bleeding for th' *unpublish'd Page* ; 1096
 Nor on the Bench avow'd *Corruption* plac'd,
 And *murderous Rage* itself, in *Jefferies'* Form ;
 Nor endless Acts of *Arbitrary Power*,
 Cruel, and false, could raise the Public Arm. 1100
 Distrustful, scatter'd, of combining Chiefs
 Devoid, and dreading blind rapacious War,
 The patient Public turns not, 'till impell'd
 To the near Verge of Ruin. Hence I rous'd
 The † *Bigot King*, and hurry'd fated on 1105
 His Measures immature. But chief his Zeal,
 Out-flaming *Rome* herself, portentous scar'd
 The troubled Nation : *Mary's* horrid Days
 To Fancy bleeding rose, and the dire Glare

Of

* The Charters of Corporations.

† *James II.*

Of *Smithfield* lighten'd in its Eyes anew. 1110

Yet Silence reign'd. Each on another scowl'd

Rueful Amazement, pressing down his Rage:

As, mustering Vengeance, the deep Thunder frowns,

Awfully still, waiting the high Command

To spring. Strait from *his Country, Europe*, fav'd

To save BRITANNIA, lo! *my Darling Son*, 1115

Than Hero more! the Patriot of Mankind!

Immortal NASSAU came. I hush'd the Deep

By *Demons* rous'd, and bad the * lifted Winds,

Still shifting as behov'd, with various Breath, 1120

Waft the DELIVERER to the longing Shore.

See! wide alive, the foaming † *Channel* bright

With swelling Sails, and all the Pride of War,

M 2

Delight-

* The Prince of *Orange* in his Passage to *England*, tho' his Fleet had been at first dispers'd by a Storm, was afterwards extremely favour'd by several Changes of Wind.

† *Rapin*, in his History of *England*.—The third of *November* the Fleet entered the *Channel*, and lay by between *Calais* and *Dover*, to stay for the Ships that were behind. Here the Prince call'd a Council of War. It is easy to imagine what a glorious Show the Fleet made. Five or six hundred Ships in so narrow a Channel, and both the *English* and *French* Shores covered with numberless Spectators, are no common Sight. For my part, who was then on board the Fleet, I own it struck me extremely.

Delightful View! when *Justice* draws the Sword:
 And mark! diffusing ardent Soul around, 1125
 And sweet Contempt of Death, My streaming * Flag.
 Even adverse † Navies blest'd the binding Gale,
 Kept down the glad Acclaim, and silent joy'd.
 Arriv'd, the Pomp, and not the Waste of Arms
 His Progress mark'd. The faint-opposing || Host 1130
 For once, in yielding their best Victory found,
 And by Desertion prov'd exalted Faith;
 While his the bloodless Conquest of the Heart,
 Shouts without Groan, and Triumph without War.

THEN dawn'd *the Period* destin'd to confine 1135
 The Surge of wild *Prerogative*, to raise
 A Mound restraining its imperious Rage,
 And bid the raving Deep no farther flow.

Nor

* The Prince placed himself in the main Body, carrying a Flag
 with *English* Colours, and their Highnesses' Arms, surrounded
 with this Motto, THE PROTESTANT RELIGION AND THE LI-
 BERTIES OF ENGLAND; and underneath the Motto of the House
 of *Nassau*, JE MAINTIENDRAI, *I will maintain. Rapin.*

† The *English* Fleet.

|| The King's Army.

Nor were, without that Fence, the swallow'd *State*
 Better than *Belgian* Plains without their Dykes,
 Sustaining weighty Seas. This, often sav'd 1141
 By more than human Hand, the Public saw,
 And seiz'd the white-wing'd Moment. * Pleas'd to
 yield

Destructive Power, a wise heroic † Prince 1144
 Even lent his Aid—Thrice happy ! did they know
 Their Happiness, BRITANNIA'S BOUNDED KINGS.
 What tho' not theirs the Boast, in dungeon Gloom,
 To plunge bold *Freedom*; or, to cheerless Wilds,
 To drive him from the cordial Face of Friend;
 Or fierce to strike him at the midnight Hour, 1150
 By *Mandate blind*, not *Justice*, that delights
 To dare the keenest Eye of open Day.

What tho' no Glory to controul the Laws,
 And make *injurious Will* their only Rule,
 They deem it. What tho', Tools of wanton Power,

M 3

* By the *Bill of Rights*, and the *Act of Succession*.
 † *William III.* Pestsiferous

Pestiferous *Armies* swarm not at their Call.
 What tho' they give not a relentless Crew
 Of *Civil Furies*, proud *Oppression's* Fangs!
 To tear at pleasure the dejected Land,
 With starving Labour pampering idle Waste. 1160
 To clothe the Naked, feed the Hungry, wipe
 The guiltless Tear from lone Affliction's Eye;
 To raise hid *Merit*, set th' alluring Light
 Of *Virtue* high to View ; to nourish *Arts*,
 Direct the *Thunder* of an injur'd *State*, 1165
 Make a whole glorious People sing for Joy,
 Bless Human-Kind, and thro' the downward Depth
 Of future Times to spread *that better Sun*
 Which lights up *British Soul*: for Deeds like *These*,
 The dazling fair Career unbounded lies; 1170
 While (still superior Bliss!) the dark Abrupt
 Is kindly barr'd, the Precipice of Ill.
 Oh Luxury divine! Oh poor to this,

Ye giddy Glories of *Despotic* Thrones!

By *this*, by *this indeed*, is imag'd HEAVEN, 1175

By boundless Good without the Power of Ill.

AND now behold ! exalted as the Cope
That swells immense o'er many-peopled Earth,
And like it free, MY FABRICK stands compleat,
The PALACE OF THE LAWS. To the four Heavens
Four Gates impartial thrown, unceasing Crouds, 1181
With Kings themselves the hearty Peasant mix'd,
Pour urgent in. And tho' to different Ranks
Responsive Place belongs, yet equal spreads
The sheltering Roof o'er all; while Plenty flows, 1185
And glad Contentment echoes round the Whole.
Ye Floods descend ! Ye Winds, *confirming*, blow !
Nor outward Tempest, nor corrosive Time,
Nought but the felon undermining Hand
Of dark CORRUPTION, can its Frame dissolve,
And lay the Toil of Ages in the Dust. 1191

THE
PROSPECT:
Being the FIFTH PART of
LIBERTY.
A
POEM.

The CONTENTS of PART V.

AUthor addresses the GODDESS of LIBERTY, marking the Happiness and Grandeur of GREAT-BRITAIN, as arising from HER Influence; to Ver. 88. SHE resumes HER Discourse, and points out the chief VIRTUES which are necessary to maintain HER ESTABLISHMENT there; to Ver. 374. Recommends, as ITS last Ornament and Finishing, SCIENCES, FINE ARTS, and PUBLIC WORKS. The Encouragement of These urged from the Example of France, tho' under a Despotic Government; to Ver. 549. The Whole concludes with a PROSPECT of future Times, given by the GODDESS of LIBERTY: this described by the Author, as it passes in VISION before him.



LIBERTY.

PART V.

HERE interposing, as the GODDESS paus'd,—
“ Oh blest BRITANNIA! in THY Presence
blest,

“ THOU Guardian of Mankind! whence spring, alone,

“ All human Grandeur, Happiness and Fame :

“ For Toil, by THEE protected, feels no Pain ; 5

“ The poor Man's Lot with Milk and Honey flows ;

“ And, gilded with thy Rays, even Death looks gay.

“ Let other Lands the potent Blessings boast

“ Of more exalting Suns. Let *Asia's* Woods,

“ Untended, yield the vegetable Fleece :

10

And

- " And let the little Insect-Artist form,
 " On higher Life intent, its filken Tomb.
 " Let wondering Rocks, in radiant Birth, disclose,
 " The various-tinctur'd Children of the Sun.
 " From the prone Beam let more delicious Fruits 15
 " A Flavour drink, that in one piercing Taste
 " Bids each combine. Let *Gallic* Vineyards burst
 " With Floods of Joy, with mild balsamic Juice
 " The *Tuscan* Olive. Let *Arabia* breathe
 " Her spicy Gales, her vital Gums distil. 20
 " Turbid with Gold, let *southern* Rivers flow ;
 " And *orient* Floods draw soft, o'er Pearls, their Maze.
 " Let *Afric* vaunt her Treasures; let *Peru*,
 " Deep in her Bowels her own Ruin breed,
 " The yellow Traitor that her Bliss betray'd,— 25
 " Unequall'd Bliss! —and to unequall'd Rage!
 " Yet nor the gorgeous *East*, nor golden *South*,
 " Nor, in full Prime, that *new-discover'd World*,

Where

“ Where flames the falling Day, in Wealth and Praise,
“ Shall with BRITANNIA vie, while, GODDESS, she
“ Derives her Praise from THEE, her matchless Charms.
“ Her hearty Fruits the Hand of *Freedom* own;
“ And, warm with Culture, her thick-clustering Fields
“ Prolific teem. Eternal Verdure crowns
“ Her Meads; her Gardens smile eternal Spring. 35
“ She gives the Hunter-Horse, unquell'd by Toil,
“ Ardent, to rush into the rapid Chace:
“ She, whitening o'er her Downs, diffusive, pours
“ Unnumber'd Flocks: She weaves the fleecy Robe,
“ That wraps the Nations: She, to lusty Droves, 40
“ The richest Pasture spreads; and, Her's, deep-wave
“ Autumnal Seas of pleasing Plenty round.
“ These her Delights: and by no baneful Herb,
“ No darting Tyger, no grim Lion's Glare,
“ No fierce-descending Wolf, no Serpent roll'd 45
“ In Spires immense progressive o'er the Land,
“ Disturb'd,

" Disturb'd. Enlivening These, add Cities, full
 " Of Wealth, of Trade, of chearful toiling Crouds:
 " Add thriving Towns: add Villages and Farms,
 " Innumerable sow'd along the lively Vale, 50
 " Where bold unrival'd Peasants happy dwell:
 " Add ancient Seats, with venerable Oaks
 " Embosom'd high, while kindred Floods below
 " Wind thro' the Mead; and Those of modern Hand,
 " More pompous, add, that splendid shine afar: 55
 " Need I her limpid Lakes, her Rivers name,
 " Where swarm the finny Race? Thee, chief, O
 Thames!
 " On whose each Tide, glad with returning Sails,
 " Flows in the mingled Harvest of Mankind?
 " And thee, thou *Severn*, whose prodigious Swell,
 " And Waves, resounding, imitate the Main? 61
 " Why need I name her deep capacious Ports,
 " That point around the World? And why her Seas?
 " All Ocean is her own, and every Land

" To

“ To whom her ruling Thunder Ocean bears. 65
“ She too the Mineral feeds: th’ obedient Lead,
“ The Warlike Iron, nor the Peaceful less,
“ Forming of Life art-civiliz’d the Bond ;
“ And * *That* the *Tyrian* Merchant sought of old,
“ Not dreaming then of BRITAIN’s brighter Fame.
“ She rears to *Freedom* an undaunted Race:
“ Compatriot zealous, hospitable, kind,
“ Her’s the warm CAMBRIAN: Her’s the lofty SCOT,
“ To Hardship tam’d, active in Arts and Arms,
“ Fir’d with a restless an impatient Flame, 75
“ That leads him raptur’d where Ambition calls:
“ And ENGLISH MERIT Her’s; where meet,
 combin’d,
“ Whate’er high Fancy, sound judicious Thought,
“ An ample generous Heart, undrooping Soul,
“ And firm tenacious Valour can bestow. 80
“ Great Nurse of Fruits, of Flocks, of Commerce, SHE!
“ Great Nurse of Men! by THEE, O GODDESS, taught,
 “ Her

* Tin.

" Her old Renown I trace, disclose her Source

" Of Wealth, of Grandeur, and to BRITONS sing

" A Strain the *Musès* never touch'd before." 85

" BUT *how shall this* THY mighty KINGDOM stand?

" On *what unyielding Base?* *how finish'd shine?*"

AT this HER Eye, collecting all its Fire,

Beam'd more than human; and HER awful Voice,

Majestic thus SHE rais'd—" TO BRITONS bear

" This closing Strain, and with intenser Note 91

" Loud let it sound in their awaken'd Ear."

ON VIRTUE *can alone* MY KINGDOM stand,

On PUBLIC VIRTUE, EVERY VIRTUE JOIN'D.

For, lost this social Cement of Mankind, 95

The greatest Empires, by scarce-felt Degrees,

Will moulder soft away; 'till, tottering loose,

They prone at last to total Ruin rush.

Unblest

Unblest by VIRTUE, *Government a League*
Becomes, a *circling Junto of the Great*, 100
To rob by Law; *Religion mild a Yoke*
To tame the stooping Soul, a *Trick of State*
To mask their Rapine, and to share the Prey.
What are without IT *Senates*, save a Face
Of Consultation deep and Reason free, 105
While the determin'd Voice and Heart are sold?
What boasted *Freedom*, save a sounding Name?
And what *Election*, but a Market vile
Of Slaves self-barter'd? VIRTUE! without THEE,
There is no ruling Eye, no Nerve, in States; 110
War has no Vigour, and no Safety Peace:
Even Justice warps to Party, Laws oppress,
Wide thro' the Land their weak Protection fails,
First broke the Ballance, and then scorn'd the Sword.
Thus Nations sink, Society dissolves; 115
Rapine and Guile and Violence break loose,
VOL. II. N Everting

Everting Life, and turning Love to Gall;
 Man hates the Face of Man, and *Indian* Woods
 And *Lybia's* hissing Sands to him are tame.

By those THREE VIRTUES be the Frame sustain'd,
 Of BRITISH FREEDOM: INDEPENDENT LIFE;
 INTEGRITY IN OFFICE; and, o'er all
 Supreme, A PASSION FOR THE COMMON-WEAL.

HAIL! INDEPENDANCE, hail! HEAVEN's next
 best Gift,

To that of Life and an immortal Soul! 126

The Life of Life! that to the Banquet high
 And sober Meal gives taste; to the bow'd Roof
 Fair-dream'd Repose, and to the Cottage Charms.
 Of *public Freedom*, hail, thou *secret Source*!

Whose Streams, from every Quarter confluent, form
 My *better Nile*, that nurses human Life. 131

By Rills from Thee deduc'd, irriguous, fed,

The

The *private Field* looks gay, with *Nature's* Wealth
Abundant flows, and blooms with each Delight
That *Nature* craves. Its happy Master there, 135
The ONLY FREE-MAN, walks his pleasing Round:
Sweet-featur'd *Peace* attending; fearless *Truth*;
Firm *Resolution*; *Goodness*, blessing all
That can rejoice; *Contentment*, surest Friend;
And, still fresh Stores from *Nature's* Book deriv'd,
Philosophy, Companion ever-new. 141
These cheer his rural, and sustain or fire,
When into Action call'd, his busy Hours.
Mean time *true-judging moderate Desires*,
Oeconomy and *Taste*, combin'd, direct 145
His clear Affairs, and from *debauching Fiends*
Secure his little Kingdom. Nor can Those
Whom *Fortune* heaps, without *these Virtues*, reach
That Truce with Pain, that animated Ease,
That Self-Enjoyment springing from within, 150

That INDEPENDANCE, active, or retir'd,
 Which make the soundest Bliss of Man below :
 But, lost beneath the Rubbish of their Means,
 And drain'd by Wants to *Nature* all unknown,
 A wandering, tasteless, gaily-wretched Train, 155
 Tho' rich, are Beggars, and tho' noble, Slaves.

Lo! damn'd to Wealth, at what a gross Expence,
 They purchase Disappointment, Pain and Shame.
 Instead of hearty hospitable Chear,

See! how the Hall with brutal Riot flows ; 160
 While in the foaming Flood, fermenting, steep'd,
 The Country maddens into Party-Rage.

Mark ! those disgraceful Piles of Wood and Stone ;
 Those Parks and Gardens, where, his Haunts be-
 trimm'd,

And *Nature* by presumptuous *Art* oppress'd, 165
 The *woodland Genius* mourns. See! the full Board
 That steams Disgust, and Bowls that give no Joy:

No

No *Truth* invited there, to feed the Mind ;
Nor *Wit*, the Wine rejoicing Reason quaffs.
Hark! how the Dome with *Insolence* resounds, 170
With those retain'd by *Vanity* to scare
Repose and Friends. To tyrant *Fashion* mark!
The costly Worship paid, to the broad Gaze
Of Fools. From still delusive Day to Day,
Led an eternal Round of Lying Hope, 175
See! self-abandon'd, how they roam adrift,
Dash'd o'er the Town, a miserable Wreck !
Then to adore some warbling Eunuch turn'd,
With *Midas'* Ears they croud ; or to the Buzz
Of Masquerade unblushing : or, to show 180
Their Scorn of *Nature*, at the Tragic Scene
They mirthful fit, or prove the Comic true.
But, chief, behold! around the rattling Board,
The civil Robbers rang'd ; and even the Fair,
The tender Fair, each Sweetness laid aside, 185

As fierce for Plunder as all-licens'd Troops
 At some sack'd City. Thus dissolv'd their Wealth,
 Without one generous Luxury dissolv'd,
 Or quarter'd on it many a needless Want,
 At the throng'd Levee bends the venal Tribe : 190
 With fair but faithless Smiles each varnish'd o'er,
 Each smooth as Those that mutually deceive,
 And for their Falshood each despising each ;
 'Till shook their Patron by the wintry Winds,
 Wide flies the wither'd Shower, and leaves him bare.
 O far superior *Afric's* fable Sons, 196
 By Merchant pilfer'd, to these *willing Slaves* !
 And, rich, as unsqueez'd Favourite, to them,
 Is he who can his *Virtue* boast alone !

BRUTONS! be firm!—nor let *Corruption* fly 200
 Twine round your Heart indissoluble Chains!
 The Steel of BRUTUS burst the grosser Bonds
 By

By *Cæsar* cast o'er ROME ; but still remain'd
The soft enchanting Fetters of the Mind,
And *other Cæsars* rose. *Determin'd*, hold 205
Your INDEPENDANCE ; for, *That* once destroy'd,
Unfounded, FREEDOM is a morning Dream,
That flits aerial from the spreading Eye.

FORBID it HEAVEN ! that ever I need urge
INTEGRITY IN OFFICE ON MY SONS ; 210
Inculcate common Honour——not to rob——
And whom ?——the gracious the confiding Hand,
That lavishly rewards ; the toiling Poor,
Whose Cup with many a bitter Drop is mixt ;
The Guardian Public ; every Face they see, 215
And every Friend ; nay, in Effect, themselves,
As in familiar Life, the Villain's Fate
Admits no Cure ; so, when a desperate Age
At *This* arrives, I the devoted Race

Indignant spurn, and hopeless soar away.

220

BUT, ah too little known to modern Times !
 Be not the noblest Passion past unsung ;
 That Ray peculiar, from UNBOUNDED LOVE.
 Effus'd, which kindles the heroic Soul ;
 DEVOTION TO THE PUBLIC. Glorious Flame !
 Celestial Ardor ! in what unknown Worlds, 226
 Profusely scatter'd thro' the blue Immense,
 Hast *Thou* been blessing Myriads, since in ROME,
 Old virtuous ROME, so many deathless Names
 From *Thee* their Lustre drew? since, taught by *Thee*,
 Their Poverty put Splendor to the Blush, 231
 Pain grew luxurious, and even Death Delight?
 O wilt *Thou* ne'er, in *thy* long Period, look,
 With Blaze direct, on this MY *last Retreat* ?

'TIS not enough, from *Self* right understood 235
 Reflected, that *thy* Rays inflame the Heart :

Tho'

Tho' VIRTUE not disdains Appeals to *Self*,
Dreads not the Trial; all her Joys are true,
Nor is there any real Joy save Her's.

Far less the tepid the declaiming Race, 240
Foes to *Corruption*, to it's Wages Friends,
Or those whom private Passions, for a while,
Beneath MY Standard list, can *they* suffice
To raise and fix the Glory of MY REIGN?

AN active Flood of *universal Love* 245
Must swell the Breast. First, in Effusion wide,
The restless Spirit roves Creation round,
And seizes *every Being*: Stronger then
It tends to *Life*, whate'er the kindred Search
Of Bliss allys: then, more collected still, 250
It urges *Human-kind*: a Passion grown,
At last, the central *Parent-Public* calls
It's utmost Effort forth, awakes each Sense,

The

The Comely, Grand and Tender. Without This
 This awful Pant, shook from sublimer Powers 255
 Than those of *Self*, this HEAVEN-infus'd Delight,
 This *moral Gravitation*, rushing prone
 To press the *public Good*, MY System soon,
 Traverse, to several *selfish* Centers drawn,
 Will reel to Ruin: while for ever shut 260
 Stand the bright Portals of desponding *Fame*.

FROM *fordid Self* shoot up no shining Deeds,
 None of those ancient Lights, that gladden Earth,
 Give Grace to Being, and arouse the Brave
 To *just Ambition*, VIRTUE's quickening Fire! 265
 Life tedious grows, an idly-bustling Round,
 Fill'd up with Actions animal and mean,
 A dull Gazette! Th' impatient Reader scorns
 The poor historic Page; 'till kindly comes
 Oblivion, and redeems a People's Shame. 270

Not

Not so the Times when, Emulation-stung,
GREECE shone in *Genius*, *Science*, and in *Arts*,
And ROME in *Virtues* dreadful to be told!
To live was Glory *then*! and charm'd Mankind,
Thro' the deep Periods of devolving Time, 275
Those, raptur'd, copy; *These*, astonish'd, read.

TRUE, a *corrupted State*, with every Vice
And every Meanness foul, *this Passion* damps.
Who can, unshock'd, behold the cruel Eye?
The pale inveigling Smile? The ruffian Front? 280
The Wretch abandon'd to relentless Self,
Equally vile if Miser or Profuse?
Powers not of God, assiduous to *corrupt*?
The fell deputed Tyrant, who devours
The Poor and Weak, * at distance from Redress?

Delirious

* Lord MOLESWORTH in his Account of *Denmark* says,—It is observed, that in limited Monarchies and Commonwealths, a Neighbourhood to the Seat of the Government is advantageous to the Subjects; whilst the distant Provinces are less thriving, and more liable to Oppression.

Delirious Faction bellowing loud My Name ?
The false fair-seeming Patriot's hollow Boast ?
A Race resolv'd on Bondage, fierce for Chains,
My sacred Rights a Merchandize alone
Esteeming, and to work their Feeder's Will 290
By Deeds, a Horror to Mankind, prepar'd,
As were the *Dregs of Romulus* of old ?
Who *These* indeed can undetesting see ?—
But who unpitying ? To the generous Eye
Distress is *Virtue* ; and, tho' Self-betray'd, 295
A People struggling with their Fate must rouse
The Hero's Throb. Nor can a Land, at once,
Be lost to *Virtue* quite. How glorious then !
Fit Luxury for Gods ! to save the Good,
Protect the Feeble, dash bold Vice aside, 300
Depress the Wicked, and restore the Frail.
Posterity, besides, the Young are pure,
And Sons may tinge their Father's Cheek with Shame.

SHOULD

SHOULD then the Times arrive (which HEAVEN
avert!)

That BRITONS bend unnerv'd, not by the Force 305
Of Arms, more generous, and more manly, quell'd,
But by *Corruption's* Soul-dejecting Arts,
Arts impudent! and gross! by *their own* Gold,
In Part bestow'd, to *bribe* them to give *All*.

With *Party* raging, or immers'd in *Sloth*, 310
Should they BRITANNIA's well-fought Laurels yield
To *slily conquering Gaul*; even from her Brow
Let *her own Naval Oak* be basely torn,
By such as tremble at the stiffening Gale,
And nerveless sink while others sing rejoic'd. 315
Or (darker Prospect! scarce one Gleam behind
Disclosing) should the broad *corruptive Plague*
Breathe from the City to the farthest Hut,
That sits serene within the Forest-Shade;
The fever'd People fire, inflame their Wants, 320
And their luxurious Thirst, so gathering Rage,
That,

That, were a Buyer found, they stand *prepar'd*
 To sell their Birthright for a cooling Draught.
 Should *shameless Pens* for *plain Corruption* plead ;
 The hir'd Assassins of the Commonweal ! 325
 Deem'd the declaiming Rant of GREECE and ROME,
 Should *Public Virtue* grow the *Public Scoff*,
 'Till *Private*, failing, *flaggers thro'* the Land :
 'Till round the City loose *mechanic Want*,
 Dire-prowling nightly, makes the chearful Haunts
 Of Men more hideous than *Numidian Wilds*, 331
 Nor from its Fury sleeps the Vale in Peace ;
 And *Murders, Horrors, Perjuries* abound:
 Nay, 'till to lowest Deeds the Highest stoop ; 334
 The Rich, like starving Wretches, thirst for Gold ;
 And those, on whom the vernal Showers of HEAVEN
 All-bounteous fall, and that *prime Lot* bestow,
 A Power to live to *Nature* and *Themselves*,
 In sick Attendance wear their anxious Days,
 With

With Fortune, joyless, and with Honours, mean.
Meantime, perhaps, *Profusion* flows around, 341
The *Waste of War*, without the *Works of Peace* ;
No Mark of Millions in the Gulph absorpt
Of *uncreating Vice*, none but the Rage
Of *rouz'd Corruption* still demanding more. 345
That very Portion, which (by faithful Skill
Employ'd) might make the smiling Public rear
Her ornamented Head, drill'd thro' the Hands
Of *mercenary Tools*, serves but to nurse
A Locust-Band within, and in the Bud 350
Leaves starv'd each Work of Dignity and Use.

I paint the worst. But should these Times arrive,
If any *nobler Passion* yet remain,
Let all my *Sons* all *Parties* fling aside,
Despise their *Nonsense*, and together join ; 355
Let *Worth* and *Virtue* scorning low Despair,

Exerted

Exerted full, from every Quarter shine,
 Commix'd in heighten'd Blaze. Light flash'd to Light,
 Moral, or Intellectual, more intense
 By giving glows. As on poor Winter's Eve, 360
 Gradual, the Stars effulge; fainter, at first,
 They, straggling, rise; but when the radiant Host,
 In thick Profusion pour'd, shine out immense,
 Each casting vivid Influence on each,
 From Pole to Pole a glittering Deluge plays, 365
 And Worlds above rejoice, and Men below.

BUT why to BRITONS this superfluous Strain?—
 Good-nature, honest Truth even somewhat blunt,
 Of crooked Baseness an indignant Scorn,
 A Zeal unyielding in their Country's Cause, 370
 And ready Bounty, wont to dwell with them—
 Nor only wont—Wide o'er the Land diffus'd,
 In many a blest Retirement still they dwell.

To softer Prospect turn we now the View, 374
To laurel'd SCIENCE, ARTS, and PUBLIC WORKS,
That lend MY FINISH'D FABRIC comely Pride,
Grandeur and Grace. Of fullen Genius he!
Curs'd by the *Muses*! by the *Graces* loath'd!
Who deems beneath the Public's high Regard
These last enlivening Touches of MY Reign. 380
However puff'd with Power, and gorg'd with Wealth,
A Nation be; let Trade enormous rise,
Let *East* and *South* their mingled Treasure pour,
'Till, swell'd impetuous, the *corrupting Flood*
Burst o'er the City and devour the Land: 385
Yet *These* neglected, *These* recording Arts,
Wealth rots, a Nuisance; and, oblivious, sunk,
That Nation must another *Carthage* lie.
If not by *Them*, on monumental Brass,
On sculptur'd Marble, on the deathless Page, 390
Imprest, Renown had left no Trace behind:

In vain, to future Times, the Sage had thought,
 The Legislator plann'd, the Hero found
 A beauteous Death, the Patriot toil'd in vain.
 Th' Awarders *They* of *Fame's* immortal Wreath,
They rouse Ambition, *they* the Mind exalt, 396
 Give great Ideas, lovely Forms infuse,
 Delight the general Eye, and, drest by *Them*,
 The *moral Venus* glows with double Charms.

SCIENCE, MY close Associate, still attends 400
 Where-e'er I go. Sometimes, in simple Guise,
She walks the Furrow with the *Consul-Swain*,
 Whispering unletter'd Wisdom to the Heart,
 Direct; or, sometimes, in the pompous Robe
 Of *Fancy* drest, *She* charms *Athenian Wits*,
 And a whole sapient City round *Her* burns.
 Then o'er *her* Brow MINERVA's Terrors nod:
 With XENOPHON, sometimes, in dire Extremes,
She

She breathes deliberate Soul, and makes * *Retreat*
 Unequall'd Glory : with the *Theban* Sage, 410
 EPAMINONDAS, *First* and *Best* of Men !
 Sometimes *She* bids the deep-embattled Host,
 Above the vulgar Reach, resistless form'd,
 March to sure Conquest——never gain'd before! †
 Nor on the treacherous Seas of giddy State 415
 Unskilful *She* : when the triumphant Tide
 Of high-swoln *Empire* wears one boundless Smile,
 And the Gale tempts to new Pursuits of Fame,
 Sometimes, with SCIPIO, *She* collects her Sail,
 And seeks the blissful Shore of rural Ease, 420
 Where, but th' *Aonian Maids*, no *Syréns* sing,
 Or should the deep-brew'd Tempest muttering rise,
 While Rocks and Shoals perfidious lurk around,

O 2

With

* The famous *Retreat of the Ten Thousand* was chiefly conducted by XENOPHON.

† *Epaminondas*, after having beat the *Lacedæmonians* and their Allies, in the Battle of *Leuctra*, made an Incursion at the head of a powerful Army, into *Laconia*. It was now six hundred Years since the *Dorians* had possessed this Country, and in all that time the Face of an Enemy had not been seen within their Territories. *Plutarch* in *Agefilaus*.

With TULLY *She* her wide-reviving Light
 To *Senates* holds, a *Catiline* confounds, 425
 And saves awhile from *Cæsar* sinking ROME.
 Such the kind Power, whose piercing Eye dissolves
 Each *mental Fetter*, and sets *Reason* free;
 For ME inspiring an *enlighten'd Zeal*,
 The more tenacious as the more convinc'd 430
 How happy *Freemen*, and how wretched *Slaves*.
 To BRITONS not unknown, to BRITONS full
 The GODDESS spreads her Stores, the secret Soul
 That quickens Trade, the Breath unseen that wafts
 To them the Treasures of a *ballanc'd World*. 435
 But FINER ARTS (save what the MUSE has sung
 In daring Flight, above all modern Wing)
 Neglected droop the Head; and PUBLIC WORKS,
 Broke by *Corruption* into *private Gain*,
 Not ornament, disgrace, not serve, destroy. 440

SHALL

SHALL BRITONS, by their own JOINT WISDOM
rul'd

Beneath one ROYAL HEAD, whose vital Power
Connects, enlivens and exerts the WHOLE ;
In FINER ARTS, and PUBLIC WORKS, shall *They*
To *Gallia* yield ?—yield to a Land that bends, 445
Deprest, and broke, beneath the Will of *One* ?
Of *One*—who, should th' unkingly Thirst of Gold,
Or tyrant Passions, or Ambition, prompt,
Calls *Locust-Armies* o'er the blasted Land :
Drains from its thirsty Bounds the Springs of Wealth,
His own insatiate Reservoir to fill : 451
To the lone Desert *Patriot-Merit* frowns,
Or into Dungeons *Arts*, when *They*, their Chains,
Indignant, bursting, for their nobler Works 454
All other *Licence* scorn but TRUTH's and MINE.
Oh shame to think ! shall BRITONS, in the Field
Unconquer'd still, the better *Laurel* lose ?
Even in *that* * *Monarch's* Reign, who vainly dreamt,

O 3

By

* *Lewis XIV.*

By giddy Power, betray'd, and flatter'd Pride,
 To grasp *unbounded Sway* ; while, swarming round,
 His Armies dar'd all *Europe* to the Field ; 461
 To hostile Hands while Treasure flow'd profuse,
 And, that great Source of Treasure, Subjects' Blood,
 Inhuman squander'd, sicken'd every Land ;
 From BRITAIN, chief, while MY *superior Sons*,
 In Vengeance rushing, dash'd his idle Hopes, 466
 And bad his agonizing Heart be low :
 Even *then*, as in the golden Calm of Peace,
 What PUBLIC WORKS, at home, what ARTS arose!
 What various SCIENCE shone! what GENIUS glow'd!
 'Tis not for ME to paint, diffusive shot 471
 O'er fair Extents of Land, the shining Road ;
 The Flood-compelling Arch ; the long * Canal,
 Thro' Mountains piercing and uniting Seas ;

The

* The Canal of *Languedoc*.

The * Dome resounding sweet with Infant Joy,
From Famine sav'd, or cruel-handed Shame, 476
And † *That* where *Valour* counts his noble Scars ;
The Land where *social Pleasure* loves to dwell,
Of the fierce *Demon, Gothic Duel*, freed ;
The Robber from his farthest Forest chas'd ; 480
The turbid City clear'd, and, by Degrees,
Into sure Peace the best Police refin'd,
Magnificence, and Grace, and decent Joy.
Let *Gallic* Bards record, how honour'd ARTS,
And SCIENCE, by despotic Bounty blest'd, 485
At Distance flourish'd from MY PARENT-EYE.
Restoring ancient Taste, how BOILEAU rose.
How the big ROMAN Soul shook, in CORNEILLE,
The trembling Stage. In elegant RACINE; 489
How the more powerful tho' more humble Voice
Of Nature-painting GREECE, resistless, breath'd
The whole-awaken'd Heart. How MOLIERE'S Scene,

O 4

Chastis'd

* † The Hospitals for Foundlings and Invalids.

Chastis'd and regular, with well-judg'd Wit,
 Not scatter'd wild, and native Humour, grac'd,
 Was Life itself. To public Honours rais'd, 495
 How Learning in warm * Seminaries spread ;
 And, more for Glory than the small Reward,
 How Emulation strove. How their pure Tongue
 Almost obtain'd what was deny'd their Arms. 499
 From *Rome*, awhile, how PAINTING, courted long,
 With *POUSSIN* came ; *Ancient Design*, that lifts
 A fairer Front, and looks another Soul.
 How the kind † *Art*, that, of unvalu'd Price,
 The fam'd and *only* Picture, easy, gives,
 Refin'd her Touch, and, thro' the shadow'd Piece,
 All the live Spirit of the Painter pour'd. 506
 Coyest of *Arts*, how *Sculpture* northward deign'd
 A Look, and bad her *GIRARDON* arise.
 How *lavish Grandeur* blaz'd ; the barren Waste,
 Astonish'd,

* The Academies of *Sciences*, of the *Belles Lettres* and of *Painting*.
 † Engraving.

Astonish'd, saw the sudden Palace swell, 510
And Fountains spout amid it's arid Shades.
For Leagues, bright Vistas opening to the View,
How Forests in majestic Gardens smil'd.
How *menial Arts*, by their *gay Sisters* taught,
Wove the deep Flower, the blooming Foliage train'd
In joyous Figures o'er the filky Lawn, 516
The Palace chear'd, illum'd the Story'd Wall,
And with the Pencil vy'd the glowing Loom *.

THESE Laurels, LOUIS, by the Droppings rais'd
Of thy Profusion, it's Dishonour shade, 520
And, green thro' future Times, shall bind thy Brow;
While the vain Honours of perfidious War
Wither abhorr'd, or in Oblivion lost.
With what prevailing Vigour had they shot,
And stole a deeper Root, by the full Tide 525
Of War-funk Millions fed? Superiour still,
How

* The Tapestry of the *Gobelins*.

How had they branch'd luxuriant to the Skies,
 In BRITAIN planted, by the potent Juice
 Of *Freedom* swell'd? Forc'd is the Bloom of ARTS,
 A false uncertain Spring, when *Bounty* gives, 530
 Weak without ME, a transitory Gleam.
 Fair shine the slippery Days, enticing Skies
 Of Favour smile, and courtly Breezes blow;
 'Till ARTS, betray'd, trust to the flattering Air
 Their tender Blossom:—then malignant rise 535
 The Blights of *Envy*, of those Insect-Clouds,
 That, blasting *Merit*, often cover *Courts*:
 Nay, should, perchance, some kind MÆCENAS aid
 The doubtful Beamings of his PRINCE'S Soul,
 His wav'ring Ardor fix, and unconfin'd 540
 Diffuse his warm Beneficence around;
 Yet Death, at last, and wintry Tyrants come,
 Each Sprig of *Genius* killing at the Root.
 But when with ME IMPERIAL BOUNTY joins,
 Wide

Wide o'er the Public blows eternal Spring; 545

While mingled Autumn every Harvest pours

Of every Land; whate'er *Invention, Art,*

Creating Toil and *Nature* can produce.

HERE ceas'd the GODDESS; and HER ardent Wings,
Dipt in the Colours of the heavenly Bow, 550

Stood waving Radiance round, for sudden Flight

Prepar'd, when thus, impatient, burst my Prayer.

“ Oh forming Light of Life! Oh better Sun!

“ Sun of Mankind! by whom the cloudy *North,*

“ Sublim'd, not envies *Languedocian Skies,* 555

“ That, unstain'd Æther all, diffusive smile:

“ *When shall we call these ancient Laurels Ours?*

“ *And when THY WORK complete?*” Strait with

HER Hand,

Celestial red, SHE touch'd my darken'd Eyes.

As at the Touch of Day the Shades dissolve, 560

So quick, methought, the misty Circle clear'd,

That

That dims the Dawn of Being here below :
 The Future shone disclos'd, and, in long View,
 Bright rising Æras instant rush'd to Light.

“ THEY come! GREAT GODDESS! I the TIMES
 behold! 565

“ The TIMES our Fathers, in the bloody Field,
 “ Have earn'd so dear, and, not with less Renown,
 “ In the warm Struggles of the Senate-Fight.
 “ The TIMES I see! whose Glory to supply,
 “ For toiling Ages, *Commerce* round the World 570
 “ Has wing'd unnumber'd Sails, and from each Land
 “ Materials heap'd, that, well-employ'd, with ROME
 “ Might vie our *Grandeur*, and with GREECE our *Art*.

“ LO! PRINCES I behold! contriving still, 574
 “ And still conducting firm some brave Design;
 “ KINGS! that the narrow joyless Circle scorn,
 “ Burst the Blockade of false designing Men,

- “ Of treacherous Smiles, of Adulation fell,
“ And of the blinding Clouds around them thrown :
“ Their Court rejoicing Millions; *Worth*, alone, 580
“ And *Virtue* dear to them; their best Delight,
“ In just Proportion, to give general Joy ;
“ Their jealous Care THY KINGDOM to maintain ;
“ The public Glory Theirs; unsparing Love 584
“ Their endless Treasure; and their Deeds their Praise.
“ With THEE They work. Nought can resist YOUR
Force :
“ *Life* feels it quickening in her dark Retreats :
“ Strong spread the Blooms of *Genius*, *Science*, *Art* ;
“ His bashful Bounds disclosing *Merit* breaks ;
“ And, big with Fruits of *Glory*, *Virtue* blows 590
“ Expansive o’er the Land. Another Race
“ Of GENEROUS YOUTH, of PATRIOT-SIRES, I feel
“ Not those vain Insects fluttering in the Blaze
“ Of Court and Ball and Play ; those venal Souls,
“ *Corruption*’s veteran unrelenting Bands, 595
That,

“ That, to their Vices Slaves, can ne’er be free.

“ I see the FOUNTAIN’S purg’d! whence Life
derives

“ A clear or turbid Flow; see the young Mind

“ Not fed impure by Chance, by Flattery fool’d,

“ Or by scholastic Jargon bloated proud, 600

“ But fill’d and nourish’d by the Light of Truth.

“ Then beam’d thro’ Fancy the refining Ray,

“ And pouring on the Heart, the Passions feel

“ At once informing Light and moving Flame;

“ ’Till moral, public, graceful Action crowns 605

“ The Whole. Behold! the fair Contention glows,

“ In all that Mind or Body can adorn,

“ And form to Life. Instead of barren Heads,

“ Barbarian Pedants, wrangling Sons of Pride,

“ And Truth-perplexing metaphysic Wits, 610

“ Men, Patriots, Chiefs and Citizens are form’d.

“ Lo!

“ Lo! JUSTICE, like the liberal Light of Heaven,
“ *Unpurchas'd* shines on All, and from her Beam,
“ Appalling Guilt, retire the savage Crew, 614
“ That prowl amid the Darkness they themselves
“ Have thrown around the Laws. *Oppression* grieves,
“ See! how her *Legal Furies* bite the Lip,
“ While YORKS and TALBOTS their deep Snares
“ detect,
“ And seize swift Justice thro' the Clouds they raise.
“ See! social LABOUR lifts his *guarded* Head,
“ And Men not yield to Government in vain. 621
“ From the *sure* Land is rooted ruffian Force,
“ And, the lewd Nurse of Villains, idle Waste ;
“ Lo! raz'd their Haunts, down dash'd their
“ maddening Bowl,
“ A Nation's Poison! Beauteous Order reigns! 625
“ Manly Submission, unimposing Toil,
“ Trade without Guile, Civility that marks
“ From the foul Herd of brutal Slaves THY Sons,
“ And

- " And fearless Peace. Or should affronting War
 " To slow but dreadful Vengeance rouse the Just,
 " Unfailing *Fields of Freemen* I behold! 631
 " That know, with their own proper Arm, to guard
 " Their own blest Isle against a leaguings World.
 " Despairing *Gaul* her boiling Youth restrains,
 " Dissolv'd her Dream of *Universal Sway*: 635
 " The Winds and Seas are BRITAIN'S wide Domain;
 " AND not a Sail, but by Permission, spreads.

 " Lo! swarming southward on rejoicing Suns,
 " Gay COLONIES extend; the calm Retreat
 " Of undeserv'd Distress, the better Home 640
 " Of Those whom *Bigots* chase from foreign Lands:
 " Not built on *Rapine, Servitude and Woe*,
 " And, in their turn some petty Tyrant's Prey;
 " But, bound by *social Freedom*, firm they rise;
 " Such as, of late, an OGLETHORPE has form'd,
 " And

“ And, crouding round, the charm’d *Savannah* fees,

“ HORRID with Want and Misery, no more
“ Our Streets the tender Passenger afflict.
“ Nor shivering Age, nor Sicknefs without Friend,
“ Or Home, or Bed to bear his burning Load, 650
“ Nor agonizing Infant, that ne’er earn’d
“ Its guiltless Pangs, I see! The Stores, profuse,
“ Which *British Bounty* has to These assign’d,
“ No more the sacrilegious Riot swell
“ Of Cannibal Devourers! Right apply’d, 655
“ No starving Wretch the Land of *Freedom* stains:
“ If poor, Employment finds; if old demands,
“ If sick, if maim’d, his miserable Due;
“ And will, if young, repay the fondest Care.
“ Sweet sets the Sun of stormy Life, and sweet 660
“ The Morning shines, in *Mercy’s* Dews array’d.
“ Lo! how they rise! THESE FAMILIES OF HEAVEN!

“ * *That!* chief, (but why—ye *Bigots!*—why so late?)

“ Where blooms and warbles glad a rising Age :

“ What Smiles of Praise! And, while their Song
ascends, 665

“ The listening Seraph lays his Lute aside.

“ HARK! the gay MUSES raise a nobler Strain,

“ With active Nature, warm impassion'd Truth,

“ Engaging Fable, lucid Order, Notes

“ Of various String, and heart-felt Image fill'd. 670

“ Behold! I see the dread delightful *School*

“ Of *temper'd Passions*, and of *polish'd Life*,

“ Restor'd: behold! the well-dissembled Scene

“ Calls from embellish'd Eyes the lovely Tear,

“ Or lights up Mirth in modest Cheeks again. 675

“ Lo! vanish'd *Monster-land*. Lo! driven away

“ Those that *Apollo's* sacred Walks profane :

“ Their wild Creation scatter'd, where a World

“ Unknown to *Nature*, Chaos more confus'd,

“ O'er

* An Hospital for Foundlings.

" O'er the brute Scene its * *Ouran-Outangs* pours;
" Detested Forms! that, on the Mind imprest, 681
" Corrupt, confound and barbarize an Age.

" BEHOLD! all *thine* again the SISTER-ARTS,
" Thy *Graces* They, knit in harmonious Dance.
" Nurs'd by the Treasure from a Nation drain'd 685
" Their Works to purchase, They to Nobler rouse
" Their untam'd Genius, their unfetter'd Thought;
" Of pompous Tyrants, and of dreaming Monks,
" The gaudy Tools, and Prisoners, no more.

" LO! Numerous DOMES a BURLINGTON confess:
" For *Kings* and *Senates* fit, the *Palace* see! 691
" The *Temple* breathing a religious Awe;
" Even fram'd with Elegance the *plain Retreat*,
" The private Dwelling. Certain in his Aim,
" *Taste*, never idly working, saves Expence. 695

P 2

" SEE!

* A Creature which, of all Brutes, most resembles Man.—See
Dr. *Tyson's* Treatise on this Animal.

" SEE! SYLVAN SCENES, where *Art*, alone, pretends
 " To dress her *Mistress*, and disclose her Charms:
 " Such as a POPE in Miniature has shown;
 " A BATHURST o'er the widening * Forest spreads;
 " And such as form a RICHMOND, CHISWICK,
 STOWE.

" AUGUST, around, what PUBLIC WORKS I see!
 " Lo! stately *Streets*, lo! *Squares* that court the Breeze,
 " In spite of Those to whom pertains the Care, 703
 " Ingulphing more than founded *Roman Ways*,
 " Lo! ray'd from Cities o'er the brighten'd Land,
 " Connecting Sea to Sea, the Solid Road. 706
 " Lo! the Proud *Arch* (no vile Exactor's Stand)
 " With easy Sweep bestrides the chafing Flood.
 " See! long *Canals*, and *deepen'd Rivers* join
 " Each Part with each, and with the circling Main
 " The whole enliven'd Isle. Lo! *Ports* expand, 711
 " Free

* *Okely Woods*, near *Cirencester*.

“ Free as the Winds and Waves, their sheltering Arms.
“ Lo! streaming Comfort o’er the troubled Deep,
“ On every pointed Coast the *Light-house* tow’rs;
“ And, by the broad imperious *Mole* repell’d, 715
“ Hark! how the baffled Storm indignant roars.”

As thick to View THESE VARIED WONDERS
rose,

Shook all my Soul with Transport, unassur’d,
The VISION broke; And, on my waking Eye,
Rush’d the still RUINS of dejected ROME. 720



For as the Wind and Waves that bearing Arms
 Of the burning Cannon over the needed Days
 The every pointed Spear the lightest bow
 And by the most impetuous shot recall'd
 Think how the battle's storm is sign'd
 As thick to view these varied wonders

Look all my soul with Transport, unass'd
 The Vision broke. And on my waking Eye
 Roll'd the full Rains of desol'd Rome.

Lo! I brighten'd to the sun's eye
 Conspicuous Sea to Sea, the World's Road

Lo! the Prophecy of the Flood
 With easy Sea, the Flood
 See! long Canals, and Rivers

Each Part with each, and with the circling Main
 The whole expand'd. Lo! Part expand'd

Only World, new Channel

A
P O E M,
TO THE
M E M O R Y

Of the RIGHT HONOURABLE the

L O R D T A L B O T,

Late Chancellor of *Great Britain*.

2

TO THE

RIGHT HONOURABLE

THE

LORD TALBOT.



TO THE
M E M O R Y

Of the RIGHT HONOURABLE the
L O R D T A L B O T.

W H I L E, with the Public, you MY LORD,
lament

A Friend and Father lost ; permit the *Muse*,

The *Muse* assign'd of old a double Theme,

To praise dead Worth and humble living Pride,

Whose generous Task begins where Int'rest ends, 5

Permit her on a TALBOT's Tomb to lay

This cordial Verse sincere, by Truth inspir'd,

Which means not to bestow but borrow Fame.

Yes, she may sing his matchless Virtues now —

Unhappy !

Unhappy! that she *may*.—But where begin? 10
 How from the Diamond single out each Ray,
 That, tho' they tremble with ten thousand Hues,
 Effuse one poignant undivided Light?

LET the Low-minded of these narrow Days
 No more presume to deem the lofty Tale 15
 Of antient Times, in Pity to their Own,
 Romance. In TALBOT we united saw
 The piercing Eye, the quick enlighten'd Soul,
 The graceful Ease, the flowing Tongue of Greece,
 Join'd to the Virtues and the Force of Rome. 20

ETERNAL WISDOM, that All-quick'ning Sun,
 Whence every Life, in just Proportion, draws
 Directing Light and actuating Flame,
 Ne'er with a larger Portion of its Beams
 Awaken'd mortal Clay. Hence steady, calm, 25
 Diffusive,

Diffusive, deep and clear, his Reason saw,
 With instantaneous View, the Truth of Things;
 Chief what to Human Life and Human Bliss
 Pertains, that kindest Science, fit for Man:
 And hence, responsive to his Knowledge, glow'd
 His ardent Virtue. Ignorance and Vice, 31
 In Confort foul, agree; Each heightning Each;
 While Virtue draws from Knowledge nobler Fire,
 Is Knowledge of true Pleasure, prov'd by Deeds,

WHAT grand, what comely, and what tender Sense,
 What Talent, and what Virtue was not His? 36
 All that can render Man or great, or good,
 Give useful Worth, or amiable Grace?
 Nor could he brook in studious Shade to lie,
 In soft Retirement, indolently pleas'd 40
 With selfish Peace. The SYREN of the Wise,
 (Who steals th' *Aonian* Song, and, in the shape
 Of

Of Virtue, woos them from a worthless World)
Tho' deep he felt her Charms, could never melt
His strenuous Spirit, recollected, calm, 45
As silent Night, yet active as the Day.
The more the Bold, the Bufling, and the Bad,
Ufarp the Reins of Power, the more behoves,
Becomes it Virtue, with indignant Zeal,
To check their Conjuratlon. Shall low Views
Of sneaking Int'reft or luxurious Vice, 51
The Villain's Paffions, quicken more to Toil,
And dart a livelier Vigour thro' the Soul,
Than Thofe that, mingled with our trueft Good,
With prefent Honour and immortal Fame, 55
Involve the Good of All? An empty Form,
Vain is the Virtue, that amid the Shade
Lamenting lies, with future Schemes amus'd,
While *Wickednefs* and *Folly*, *kindred Powers*,
Confound the World. A TALBOT's, different far, 60
Sprung

Sprung into Action: Action, that disdain'd
To lose, in living Death, one Pulse of Life,
That might be sav'd; disdain'd, for Coward Ease,
And her insipid Pleasures, to resign
The Prize of Glory, the keen Sweets of Toil, 65
And those high Joys that teach the truly Great
To live for others, and for others die.

EARLY behold! he breaks benign on Life.
Not breathing more Beneficence, the Spring
Leads, in her swelling Train, the gentle Airs; 70
While gay, behind Her, smiles the kindling Waste
Of ruffian Storms and Winter's lawless Rage.
In Him *Astrea*, to this dim Abode
Of ever-wandering Men, return'd again:
To bless them his Delight, to bring them back, 75
From thorny Error, from unjoyous Wrong,
Into the Paths of kind primeval Faith,

Of

Of Happiness and Justice. All his Parts,
 His Virtues all, collected, fought the Good
 Of Human-kind. For That he, fervent, felt 80
 The Throb of Patriots, when they model States :
 Anxious for That, nor needful Sleep could hold
 His still-awaken'd Soul ; nor Friends had Charms
 To steal, with pleasing Guile, an healing Hour ;
 Toil knew no Languor, no Attraction Joy. 85
 The common Father Such of erring Men !
 A froward Race ! incessant in Pursuit
 Of flying Good, or of fallacious Bliss :
 Still as they thwart and mingle in the Chace,
 Now Fraud, now Force, now Cruelty and Crimes,
 Attempting All to seize a Brother's Prize ; 91
 H E fits superior to the little Fray,
 Detects the Legal Snares of mazy Guile,
 With the proud Mighty bids the Feeble cope,
 And into social Life the Villain daunts. 95

Be nam'd, victorious Ravagers, no more !
Vanish, ye Human Comets ! shrink your Blaze !
Ye that your Glory to your Terrors owe,
As, o'er the gazing desolated Earth,
You scatter Famine, Pestilence and War ; 190
Vanish ! before this vernal Sun of Fame,
Effulgent Sweetness ! beaming Life and Joy.

How the Heart listen'd while he, pleading, spoke !
While on th' enlighten'd Mind, with winning Art,
His gentle Reason so persuasive stole, 105
That the charm'd Hearer thought it was his own.
Ah ! when, ye studious of the Laws, again
Shall such enchanting Lessons bless your Ear ?
When shall again the darkest Truths, perplex,
Be set in ample Day ? Again the Harsh 110
And Arduous open into smiling Ease ?
The Solid mix with elegant Delight ?

To

To him the purest Eloquence indulg'd
Eternal Treasure, Light and Heat combin'd,
At once to pour Conviction on the Soul, 115
And mould, with lawful Flame, th' impassion'd Heart.
That dangerous Gift, which to the strictly Just,
And Good, alone, belongs, lay safe with Him
Repos'd. He sacred to his Country's Cause,
To trampled Want and Worth, to suffering Right,
To the lone Widow's and her Orphan's Woes, 121
Reserv'd the mighty Charm. With equal Brow,
Despising then the Smiles or Frowns of Power,
He all that noblest Eloquence effus'd,
Which wakes the tender or exalting Tear, 125
When generous Passions, taught by Reason, speak.
Then spoke the Man ; and, over barren Art,
Prevail'd abundant Nature. Freedom Then
His Client was, Humanity and Truth.

PLAC'D

PLAC'D on the Seat of Justice, There he reign'd,
In a superior Sphere of cloudless Day, 131
A pure Intelligence. No Tumult There,
No dark Emotion, no intemp'rate Heat,
No Passion e'er disturb'd the clear Serene
That round Him spread. A Zeal for Right, alone,
The Love of Justice, like the steady Sun, 136
Unbating Ardor lent; and now and then,
Against the Sons of Violence, of Pride,
And bold Deceit, his Indignation gleam'd.
As Intuition quick, he snatch'd the Truth, 140
Yet with progressive Patience, Step by Step,
Self-diffident, or to the Slower kind,
He thro' the Maze of Falsehood urg'd it on,
Till, at the last evolv'd, it full appear'd,
And even the Loser own'd the just Decree. 145

BUT when, in Senates, HE, to FREEDOM firm,
 Enlighten'd FREEDOM, plann'd salubrious Laws,
 His various Learning, his wide Knowledge, Then,
 His Insight deep into BRITANNIA'S Weal,
 Spontaneous seem'd from simple Sense to flow, 150
 And the plain Patriot smooth'd the Brow of Law.
 No specious Swell, no frothy Pomp of Words
 Fell on the cheated Ear ; no study'd Maze
 Of Declamation, to perplex the Right,
 He darkening threw around : safe in itself, 155
 In its own Force, almighty Reason spoke ;
 While on the great the ruling Point, at once,
 He stream'd decisive Day, and show'd it vain
 To lengthen farther out the clear Debate.
 Conviction breathes Conviction ; to the Heart, 160
 Pour'd ardent forth in Eloquence *unbid*,
 The Heart attends : for let the *Venal* try
 Their every hard'ning stupifying Art,

Truth

Truth must prevail, Zeal will enkindle Zeal,
And Nature, skilful touch'd, is honest still. 165

BEHOLD Him in the Councils of his Prince.
What faithful Light he lends? How rare, in Courts,
Such Wisdom! such Abilities! and join'd
To Virtue so determin'd, Public Zeal,
And Honour of such adamantine Proof, 170
As even CORRUPTION, hopeless, and o'er-aw'd,
Durst not have tempted. Yet of Manners mild,
And winning every Heart, he knew to please,
Nobly to please; while equally he scorn'd
Or Adulation to receive, or give. 175
Happy the State! where wakes a ruling Eye
Of such Inspection keen, and general Care.
Beneath a Guard so vigilant, so pure,
All-trusted, All-rever'd, and All-belov'd,
Toil may resign his careless Head to Rest, 180

And ever-jealous FREEDOM sleep in Peace.
 Ah! lost untimely! lost in *downward* Days!
 And many a Patriot Counsel with him lost!
 Counsels, that might have humbled BRITAIN's Foe,
 Her *native* Foe, from eldest Time by Fate 185
 Appointed, as did once a TALBOT's Arms.

LET Learning, Arts, let universal Worth,
 Lament a Patron lost, a Friend and Judge.
 Unlike the Sons of Vanity, that, veil'd
 Beneath the Patron's prostituted Name, 190
 Dare sacrifice a worthy Man to Pride,
 And flush Confusion o'er an honest Cheek.
 Oblig'd when he oblig'd, it seem'd a Debt
 Which he to Merit, to the Public, paid,
 That can, alone, by Virtue, station'd high, 195
 Recover Fame; to his own Heart a Debt,
 And to the great all-bounteous Source of Good.

The

The gracious Flood, that chears the letter'd World,
Is not the noisy Gift of Summer's Noon,
Whose sudden Current, from the naked Root, 200
Washes the little Soil which yet remain'd,
And only more dejects the blushing Flowers:
No, 'tis the soft-descending Dews at Eve,
The silent Treasures of the vernal Year,
Indulging deep their Stores, the still Night long; 205
Till, with returning Morn, the freshen'd World
Is Fragrance all, all Beauty, Joy and Song.

STILL let me view him in the pleasing Light
Of private Life, where Pomp forgets to glare,
And where the plain unguarded Soul is seen. 210
Not only There most amiable, best,
But with that truest Greatness He appear'd,
Which thinks not of appearing; kindly veil'd
In the soft Graces of the friendly Scene,

Inspiring social Confidence and Ease. 215
 As free the Converse of the Wise and Good,
 As joyous, disentangling every Power,
 And breathing mixt Improvement with Delight,
 As when amid the various-blossom'd Spring,
 Or gentle-beaming Autumn's pensive Shade, 220
 The Philosophic Mind with Nature talks,
 Say, ye his Sons, his dear Remains, with Whom
 The Father laid superfluous State aside,
 Yet swell'd your filial Duty thence the more,
 With Friendship swell'd it, with Esteem, with Love,
 Beyond the Ties of Blood, oh! speak the Joy, 226
 The pure Serene, the chearful Wisdom mild,
 The virtuous Spirit, which his vacant Hours,
 In Semblance of Amusement, thro' the Breast
 Infus'd. And thou, ORUNDEL! lend thy Strain,
 Thou darling Friend! thou Brother of his Soul! 231
 In whom the Head and Heart their Stores unite,

Whatever

Whatever Fancy paints, Invention pours,
 Judgment digests, the well-tun'd Bosom feels,
 Truth natural moral or divine has taught, 235
 The Virtues dictate, or the Muses sing.
 Lend me the Plaint, which, to the lonely Main,
 With Memory converſing, you will pour,
 As on the pebbled Shore you, penſive, ſtray, 239
 Where *Derry's* Mountains a bleak Crescent form,
 And mid their ample Round receive the Waves,
 That from the frozen Pole, reſounding, ruſh,
 Impetuous. Tho' from native Sun-ſhine driven,
 Driven from your Friends, the Sun-ſhine of the Soul,
 By ſlanderoꝝ Zeal, and Politics infirm, 245
 Jealous of Worth; yet will you bleſs your Lot,
 Yet will you triumph in your glorious Fate,
 Whence TALBOT's *Friendſhip* glows to future Times,
 Intrepid, warm; of kindred Tempers born;
 Nurs'd, by Experience, into ſlow Eſteem, 250

Calm Confidence unbounded, Love not blind,
 And the sweet Light from mingled Minds disclos'd,
 From mingled Chymic Oils as bursts the Fire.

I too remember well that mental Bowl, 254
 Which round his Table flow'd. The Serious, There,
 Mix'd with the Sportive, with the Learn'd the Plain:
 Mirth soften'd Wisdom, Candor temper'd Mirth;
 And Wit its Honey lent, without the Sting.

Not simple Nature's unaffected Sons,
 The blameless *Indians*, round their Forest-Chear,
 In sunny Lawn or shady Covert set, 261
 Hold more unspotted Converse: nor, of old,
 Rome's awful Consuls, her Dictator-Swains,
 As on the Product of their *Sabine* Farms
 They far'd, with stricter Virtue fed the Soul: 265
 Nor yet in *Athens*, at an Attic Meal,
 Where *SOCRATES* presided, fairer Truth,

More

More elegant Humanity, more Grace,
Wit more refin'd, or deeper Science reign'd:

BUT far beyond the little vulgar Bounds 270
Of Family, of Friends, of Country, Kind,
By just Degrees, and with proportion'd Flame,
Extended his Benevolence: a Friend
To Human-kind, to Parent Nature's Works.
Of free Access, and of engaging Grace, 275
Such as a Brother to a Brother owes,
He kept an open judging Ear for All,
And spread an open Countenance, where smil'd
The fair Effulgence of an open Heart; 279
While on the Rich, the Poor, the High, the Low,
With equal Ray, his ready Goodness shone:
For *Nothing human foreign was to Him.*

THUS to a dread Inheritance, MY LORD,
And hard to be supported, you succeed:

But,

But, kept by Virtue, as by Virtue gain'd, 285
 It will, thro' latest Time, enrich your Race,
 When grosser Wealth shall moulder into Dust,
 And with their Authors in Oblivion sunk
 Vain Titles lie, the *servile* Badges oft
 Of mean Submission, not the Meed of Worth. 290
 True genuine Honour its large Patent holds
 Of all Mankind, thro' every Land and Age,
 Of universal Reason's various Sons,
 And even of God himself, sole perfect Judge !
 Who sees with other Eyes than flattering Men. 295
 Mean-time these noblest Honours of the Mind
 On rigid Terms descend : the high-plac'd Heir,
 Scan'd by the Public Eye, that, with keen Gaze,
 Malignant seeks out Faults, cannot thro' Life,
 Amid the nameless Insects of a Court, 300
 If such to Life belong, unheeded, steal :
 He must be glorious or he must be base.

This

This Truth to you, who merit well to bear
A Name to BRITONS dear, th' officious *Muse*
May safely sing, and sing without Reserve. 303

VAIN were the *Plaint*, and ignorant the *Tear*
That should a TALBOT mourn. Ourselves, indeed,
Our *sinking Country*, *Human-kind enslav'd*,
We may lament. But let us, grateful, joy,
That e'er such Virtues gave our Days to shine, 310
Above the dark Abyss of modern Time ;
That we such Virtues knew, such Virtues felt,
And feel them still, teaching our Views to rise
Thro' ever-bright'ning Scenes of future Worlds,
Be dumb, ye worst of Zealots! Ye that, prone 315
To thoughtless Dust, renounce that generous Hope,
Whence every Joy below its Spirit draws,
And every Pain its Balm : a TALBOT's Light,
A TALBOT's Virtues claim another Source,

Than

Than the blind Maze of undefining Blood; 320
 Nor when that vital Fountain plays no more,
 Can they be quench'd amid the gelid Stream.

METHINKS I see his mounting Spirit, freed
 From tangling Earth, regain the Realms of Day,
 Its native Country, whence, to bless Mankind, 325
 ETERNAL GOODNESS, on this darksome Spot,
 Had-ray'd it down a while. Behold! approv'd
 By the tremendous JUDGE of Heaven and Earth,
 And to th' ALMIGHTY FATHER's Presence join'd,
 Whose Smile creative beams superior Life, 330
 He takes his Rank, in Glory, and in Bliss,
 Amid the Human Worthies. Glad around
 Croud his compatriot Shades, and point him out,
 With noble Pride, BRITANNIA's blameless Boast.
 Ah! who is He, that with a fonder Eye 335
 Meets Thine enraptur'd?—'Tis the best of Sons!

The

The best of Friends!—Too soon is realiz'd
That Hope, which once forbad thy Tears to flow!
Mean-while the kindred Souls of every Land,
(Howe'er divided in the fretful Days 340
Of Prejudice and Error) mingled now,
In one selected never-jarring State,
Where GOD Himself their only Monarch reigns,
Partake the Joy; yet, such the Sense that still
Remains of earthly Woes, for us below, 345
And for our Loss, they drop a pitying Tear.
But cease presumptuous *Muse*, nor vainly strive
To quit this cloudy Sphere that binds thee down:
'Tis not for mortal Hand to trace these Scenes,
Scenes, that our gross Ideas groveling cast 350
Behind, and strike our boldest Language dumb.

FORGIVE, IMMORTAL SHADE! if aught from
Earth,
From Dust low-warbled, to those Groves can rise,
Where

238 *To the Memory of the Lord TALBOT.*

Where flows unbidden Harmony, forgive
This fond superfluous Verse. With deep-felt Voice,
On every Heart impress'd, thy Deeds themselves 356
Attest thy Praise. Thy Praise the Widow's Sighs,
And Orphan's Tears embalm. The Good the Bad,
The Sons of Justice and the Sons of Strife,
All that of FREEDOM or that Interest prize, 360
A deep-divided Nation's Parties all,
Conspire to swell thy spotless Praise to Heaven.
They catch it There; and, to seraphic Lyre,
Celestial Voices thy Arrival hail. 364
How vain this Tribute then! this lowly Lay!
Yet nothing vain which Gratitude inspires.
The *Muse*, besides, her Duty thus approves
To Virtue, to her Country, to Mankind,
TO FORMING NATURE, that, in glorious Charge,
As to her Priestess, has it given, to hymn 370
Whatever good and excellent she forms.

AGAMEMNON.



AGAMEMNON.

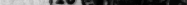
A

TRAGEDY.

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

STOVIN S M R D F

100



DEDICATIO N.



TO HER
MADAM
ROYAL HIGHNESS

THE
Princess of *Wales*.

MADAM,

I HUMBLY beg leave to put
this Tragedy under the Pro-
tection of Your Royal High-
ness; and hope You will condescend
to accept of it, as a Testimony of the
most

D E D I C A T I O N.

most unfeigned and zealous Respect,
due, no less to Your Amiable Virtues,
than to Your High Rank, from,

TO HER

M A D A M,

ROYAL HIGHNESS

YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS'S

Princess of Wales.

Most Dutiful and, most

M A D A M,

Obedient Humble Servant,

HUMBLY beg leave to put
this Tragedy under the Pro-
tection of Your Royal High-
ness, and will condescend
JAMES THOMSON.
to accept of it as a Testimony of the
most

PROLOGUE.

By the Author of EURYDICE.

Spoken by Mr. Quin.

WHEN this decisive Night, at length, appears,
The Night of every Author's Hopes and Fears;
What Shifts; to bribe Applause, poor Poets try?
In all the Forms of Wit they court and lye:
These meanly beg it, as an Alms; and Those,
By boastful Bluster, dazzle and impose.

Nor poorly fearful, nor securely vain;
Ours would, by honest Ways, that Grace obtain,
Would, as a Free-born Wit, be fairly try'd:
And then--let Truth and Candour, fair, decide;
He courts no Friend, who blindly comes to praise;
He dreads no Foe---but whom his Faults may raise.

Indulge a generous Pride, that bids him own,
He aims to please, by noble Means, alone:
By what may win the Judgment, wake the Heart,
Inspiring Nature, and directing Art;
By Scenes, so wrought, so rais'd, as may command
Applause, more from the Head, than from the Hand.

Important is the Moral we wou'd teach:
(Oh may this Island practise what we preach!)
Vice, in its first Approach, with Care to shun;
The Wretch, who once engages, is undone.
Crimes lead to greater Crimes, and link so streight,
What first was Accident, at last is Fate:
Th' unhappy Servant sinks into a Slave;
And Virtue's last sad Strugglings cannot save.

" As such our fair Attempt, we hope to see
" Our Judges, --here at least,--from Influence free;
" One Place,--unbias'd yet by Party-Rage, --
" Where only Honour votes,--the British Stage.
" We ask for Justice, for Indulgence sue:
" Our last best Licence must proceed from you,

P R O L O G U E

By the Author of *Eurypides*.
Spoken by Mr. Quin.

Persons represented.

<i>Agamemnon,</i>	} by	<i>Mr. Quin.</i>
<i>Egisthus,</i>		<i>Mr. Milward,</i>
<i>Melissander,</i>		<i>Mr. Cibber.</i>
<i>Arcas,</i>		<i>Mr. Wright.</i>
<i>Orestes,</i>		<i>Mr. Green.</i>
<i>Talthybius Herald,</i>	} by	<i>Mr. Havard.</i>
<i>Officers, &c.</i>		
<i>Clytemnestra,</i>		<i>Mrs. Porter.</i>
<i>Cassandra,</i>		<i>Mrs. Cibber.</i>
<i>Electra,</i>		<i>Miss Bret.</i>
<i>Attendant of Clytemnestra,</i>	} by	<i>Mrs. Furnival.</i>
<i>Trojan Captives, &c.</i>		

SCENE.

The Palace of Agamemnon, in Mycenæ.



AGAMEMNON.

TRAGEDY.

ACT I. SCENE I.

CLYTEMNESTRA *sitting in a disconsolate Posture, and her ATTENDANT.*

ATTENDANT.

O Clytemnestra! O my royal Mistress!
Can then no Comfort sooth your Woes
a while?

E'er since that flaming Signal of sackt Troy,
That Signal fix'd and promis'd by the King,
Was seen some Nights ago, nor Food has pass'd
Your loathing Lips, nor Sleep has bless'd your Eyes,
Or if, perhaps, a transient Slumber hush'd
Your Sighs a moment, and restrain'd your Tears;
Sudden, you, starting wildly, would exclaim

B

OF

Of Guilt, *Egistbus*, *Troy* and *Agamemnon*.
 Sure, 'tis too much, my Queen.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Away! away!

Since my lost State admits of no Relief,
 To that sad Comfort of the Wretched leave me,
 To yield me to my Sorrows.

ATTENDANT.

Hear me, Madam,
 Once the dear Burden of these aged Arms!
 My tender Care from Life's first opening Bud!
 My Joy! my Glory! hear your faithful Servant,
 And let me add your Friend. — In Reason's Eye,
 That never judges on a partial View,
 Far less than your Misfortune is your Guilt. —
 Your Guilt --- Forgive me, 'tis too harsh a Word,
 For what deserves Compassion more than Blame.
~~I know the treacherous Ways by which you sunk,~~
 From pleasing Peace, to these unhappy Fears,
 This anxious Tumult. —

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Hide me from the View!

All Comfort is in vain. ---- Away!

ATTENDANT.

Allow me,
 To plead your injur'd Cause against yourself.

When *Agamemnon* led the *Greeks* to *Troy*,
 And left you, Madam, for the Pomp of War;
 Left you the Pride of *Greece*, in full-blown Beauty,
 The kindest Mother, and the fondest Wife;
 If Fame says true, for *Trojan* Captives left you ---
 But that apart. --- How did he leave you, say?
 Afflicted, outrag'd, as a Queen and Mother,
 Betray'd to *Aulis* with your first-born Hope,
 The blooming *Iphigenia*, under Feint
 Of her immediate Marriage to *Achilles*;
 And there no sooner at the wind-bound Fleet
 Arriv'd, but you beheld her spotless Blood

Stream

A G A M E M N O N.

3

Stream on the fully'd Altar of *Diana*,
The Price of Winds, of a dear-purchas'd Gale,
To bear them on to *Troy*. Thus pierc'd with Grief,
Then fir'd by turns to Rage, almost to Vengeance,
At an ambitious cruel haughty Husband;
While all your Passions were together mix'd,
And ready for a Change; was you not left
In a submissive soothing Lover's Power,
Ordain'd your Partner in the sovereign Rule
O'er *Argos* and *Mycenæ*, but to you
As pliant still as *Agamemnon* stately?

C L Y T E M N E S T R A, *rising*.

Alas! too true! You touch the Source of Woe.
Why did you leave me, barbarous *Agamemnon*?
Why leave me weeping o'er a murder'd Daughter?
Why helpless leave me to a troubled Mind?
Ah! why yourself betray me to a Lover?
What Arts *Egisthus* us'd too well I know;
All that can softly steal, or gayly charm,
The Heart of Woman — Hence, dear sad Ideas!
Destroyers hence! And dare you tempt me still,
Perfidious *Syrens*! in that very Moment (ever?
When your false Charms have wreckt my Peace for
Oh, Nature! wherefore, Nature, are we form'd
One Contradiction? the continual Sport
Of fighting Powers? Oh! wherefore hast thou sown
Such War within us, such unequal Conflict,
Between slow Reason and impetuous Passion?
Passion resistless hurries us away,
Ere lingering Reason to our Aid can come,
And to upbraid us then it only serves.
Tormentor, cease!

A T T E N D A N T.

You wrong yourself too much.
Think, Madam, how for Years you baffled Love:
Nor could *Egisthus*, tho' he touch'd your Heart,
Tho' many a midnight Tear, and secret Sigh,
To me, and me alone, disclos'd the Pangs,

That dim'd your fading Cheek ; yet could he not,
 With all his Arts, his Love, Submission, Charms,
 O'ercome the struggling Purpose of your Soul ;
 Till *Melisander*, to a desert Isle,
 He banish'd from your Ear.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A .

Ah *Melisander* !

Given to the Beasts a Prey, or wilder Famine ;
 Ah perish'd Friend ! serene directing Light,
 By *Agamemnon* left to guide my Councils ;
 Whom every Science every Muse adorn'd,
 While the good honest Heart enrich'd them all ;
 Oh hadst thou still remain'd, then I, this Day,
 Had been as glorious as I now am wretched !
 There breathes a felt Divinity in Virtue,
 In candid unassuming generous Virtue,
 Whose very Silence speaks ; and which inspires,
 Without proud formal Lessons, a Disdain
 Of mean injurious Vice. But lost with him,
 With *Melisander*, Reason, Honour, Pride,
 Truth, sound Advice, my better Genius fled ;
 I friendless, flatter'd, importun'd and charm'd
 Was left alone with all-seducing Love ;
 Love to the Future blind, each sober Thought
 Each Consequence despising, scorning all,
 Save what its own enchanting Dreams suggest.
 What could I do ? — Away ! Self-flattering Guilt !
 I should have thought, when Honour once is sully'd,
 Not weeping Mercy's Tears can wash it clean ;
 And that one Blot on mine diffus'd a Stain
 O'er the proud Honour of a wedded King,
 And o'er my Children's, my poor blameless Children's !
 Whose Cheeks will kindle at their Mother's Name :
 I should have thought --- Would I could think no
 To think is Torture ! [more !]

A T T E N D A N T .

What avails it, Madam ---

C L Y -

A G A M E M N O N.

5

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

O *Melifander* ! If the Dead could hear,
I would invoke thy friendly Influence now,
Would wish thee present in this Hour of Trouble.
Perhaps there is in Wisdom, gentle Wisdom,
That knows our Frailties, therefore can forgive,
Some healing Comfort for a guilty Mind,
Some Power to charm it into Peace again,
And bid it smile anew with right Affections.
No ! fruitless Wish ! --- It cannot, cannot be !
Egisthus, who may henceforth give me Laws,
Dread of Discovery, that worst Tyrant, Shame,
And my own conscious blotted Heart forbid it,
Forbid Retreat ---

A T T E N D I A N T.

Madam, behold the Man,
Who, then upon the Watch, observ'd the Signal
Of conquer'd *Troy*, and now attends your Orders
To give a full Account of what he saw.

S C E N E II.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A, her ATTENDANTS, and the
M A N who observ'd the Signal.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Are you then sure that you beheld this Signal ?
Or was it not some Vision of the Brain,
That painted, while you slept, your waking Wish ?
Or else perhaps some Meteor of the Night ?

M A N.

Madam, *Troy* doubtless lies one Heap of Ruins ;
I saw the Signal of its Fate distinctly.
The Night was dark and still. A heavier Gloom
Ne'er cover'd Earth. In low'ring Clouds, the Stars
Were muffled deep ; and not one Ray, below,
O'er all *Mycenæ* glimmer'd, or around it.

When

When strait, at farthest East, a ruddy Light
 Sprung up, and, wide-encreasing, roll'd along;
 By turns diminish'd, and by turns renew'd,
 A Wave of Fire: at last, it flam'd confess'd,
 From Isle to Isle, and beachy Point to Point;
 Till the last Blaze at *Nauplia* ended, plain.
 A glorious Sight! and as a *Greek* rejoic'd me.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

How sits the Wind?

MAN.

It blows from *Troy*, direct;

A bold and steady Gale.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis well. -- Retire.

Your Care and faithful Pains shall be rewarded.

SCENE III.

CLYTEMNESTRA, her ATTENDANT.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

He comes! he comes! the hapless Victor comes!
 Even now his trophy'd Vessel streaks the Main,
 And ploughs the Billows with triumphant Prow;
 Or, by glad Crouds receiv'd, perhaps, he hails
 His native Shore, and presses on to Shame.
 Even now with Glory charg'd, with Conquest gay,
 Crown'd with the Laurels of ten famous Years,
 He dreams to join them to the peaceful Olive;
 And, after rugged Toils and perilous War,
 Soft to repose him on the Myrtle Bed
 Of calm domestic Bliss. How vain the Hopes!
 How short the Prospect of believing Man!
 I dare not look before me, dare not paint
 The rising Storm.

ATTENDANT.

Behold *Egisthus*, Madam.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Leave me.

SCENE

S C E N E IV.

CLYTEMNESTRA, EGISTHUS.

EGISTHUS, *after some Silence.*

And is it thus, O *Clytemnestra*,
Thus that, in Hours of Danger, Lovers meet?

[*pausing.*

Still coldly silent, still the Look averted,
Where not one Softness glows? While Anger, Fear,
Disgust and sick Repentance, shifting, cloud
Your vary'd Cheek: 'Tis plain you never lov'd.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Oh that I never had!

EGISTHUS.

You never did.

The very Power to wish it proves you did not.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

He ne'er deserv'd my Love, who dares suspect it.

EGISTHUS.

Not to suspect it Weakness were and Folly.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Nor only doubt; believe your Doubts.

EGISTHUS.

I do.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

You do!

EGISTHUS.

Nay more, am of their Truth assur'd.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis base, ungrateful, an ungenerous Insult,
To tell me this. Urge not too far, *Egisthus*,
Urge not too far my guilt-dejected Spirit.
Tho' you have tramp'd on my haughty Virtue,
That noble Pride of Soul, which knows no Fear,
And bears no Insult; yet to you, at least,
To you of all Mankind, I will be bold,

As

As I had never err'd, will be a Queen,
The Blood of *Jove*, be *Clytemnestra* still.

E G I S T H U S.

Be temperate, Madam : I have told you nothing,
But that I am not worthy of your Love.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Curse on that Pride! which, with affected Brow,
Humility conceals. And am I then so vile,
So lost to Reason, Honour, common Honour ;
As without Love, that all-compelling Fury,
Without debasing, thoughtless, blind blind Love ;
To bow me from the Height of happy Life,
To this low fearful State of coward Shame ?
Mistake me not—I would not waste one Word,
One passing Word; affronted thus, to save you
From Jealousy's worst Rage ; did not, alas !
A kind of mournful Justice to my self
Tear from my swelling Heart the mean Confession.
How art thou fallen! to what Dishonour fallen!
Unhappy *Clytemnestra* !

E G I S T H U S.

Harsh Construction !
And yet these Frowns delight, that Anger charms me.
O more than lovely ! O majestic Fair-one !
Since you then know the jealous Force of Love,
Forgive its tender Fears, its fond Offence ;
Offence I could not mean.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Ill-fated she !

Who must forgive.

E G I S T H U S.

Nay rather cast me from you,
Than thus upbraid me with so forc'd a Pardon.
O *Clytemnestra* ! where are now those Looks,
Those Looks of smiling Heaven, of radiant Sweetness,
That wak'd our Morn of Love ? Within whose Sphere,
No Evil durst approach, no Sadness dwell ;
While the charm'd Gazer knew nor Fear nor Danger?
And

And set they then at last in gloomy Quarrels?
Let us not quarrel. Why should Lovers quarrel?
Life is for that too short, too precious Time;
These Moments chiefly, these impetuous Moments,
That to the Brink of Ruin seem to roll
Our mingled Fate. Even now —

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis true! 'Tis true!
Alas! methinks, in every hollow Blast,
That shakes this Palace, *Agamemnon* comes.
Yes, yes, *Egisthus*, still a Proof remains,
A matchless Proof of Love, I mean to give you.
Glad will I throw this regal Pomp aside,
And, instant, with you seek some distant Country,
Some gloomy *Thracian* Dale, where piny *Hemus*
May wrap us in impenetrable Shade:
There, there, the coarsest Life, fed by hard Toil,
Will be luxurious Ease to what I feel,
To this big Pang that labours at my Heart,
And fires my mingling Passions into Anguish.
Quick! let us fly, *Egisthus*, fly this Moment!
The next may seize us, bind us down to Shame,
Detested Shame!

EGISTHUS.

What! *Clytemnestra*! fly!
That is indeed the Road direct to Shame,
To Infamy for ever. He who flies,
In War or Peace, who his great Purpose yields,
He is the only Villain of this World:
But he who labours firm and gains his Point,
Be what it will; who crowns him with Success;
He is the Son of Fortune and of Fame,
By those admir'd, those specious Villains most,
That else had bellow'd out Reproach against him.

Besides your Husband, your vain-glorious Husband,
Proud *Agamemnon*, who ten Years has warr'd
At *Troy*, to scourge your Sister *Helen's* Rape,

C

Dream

Dream you that he would not pursue our Flight,
 Tho' we took shelter in *Cimmerian* Shades,
 And drag us back, the Scorn of hissing *Greece*,
 To then deserv'd, to true unpity'd Shame.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Excuse my weaker Heart. But how, *Egisthus*,
 How shall I bear an injur'd Husband's Eye?
 The fiercest Foe wears not a Look so dreadful,
 As does the Man we wrong.

E G I S T H U S.

Madam, your Fears
 Cast a false Glare upon your troubled Reason,
 That blinds it quite. — An injur'd Husband he!
 He wrong'd! No, *Clytemnestra* never, never,
 Can never wrong her Tyrant *Agamemnon*,
 Tyrant of common *Greece*; can never wrong
 The Man who leaves her ten regardless Years,
 For the vain Honours of a foolish War;
 Nay, who consum'd those Years, if Fame speaks true,
 In nothing less than War; instead of War,
 In shameful Squabbles with his nobler Friends,
 About their Captive Females, training out,
 An amorous Revel rather than a War,
 Far from his Country, Family and Queen.
 And can you wrong this False-one? Think of *Aulis*.
 How basely to that Port you was betray'd,
 And what dire Nuptials waited there your Daughter.
 Think with what Price he bought his cruel Trophies.
 Behold the first-born Blossom of your Youth.
 Your *Iphigenia*, her mild Eyes dejected,
 Her Cheek o'ercast with Fear, her bosom bare,
 An helpless, harmless uncomplaining Victim,
 Stab'd by the murderous *Calchas*; whilst her Father,
 Her unrelenting Father, to protect
 The Sacrifice, stands by. Behold, she bleeds,
 Pours the rich Stream she drew from that fair Bosom,
 Falls like a drooping Flower untimely cut,
 And all to purchase for her Sire's Impatience,

From

A G A M E M N O N. 11

From some fell Demon that bely'd *Diana*,
 A rising Gale. The Gale begins to blow,
 The Pendants flutter; when away he goes,
 Gayly he goes; and leaves a wretched Mother,
 To weep her murder'd Child. — If yet one Spark
 Of wonted Spirit burns in *Clytemnestra*,
 If she still lives to Justice and to Nature,
 These these are Wrongs, that call aloud for Ven-
 geance;

And there are Hands that boldly -- start not, Madam --
 That will with Pride avenge you.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Ha! what Hands?
 What Vengeance, say? Touch not so wild a String;
 It wakes new Discord in my jarring Soul.
 To the just Gods, not us, pertaineth Vengeance.
 I cannot, will not, e'er consent to — Gods!
 Where roves my Tongue? — You did not mention that,
 You did not mean it sure — Oh spare, *Egisthus*,
 In pity spare my last Remains of Virtue!
 Oh make me not beyond Recovery vile!
 A Horror to myself! — How wretched they,
 Who feel, yet cannot save, their dying Virtue!

[A Shout heard.]

What means this Transport of the madning People?
 Oh my presaging Heart! — Save me! — Again!
 Ah! little think they how their Joy distracts me!

E G I S T H U S.

Some move this way -- Resume your Temper, Madam

S C E N E V.

To C L Y T E M N E S T R A an OFFICER be-
 longing to the Court.

O F F I C E R.

Madam, the King is near, from *Nauplia* comes;
 But such rejoicing Crouds around him throng,

As makes his Journey slow. Just now arriv'd,
Talthybius brings the News, and craves Admittance,

CLYTEMNESTRA,
 Conduct him hither.

S C E N E VI.

CLYTEMNESTRA, alone,

Oh too faithful Signal!
 Now must I take another Step in Vice.
 Down, stubborn Heart! and learn Dissimulation:
 Yes learn to smile, tho' Sorrow wrap thee round;
 Learn to be Friends with Baseness. --- See! how gay
 This Herald strides along! Mistaken Man!

S C E N E VII.

CLYTEMNESTRA, *TALTHYBIUS*, *with*
some Grecian Soldiers that attend him.

CLYTEMNESTRA.
 Welcome, *Talthybius*; welcome, ye brave *Greeks*.
 How fares the King?

TALTHYBIUS.
 Madam, the King is well;
 Health Happiness and Glory join to crown him.
 His Heart, impatient to confer with yours,
 Sends me before him with its warmest Wishes,
 Its warmest Gratulations. Tell, he said,
 "Go tell my *Clytemnestra*, that the Thoughts
 "Of meeting her awake a dearer Joy
 "Than Conquest ever gave: even tedious seems
 "My People's Love, that loses me a Moment.
 This Crown which circled once the Royal Brows
 Of *Hecuba*, of *Priam's* lofty Queen,
 He prays you to accept.

CLYTEM-

CLYTEMNESTRA.

There, set it down.

I own, *Talthybius*, the soft Moisture fills
 My Woman's Eyes, while on the sudden Turns
 Of Fate I think, on Fortune's sad Reverses.
 Oft when blind Mortals think themselves secure,
 In height of Bliss, they touch the Brink of Ruin.
 But sure your Voyage has been wond'rous quick,
 Not three full Days. — Is all the Fleet return'd?

TALTHYBIUS.

No, Madam; none, except this single Ship,
 Which bore the King: the rest are scatter'd wide.

When to the joyous Breeze we spread our Sails,
 And left that Bay, where *Simois* and *Scamander*
 Mix with the rapid *Hellepont*; while *Troy*,
 Or what was *Troy*, yet wreathing smok to Heaven,
 And *Ida's* woody Top, receding, sunk
 Beneath the trembling Main: the Sky was fair;
 And, wing'd our Course with slender Airs, we sail'd,
 Till Night, in goodly Company, along.
 But strait, as Evening fell, the fluttering Gale,
 Encreasing gradual; from the red North-East,
 Blew stiff and fierce. At last the Tempest howl'd.
 Next Morning, nought but angry Seas and Skies
 Appear'd, conflicting, round. Mean time, right on,
 Our strong-ribb'd Vessel drove before the Blast,
 That, falling somewhat of its Fury, gave us
 A quick auspicious Voyage. Safe, we pass'd
 The *Cyclade* Isles, that, o'er the troubled Deep,
 Seem'd then to float amidst the mingling Storm:
 Only at one, with much ado, we touch'd,
 Nor without risque.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

And why?

TALTHYBIUS.

Madam, compell'd

By sacred Pity. On the foaming Beach,
 A miserable Figure beck'ning stood,

Horrid

Horrid and wild, with Famine worn away.
 His plaintive Voice, half by the murmuring Surge
 Absorpt, just reach'd our Ears. In *Greek* he call'd,
 And strong adjur'd us by the gentle Gods,
 That make the Wretched their peculiar Care,
 To bear him thence, from savage Solitude,
 Into the chearful Haunts of Man again.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

What? — Of Condition look'd He?

TALTHYBIUS.

So he seem'd ;
 Tho' dim'd by helpless solitary Life.
 The King regards him much---Forgive me, Madam ;
 I see the rueful Image but disturbs
 Your generous Soul.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

I thank you, good *Talthybius* ;
 And from the King himself will learn the rest.
 This Ring, on which a Victory is carv'd,
 With curious Art, befits the News you bring :
 I am your Debtor still ; and, Soldiers, yours.

End of the First A C T.





A C T II. S C E N E I.

CLYTEMNESTRA, ATTENDANT.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

ARriv'd so soon! I am not half prepar'd:
My Features all are sunk with conscious Shame;
My Eyes are yet too tender to dissemble.

ATTENDANT.

Madam, be firm. Wipe off these gloomy Tears,
In which too plain is read your troubled Soul.
Just now the Trumpet spoke the King's Approach.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis come, at last, the trying Hour is come!
Oh that my Heart were hard, and Features false!—
Again these Trumpets swell—

ATTENDANT.

A moment, Madam,

A moment will betray you.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Open, Earth,
And swallow up my Shame!—What can I do?
Where look? what say? Confusion! Torture!

ATTENDANT.

Madam—

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Ah, Coward that I am! Was there no Dagger,
To save this ten-fold Death?

ATTENDANT.

Hark! loud and near,

The Triumph comes.

CLY-

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Well.--- give me Breath---

*[Endeavouring to compose her Agitation.]*AGAMEMNON, *behind the Scenes.*

A Moment,

Leave me, my Friends.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Ha! heard you not his Voice?

Yes, yes, 'tis he! Go, bring my Children hither:
They may relieve me.

ATTENDANT.

O remember!

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Heavens!

SCENE II.

AGAMEMNON, CLYTEMNESTRA.

AGAMEMNON.

Where is my Life! my Love! my *Clytemnestra*!
 O let me press Thee to my fluttering Soul,
 That is on wing to mix itself with thine!
 O thou, for whom I live, for whom I conquer,
 Than Glory brighter! O my *Clytemnestra*!
 Now, in this dear Embrace, I lose the Toils
 Of ten Years War; Absence, with all its Pains,
 Is by this charming Moment wip'd away.
 All-bounteous Gods! Sure, never was a Heart
 So full, so blest as mine.--- *[Discovering her Disorder.]*

But whence, my Fairest!

What mean these Tears?--Not Tears of happy Love,
 Such as I shed.---What means that clouded Look,
 Whose downcast Sweetness will not shine upon me?
 Why this cold Meeting? Why unkindly damp'd
 My Ardor thus? Oh speak, my *Clytemnestra*!

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Forgive me, *Agamemnon*; but I cannot,

Alas!

Alas! I cannot see your Face again,
 Without reflecting where I saw you last.
Aulis is present to my Eyes anew,
 The Ships, the Chiefs, the Guards, the bloody *Calchas*;
 All the dire Pomp of Sacrifice around:
 Anew my Daughter bleeds, basely deceiv'd!
 And when I see that awful Brow, that doom'd Her,
 Need *Agamemnon* wonder at my Tears!

A G A M E M N O N.

Why will my *Clytemnestra* add new Stings
 To what here rankles but too deep already?
 Ah! why impute to me the Work of Fate?
 'Tis not indulging private Inclination,
 The selfish Passions that sustains the World,
 And lends its Rulers Grace; no, 'tis not thence
 That Glory springs, and high immortal Deeds:
 The Public Good, the Good of others, still,
 Must bear fond Nature down, in him who dares
 Aspire to worthy Rule; imperious Honour
 Still o'er the most Distinguish'd lords it most.
 Was it for me? -- Let even your Passions judge —
 For *Agamemnon* was it, when ordain'd,
 By common Voice, the General of the *Greeks*;
 While twenty Kings beneath my Banner march'd;
 And while around me full assembled *Greece*,
 Indignant, kindled at your Sister's Rape,
 On her old native Foe demanding Vengeance,
 On faithless *Asia*: Was it then for me,
 To quench this glorious Flame? And to refuse
 One Life to Thousands, to those generous Thousands,
 That for my Honour, for the dearer Honour
 Of *Clytemnestra's* Family, stood all
 Prepar'd to die? If to the mingled Voice
 Of Honour, Duty, Glory, Public Good,
 Of the commanding Gods, I had been deaf;
 And, in the feeble Father, poorly sunk
 The *Greek*, the Chief, the Patriot and the King,
 Greater than King, the General of the *Greeks*;

D

Then

Then you yourself, my *Clytemnestra's* Self, [me,
 Must (let her Heart avow the Truth) have scorn'd
 Nor think it was an easy Resignation.
 Oh *Clytemnestra*! Had you seen within,
 What here within my tortur'd Bosom pass'd;
 To that my Battles since were only Sport.
 No, not the kindest Mother, bath'd in Tears,
 As o'er her agonizing Babe she hangs,
 Feels what I suffer'd then — You may remember --
 Again the Father melts me at the Thought ---
 You may remember how I hid my Face;
 Asham'd to let the *Greeks* around behold
 The Tears, that misbecame their General's Cheek.
 Then cease to blame what rather merits Pity,
 I might add Praise. — He, who the Father's Heart
 More tender has than mine, too tender has it.
 I love my Children, as a Father should;
 Besides, I love them from a softer Cause,
 I love my *Clytemnestra*,

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Had, alas!

Had *Agamemnon* lov'd me, would He, nay,
 Could he have left me in the Rage of Grief,
 My Daughter yet fresh bleeding in my sight?
 Left me so long? Love surely must have found,
 In the wide Round of ten revolving Years,
 Some way to see me, to prevent these Sorrows —
 Why was I thus abandon'd, *Agamemnon*?

A G A M E M N O N.

Let me kiss off these Tears -- O beauteous Tears!
 If shed by doubting Love, if shed for Absence.
 Instead of these Reproaches, ask me rather,
 How I that Absence bore: and here all Words
 All Eloquence is dumb, to speak the Pangs,
 That lurk'd beneath the rugged Brow of War,
 When glaring Day was clos'd, and hush'd the Camp,
 Oh! then, amid ten thousand other Cares,
 Those stung the keenest that remember'd Thee,
 That

That on my long-left *Clytemnestra* thought,
On what wild Seas and Mountains lay between us.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Unhappy Man!

A G A M E M N O N.

What says my *Clytemnestra*?

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

Unhappy Mortals! by vain Words deceiv'd,
To their own Pride, to joyless Honour Slaves.

A G A M E M N O N.

He, he, alone, can claim a Right to Bliss,
Who has fulfill'd the painful Task of Honour.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

But what avails a Right to vanish'd Bliss?

A G A M E M N O N.

Let me once more adjure thee, *Clytemnestra*,
By every tender Name of Love adjure Thee,
To lose in kind Oblivion these our past---
I would not call them Quarrels--- Ah! there was,
There was a Time--- I will indulge the Thought---
When everlasting Transport tun'd our Souls:
When join'd to vernal Life, the Spring of Love
Around us gayly blow'd; and Heaven and Earth,
All smiling Nature look'd delighted on.
Yet, would my *Clytemnestra* lend her Aid,
I know a Passion still more deeply charming
Than fever'd Youth e'er felt; and that is Love,
By long Experience mellow'd into Friendship.
How far beyond that froward Child of Fancy!
With Beauty pleas'd awhile, anon disgusted,
Seeking some other Toy; how nobler far
Is this bright Offspring of unchanging Reason,
That fonder grows with Age and Charms for ever!

It is not often, *Clytemnestra*, thus,
That I submit to double my Intreaties;
But, oh destroy not the collected Hopes
Of Life and Love! Oh make not Conquest hateful!
I shall abhor it, if it cost me thee,

Cost me thy Love. A Daughter was too much,
 And ten Years Absence from my *Clytemnestra*.
 Add not to these a Loss I cannot bear,
 The Loss of thee, thou loveliest of thy Sex!
 And once the kindest!

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Oh!

A G A M E M N O N.

Turn not away;
 There is relenting Goodness in thy Look.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Alas! untimely Fondness—*Agamemnon*!
 Too generous *Agamemnon*! you distress me.
 Would you were not so kind, so tender, now!
 Or ne'er had been so cruel!

A G A M E M N O N.

'Tis unjust
 To call me cruel. Fate, the Gods, our Fortune
 Were cruel to us both—What could I more
 To sooth our parting Woes, and ease my Absence?
 I left you *Melissander* to advise you,
 Left you the wisest, faithfullest and best—
 Oh whisp'ring Nature! Are not these my Children?

S C E N E III.

A G A M E M N O N, C L Y T E M N E S T R A, E-
 L E C T R A, O R E S T E S.

A G A M E M N O N.

My Daughter! my *Electra*!

E L E C T R A.

O my Father!

A G A M E M N O N.

Come to my Arms, my Boy! my dear *Orestes*!
 In whom I live anew, my younger Self!
 And thou, *Electra*, in thy opening Cheek
 I mark thy Mother's Bloom: even so she look'd,
 Such the mild Light with which her Beauty dawn'd.

Oh

Oh thou soft Image of my *Clytemnestra*!
My other *Iphigenia*!

ELECTRA.

Oh my Father!

My Joy! my Pride! my Glory! whom, in Dreams,
I oft have seen, as if return'd from *Troy*;
But still unwelcome Morning, with a Tear,
Wip'd out the dear Illusion of the Night.
And is it then no more a faithless Vision?
Oh 'tis my Father! whose Departure hence,
And *Iphigenia's* Death I just remember.
How glorious, *Iphigenia*, was thy Death!
A Death I envy rather than lament.
Who would not die to gain immortal Fame,
Deliver *Greece*, and crown a Father's Glory?

A G A M E M N O N.

Come to my Arms again, my generous Daughter!
And Thou my Son! O that thy tender Years
Had suffer'd thee to share our Toils at *Troy*!
'Tis War that forms the Prince: 'tis Hardship, Toil;
'Tis sleepless Nights, and never-resting Days;
'Tis Pain, 'tis Danger, 'tis affronted Death;
'Tis equal Fate for all, and changing Fortune;
That rear the Mind to Glory, that inspire
The noblest Virtues and the gentlest Manners.
Where shall I find, to teach Thee these, *Orestes*,
Another *Troy*?

O R E S T E S.

How happy had I been!
To have beheld what I must only hear.
But I will hear it often, every Day;
Will learn your Story, study your Example;
Will try to mix your Virtues with your Blood,
And not disgrace the Laurels I inherit.
My Bosom flutters with I know not what—
—Forgive me, Sir, I am too young to say it—
But something here I feel, which bids me hope
That I shall not betray my Father's Honour.

A G A

A G A M E M N O N.

A G A M E M N O N.

Son of my Soul!—Look here, my *Clytemnestra*!
 Look here and weep with Tenderness and Transport!
 What is all tasteless Luxury to this?
 To these best Joys, which holy Love bestows?
 O Nature! Parent Nature! Thou, alone,
 Art the best Judge of what can make us happy!

Enter an Officer belonging to the Court.

O F F I C E R.

Egisthus, Sir, attends.

A G A M E M N O N.

Go, bid him enter.

Retire, my *Clytemnestra*, my dear Children:
 We soon shall meet again, 'till then farewell.

S C E N E IV.

A G A M E M N O N.

Obeys me, Features, for one supple Moment:
 You shall not long be tortur'd. Here, in Courts,
 We must not wear the Soldier's honest Face.
 He little thinks I have him in the Snare
 Of *Melifander*, whom, in my return,
 I from that desert Island chanc'd to save,
 To which the Russian—

S C E N E V.

A G A M E M N O N, E G I S T H U S.

E G I S T H U S.

Health to *Agamemnon*!

And Happiness responsive to his Glory!

A G A M E M N O N.

Cousin, I greet you well.

E G I S T H U S.

Forgive me, Sir,

You have surpriz'd us with this quick Return:
 For by that Signal, whose illustrious Flame

Rejoic'd

Rejoic'd all *Greece*, we did not hope your Presence
 These three days hence. Forgive, that, unprepar'd,
 We only with that Joy, that Transport, wonder,
 Which swell each *Grecian* Bosom, thus receive you.
 And truly such a Burst I have not seen
 Of that best Triumph. City, Country, all,
 Is in a gay triumphant Tempest tost.
 I scarce could press along. The Trumpet's Voice
 Is lost in loud repeated Shouts that raise
 Your Name to Heaven. Ten thousand Eyes, below,
 Ake to behold the Conqueror of *Troy*.

A G A M E M N O N.

The noblest Praise that can salute my Ear,
 The sweetest Music, is my People's Joy.
 But sure your Tongue has done it ample Justice;
 Trust me, you blazon a Description well.
 I have not heard so much obliging Speech
 These many Years.

E G I S T H U S.

Misconstrue not my Zeal:

On the full Heart obedient Language waits.
 I feel so deep your Glory, *Agamemnon*,
 As mingles with my Joy a sort of Passion,
 That almost touches Envy. O ye Gods!
 Has, while I liv'd, a War, the most renown'd
 Which any Age e'er saw, or shall again
 Be seen; a War, whose never-dying Fame
 Will cover Earth, and reach remotest Time,
 Has such a War adorn'd my Days, and I
 Not shar'd its Glory? Pining here, unknown,
 In nameless Peace—how have I lost my Life!

A G A M E M N O N.

This Ardor is the Mode. But know, *Egisthus*,
 That ruling a free People well in Peace,
 Without or yielding or usurping Power;
 Maintaining firm the Honour of the Laws,
 Yet sometimes softening their too rigid Doom,
 As Mercy may require; steering the State,

Thro'

Thro' factious Storms, or the more dangerous Calms
Of Peace, by long Continuance grown corrupt;
Besides the fair Career which Fortune opens,
To the mild Glories of protected Arts,
To Bounty, to Beneficence, to Deeds
That give the Gods themselves their brightest Beams:
Yes, know, that these are, in true Glory, equal,
If not superior, to deluding Conquest;
Nor less demand they Conduct, Courage, Care,
And persevering Toil.

E G I S T H U S.

Say thankless Toil,
Harsh and unpleasing; that, instead of Praise
And due Reward, meets oftner Scorn, Reproach,
Fierce Opposition to the clearest Measures;
Injustice, Banishment, or Death itself:
Such is the Nature of malignant Man.
Not so the Victor's Meed: Him all approve,
Him all admire.

A G A M E M N O N.

Yet tho' a toilsome Task,
Tho' an ungrateful Labour oft to rule;
I not so hardly of Mankind, *Egisthus*,
Presume to judge. Truth, Wisdom, Courage, Justice,
Beneficence, and to the Public Good
A constant Tenor of well-laid Designs;
These must be awful in the worst of Times,
Be amiable, dear; while Worth, at last
Will light up Worth, and Virtue kindle Virtue.
You was however eas'd of half the Toil,
By him I left to counsel *Clytemnestra*,
By *Melisander*.

E G I S T H U S.

Would to Heaven I had!

A G A M E M N O N.

You much amaze me.—Is not *Melisander*
Wife, just and faithful?

E G I S T H U S.

A G A M E M N O N. 25

E O I S T H U S.

Sir, I own

He wore a specious Mask.

A G A M E M N O N.

Beware, *Egisthus*;

I know his stedfast Worth, and will not bear
The farthest hint that stains the Man I love.

E O I S T H U S.

Then urg'd by Truth and in my own Defence,

I boldly will assert him, *Agamemnon*,

To be more apt to trouble and embroil,

Than serve a State. A certain stubborn Virtue,

I would say Affectation of blunt Virtue,

Beneath whose outside Froth, fermenting lay

Pride, Envy, Faction, Turbulence of Soul,

And Democratic Views, in some sort made him

A secret Traitor, equally unfit

Or to obey or rule. But that I check'd

His early Treasons, here at your Return,

You might have found your Kingdom a Republic.

A G A M E M N O N,

O I shall lose all Patience!--

[*Aside.*

You do well,

To give your Accusation open Speech.

Meantime, remember you must fully prove it,

You must!--And he who *Melissander* proves

The Wretch you have describ'd, proves Man is vain,

And saps the broad Foundations of all Trust.

I know he would not patiently look on,

And suffer ill Designs to gather Strength,

Awaiting gentle Seasons; yes, I know

He had a troublesome old-fashion'd way,

Of shocking courtly Ears with horrid Truth.

He was no civil Russian: none of those,

Who lye with twisted Looks, betray with Shrugs.--

I wax too warm---But he was none of those,

Is none of those dust-licking, reptile, close,

Insinuating, speckled, smooth Court-Serpents,

E

That

That make it so unsafe, chiefly for Kings,
 To walk this weedy World---Pardon my Heat---
 I wander from the Purpose---You *Egistbus*,
 Must prove your Charge, to *Melisander's* Face
 Must prove it.

E G I S T H U S.

Surely---Since the Princely Faith
 Of your own Blood you doubt---

A G A M E M N O N.

Friendship and Truth
 Are more a-kin to me than Blood.

E G I S T H U S.

You shall,
 You shall have Proof; but to his Face you cannot.

A G A M E M N O N.

But to his Face I will!---I cannot! why?

E G I S T H U S.

He wanders far from hence, I know not where.
 For when I found him an undoubted Traitor,
 Tho' he the heaviest Punishment deserv'd,
 Yet in regard to that Esteem, which, once,
 You deign'd to bear him, Banishment alone
 Was all I did inflict.

A G A M E M N O N.

I thank you, Sir---

O you are wond'rous good!---But tell me, how,
 How durst you meddle in the Sphere assign'd
 To *Clytemnestra*? He was left to Her;
 To be her Counsellor I left my Friend,
 Left *Melisander*; left a Man, whom long,
 Whom well I knew; perhaps, to check you, left him:
 And you pretend, you!---But I will be calm---
 These Passions in a King to his Inferiors,
 Who cannot answer equal, are not comely.
 Forgive my Transport---A more quiet Hour
 Shall sift this Matter to the bottom, shall
 Do *Melisander* or *Egistbus* Justice.

SCENE

S C E N E VI.

E G I S T H U S.

Now go thy way, weak open-hearted Man,
 Thus to declare the Ruin thou intendest.
 Go, rate thy *Trojan* Slaves; and elsewhere practise
 This Insolence of Camps. Tame, as I seem,
 Submissive, mild, and patient of thy Threats,
 Yet, ere to-morrow's Sun beholds *Mycenæ*,
 My sure-aim'd Blow shall pierce thy swelling Heart,
 And cool this Tyrant's Fever in thy Veins.
 Were not our Blood our Kindred Blood at variance,
 And therefore burning with immortal Hate:
 Had not thy Father *Atræus*, at a Banquet,
 A dreadful Banquet! from whose Sight the Sun
 Turn'd back eclips'd, serv'd--Monstrous!--uptomine,
 To his own Brother, to the pale *Thyestes*,
 His murder'd Sons: didst thou not wear a Crown
 Then by thy Father ravish'd from our Line,
Mycenæ's Crown, which he unjustly seiz'd,
 And added to his own, to that of *Argos*:
 Had I not stain'd thy Bed with *Clytemnestra*:
 Tho' Safety did not urge, and Self-defence:
 Yet this vile Treatment, Treatment fit for Slaves;
 Thanks to thy Fury! this has fix'd thy Doom.
 Some foolish Scruples, that still hung about me,
 Are by this friendly Tempest blown away.—

But *Clytemnestra* comes. How shall I calm
 Her troubled Mind? How bring her to my Purpose?

E 2

S C E N E

S C E N E VII.

CLYTEMNESTRA, EGISTHUS.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Here let me kneel, *Egisthus*, grasp thy Knees;
 Here let me grow till my Request be granted.
 Now is the very Crisis of my Fate.

EGISTHUS.

What Sight is this I see? Rise, *Clytemnestra*!
 Thou fairest most majestic of thy Sex!
 It misbecomes thee much this suppliant Posture.
 O there is nothing, nothing, sure, which you
 Need stoop to ask! speak, and command it, Madam.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Then let us henceforth be, as if this Love
 Had never been betwixt us.

EGISTHUS.

Cease to love thee!
 What wild Demand! Impossible!——Even now,
 Endear'd by Danger, by Distress endear'd,
 I for thee feel a fonder Pang, than e'er
 I felt before.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

No! these deluding Words
 Can charm no longer; their Enchantment flies;
 And in my Breast the guilty Passions jar,
 Unkind, unjoyous, unharmonious all.
 Ah me! from real Happiness we stray,
 By Vice bewilder'd; Vice, which always leads,
 However fair at first, to Wilds of Woe.

EGISTHUS.

Ah! *Clytemnestra*! didst thou love——

CLYTEMNESTRA.

No more!
 Seduce my Soul no more! Here will I stop——
 Beyond this Line 'tis Misery, 'tis Madness,

The

The Furies flash their Torches, Vultures tear,
The mingled Tortures of the Damn'd await me.
Oh! if your Passion be not merely selfish,
If the least Tenderness for me you feel,
Drive me no farther down the Gulph of Woe!
To Happiness I bid a last farewell;
I ask not Happiness: no, that I leave
To Innocence and Virtue; Peace, alone,
Some poor Remains of Peace is all I ask,
Not to be greatly wretched, plung'd in Horrors!
And yet, who knows, the heavenly Spark, that sleeps
Beneath these Embers, yet may spread anew
Its chearful Lustre——All may yet be well——
For *Agamemnon* was so kind, so gentle,
With such a holy tender Flame he burn'd,
As might have kindled in a barbarous Breast
Humanity and Virtue.

E G I S T H U S.

All Pretence.

I guess his Aim; I penetrate his Purpose.
On you he lavish'd Fondness, while on me
He low'd Destruction. Doubtless, with his Ear,
Some Villain has been busy; and he means
First to divide us, then with greater Ease,
To ruin both.——And can you then be caught,
Caught with these common prostituted Speeches,
That oft have sicken'd on the glowing Lip
Of many a *Trojan* Slave? *Cbryseis* had them;
Briseis too: and now *Cassandra*, she,
Who, liker a triumphant Queen than Captive,
Is every hour expected——

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

What *Cassandra*?

E G I S T H U S.

O it imports you little what *Cassandra*!
Thus poorly, tame you ne'er will want *Cassandra's*.
What is become of *Clytemnestra's* Spirit,
That she can thus forget her high Descent,

Forget

Forget her Rank, her Honour, nay forget
Her Injuries?

CLYTEMNESTRA.

But what *Cassandra*, say?

EGISTHUS.

Why *Priam's* Daughter, the prophetic Princess,
The proud, the young, the beautiful *Cassandra*:
So vain of Heart, she dreamt *Apollo* lov'd her,
And, on her plighted Faith to crown his Love,
Bestow'd the Gift of Prophecy; the Gift
In her possession, she deceiv'd the God;
Whence he, provok'd, with this Condition dash'd it,
Of never gaining Credit. So the Tale,
The Fable runs—Yet, on my Soul, I think,
Did she give out, she should be Queen of *Argos*,
She were indeed a Prophetess.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis well.

You mean it for an Insult this, you do.
What else could tempt you to deride me, Sir,
With such Extravagance?

EGISTHUS.

Mistake me not,
I mean it, Madam, for a serious Truth,
I mean it for a Certainty, if thus
You droop, unnerv'd with these dejecting Fears.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Cassandra Queen of *Argos*!

EGISTHUS.

Yes, of *Argos*;
While *Clytemnestra* in a Prison pines;
Where she may weep, and moralize at leisure.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

By Heavens! she visits first her Father's Shade!

EGISTHUS.

There shone your native Self. Let bright Revenge,
I should say Justice, dissipate these Clouds,
These melancholy Whims of ill-judg'd Virtue,

And

AGAMEMNON.

31

And show you burning with your former Lustre.
Madam, our Fates are blended : know, we stand
Or fall together. Shame Contempt and Ruin,
Or Safety Love and Glory, is our Choice.
And need we doubt a Moment ?

CLYTEMNESTRA.

But, *Egisthus*—

EGISTHUS.

I know the Purpose of thy pleading Eye.
Of that hereafter—We shall meet again—
My Presence now is wanted in the City.
Fear nothing—Thou shalt know before we act,
Thou, for whose sake alone I act and live !

The End of the Second Act.





A C T III. S C E N E I.

A R C A S, M E L I S A N D E R.

A R C A S.

AND have I found my long-lost Friend again?
 My *Melisander*! But so chang'd your Look,
 So sickly'd with a kind of thoughtful Sadness,
 So sunk each Feature, by seven drooping Years
 Spent in that desert Isle, as baffled quite
 My wandering Recollection.

M E L I S A N D E R.

True, dear *Arcas*!
 For what a helpless Creature, by himself,
 Is the proud Lord of this inferior World,
 Vain feeble Man! The Commoners of Nature,
 Each Wing that flits along the spacious Sky,
 Is less dependant than their boasted Master.

Hail social Life! into thy pleasing Bounds
 Again I come, to pay the common Stock
 My Share of Service; and, in glad Return,
 To taste thy Comforts, thy protected Joys.

A R C A S.

O greatly welcome! You deserve them well,
 You well deserve the social Life you polish.
 Still on my thought your strange Delivery dwells.
 By *Agamemnon* left to aid the Queen,
 With faithful Counsel, while he warr'd at *Troy*;
 And thus by *Agamemnon* to be sav'd,
 Returning from that Conquest! Wondrous Chance!
 Or rather wondrous Conduct of the Gods!
 By Mortals, from their Blindness, Chance misnam'd.

Mean time, instruct me, while the King reposes,
How was you snatch'd away? And how, so long,
Could you this dreadful Solitude support?
I burn to know the whole.

MELISANDER.

'Tis thus, my Friend.
While sunk in unsuspecting Sleep I lay,
Some midnight Ruffians rush'd into my Chamber,
Sent by *Egisthus*, who my Presence deem'd
Obstructive (so I solve it) to his Views;
Black Views I fear, as you perhaps may know.
Sudden they seiz'd, and, muffled up in Darkness,
Strait bore me to the Sea, whose instant Prey
I did conclude my self, when first, around
The Ship unmoor'd, I heard the chiding Wave.
But these fell Tools of cruel Power, it seems,
Had orders in a desert Isle to leave me;
There hopeless, helpless, comfortless, to prove
The utmost Gall and Bitterness of Death.
Thus Malice often overshoots it self,
And some unguarded Accident betrays
The Man of Blood. — Next Night—a dreary Night!
Cast on the wildest of the *Cyclade Isles*,
Where never human Foot had mark'd the Shore,
These Ruffians left me--- Yet, believe me, *Arcas*,
Such is the rooted Love we bear Mankind,
All Ruffians as they were, I never heard
A Sound so dismal as their parting Oars---
Then horrid Silence follow'd, broke alone
By the low Murmurs of the restless Deep,
Mixt with the doubtful Breeze, that now and then
Sigh'd thro' the mournful Woods. Beneath a Shade
I sat me down, more heavily oppress'd,
More desolate at Heart, than e'er I felt
Before. When *Philomela*, o'er my Head,
Began to tune her melancholy Strain,
As piteous of my Woes; till, by degrees,

F

The

The balmy Sleep on wounded Nature shed
 A kind but short Relief: At early Morn,
 Wak'd by the Chaunt of Birds, I look'd around
 For usual Objects: Objects found I none,
 Except before me stretch'd the toiling Main,
 And Rocks and Woods, in savage View, behind.
 Wrapt for a Moment in amaz'd Confusion,
 My Thought turn'd giddy round; when, all at
 once,
 To Memory full my dire Condition rush'd.

A R C A S.

But of each Comfort each Convenience void,
 How could you Life sustain? how fence against
 Inclement Skies?

M E L I S A N D E R.

A mossy Cave, that fac'd
 The Southern Sea, and in whose deep Recess
 Boil'd up a lovely Fountain, was my Home.
 Herbs were my Food, those blessed Stores of
 Health!

Only when Winter, from my daily Search,
 Withdrew my verdant Meal, I was oblig'd
 In faithless Snares to seize, which truly griev'd me,
 My sylvan Friends; that ne'er till then had known,
 And therefore dreaded less the Tyrant Man.

But these low Hardships scarce deserve Regard:
 The Pangs, that sharpest stung, were in my Mind;
 There Desolation reign'd; and there, cut off
 From social Life, I felt a constant Death.

And yet these Pangs at last forgot to throb:
 What cannot lenient gentle Time perform?
 I eat my lonely Meal without a Tear;
 Nor sigh'd to see the dreadful Night descend.
 In my own Breast, a World within my self,
 In Streams, in Groves, in sunny Hill and Shade;
 In all that blooms with vegetable Life,
 Or joys with kindred animal Sensation;
 In the full-peopled Round of azure Heaven;

Where'er

Where'er I, studious, look'd, I found Companions.
But, chief, the Muses lent their softning Aid.
At their enchanting Voice my Sorrows fled,
Or learn'd to please; while, thro' my troubled
Heart,

They breath'd the Soul of Harmony anew.
Thus, of the great Community of Nature,
A Denizen I liv'd; and oft, in Hymns,
And rapturous Thought, even with the Gods con-
vers'd,

That not disdain sometimes the Walks of Man.

So pass'd the Time, when, lo! within my Call,
Arriv'd the Ship, which Hope had often promis'd---
The Ship!--O it surpass'd my fondest Dream,
E'er to imagine the gay Ship that came!
As on the Deck I *Agamemnon* saw,
All glorious with the Spoils of conquer'd *Troy*;
Ye Gods! what Transport, what Amazement seiz'd
me!

What Adoration of your wondrous Ways!
Expresssion sinks beneath them.

ARCAS.

Sweet Reward
Of manly Patience! that, to Fortune still
Superior, scorns Despair.

MELISANDER.

This Theme, my Friend,
Will better suit a leisurable Hour.

The high Concerns of Life now claim our Care.

I have already to the King imparted
Suspensions of *Egisthus*, and remain
In this Disguise, not to alarm his Guilt,
Till it more full appear, and proper Steps
To punish his Misgovernment be taken.
If he, has ill Designs, you, *Arcas*, you
Must, while you seem'd regardless, must have
pierc'd them.

F 2

Your

Your calm but keen Inspection, not disturb'd
By the vain Flutter of ill-tim'd Discourse,
Must reach the very Bottom of his Purpose.
In you the King confides, of you demands,
As of his best-lov'd Subject in *Mycenæ*,
The Truth.

ARCAS.

O, I have precious Truths in store!
And that best Treasure will unlock before him.
Long has my silent Observation trac'd
Egibus, thro' the doubling Maze of Treason,
But now his ill Designs are too too plain,
To all *Mycenæ* plain: and who, indeed,
Who can have good ones, that corrupts a People?

It was, however, hard, a bitter Task!
To wink at publick Villany; to wipe
Each honest Passion from my livid Face,
To bind my Hands, and seal my quivering Lips,
While my Heart burn'd with Rage, and treasur'd up
A Storm of Indignation---

MELISANDER.

Give it way!

O 'tis a glorious Luxury! Opprest,
For Years, beneath a Load of wicked Power,
To heave it off indignant, and assert
The dear dear Freedom of a virtuous Mind.
Curse on the Coward or perfidious Tongue,
That dares not, even to Kings, avow the Truth!
Let Traitors wrap them in delusive Incense,
On Flattery Flattery heap, on Falshood Falshood:
Truth is the living liberal Breath of Heaven;
That sweeps these Fogs away, with all their Vermin.
And, on my Soul, methinks, that *Agamemnon*
Deserves some touch of Blame. To put the Power,
The Power of blessing or oppressing Millions,
Of doing or great Good or equal Mischiefs,
Even into doubtful Hands, is worse than careless.

Ye

Ye Gods, avert the Miseries that hence
On him and on his Family may fall !
But, see, the King.

SCENE II.

AGAMEMNON, MELISANDER, ARCAS.

AGAMEMNON.

Nay, *Arcas* to my Bosom, (*Arcas kneeling.*)
Come, let me proudly take a faithful Heart !

ARCAS.

Thrice welcome, Sir, to *Argos* and *Mycenæ* !
To Virtue welcome !

AGAMEMNON.

In my own Dominions,
I am a Stranger, *Arcas*. Ten full Years,
Or even one Day, is Absence for a King,
Without some mighty Reason, much too long.
For me a just and memorable War,
Whose Actions future Times perhaps may sing,
My own, my Brother's, and my People's Honour,
With that of common *Greece*, must plead my Par-
don.

Now shall my Cares attend the Works of Peace :
Calm Deeds, that glare not on the vulgar Eye ;
And yet it equal Courage oft demands,
To quell Injustice, Riot, factious Rage,
Dark-working blind Cabals and bold Disorder,
As to confront the rigid Face of War.
Then tell me, *Arcas*, for, till self-inform'd,
I mean to see with your discerning Eyes,
And sure I am they never will mislead me ;
Have I much Subject for this peaceful Courage ?
This Fortitude of State ?

ARCAS.

Too much, my Lord.
Would

Would to the Gods, our Virtues, here at home,
 Could answer your Heroic Deeds abroad!
 You, doubtless, from the rugged School of War,
 Have brought sound manly Hearts, and generous
 Spirits:

While we, alas! we rot in weedy Peace,
 In slothful Riot, Luxury, Profusion,
 And every Meanness to repair that Waste---
 I see the noble Blood, indignant, mount,
 At this Relation, to my Sovereign's Cheek:
 But, as Affairs now press, I were a Traitor,
 If with a sparing Tongue I spoke the Truth,

A G A M E M N O N .

Immortal Gods! have I, these ten long Years,
 Sustain'd a War at *Troy*; fill'd every day
 With Cares incessant, Councils, Dangers, Toils,
 Exploits of daring Brow, and signal Deeds,
 To cherish Villains in licentious Ease?
 Have I thus squander'd vile, on *Phrygian* Plains,
 The bravest Blood of *Greece* to shelter such;
 And to assert their Honour who have none?

It was not well, methought, when *Melissander*
 I in a desert Island pining found,
 Abandon'd there, by Cruelty supreme;
 Methought it was not well. Foul is the State,
 And ill Designs ferment, when honest Eyes
 With Woods alone converse, and rural Scenes.
 But what can this perfidious, this *Egisthus*,
 What can he, say, by such loose Rule propose
 Is it his native Bent? Or does he push
 Some dark Design, by these detested Means?

A R C A S .

There is no Vice a Stranger to his Heart,
 Conceal'd beneath refin'd Diffimulation;
 Diffimulation, that on you your self
 Impos'd. Meantime, Sir, his outrageous Views
 Devour the Throne of *Argos* and *Mycenæ*.

AGA-

A G A M E M N O N.

Said you the Throne of *Argos* and *Mycenæ*?
 Already have I lost my noblest Throne,
 If he has robb'd me of my People's Virtue;
 'Tis but vain Pomp, a Tyrant's Toy, the other.
 And dares he bear a giddy Look so high,
 As to my Throne? The Villain! sure he dares not.

A R C A S.

Nay more, my Lord---He scales the dazzling
 Height,
 And almost grasps with impious Hands your
 Sceptre.

A G A M E M N O N.

To touch it is Perdition! What! *Egisthus*!
Egisthus seize my Throne!

A R C A S.

So means the Traitor.

A G A M E M N O N.

That Creature of my Power! That Insect! rais'd
 By the warm Beams of my mistaken Bounty!
 Whom, when my Father's Vengeance raz'd his
 Race,
 I sav'd, train'd up, with Favours, Honours heap'd;
 And trusted in his hands at last a Jewel,
 Too precious for the faithless Heart of Man--
 O gross gross Blindness--Half my Kingly Pow'r!
 Ay, there breaks out his Father's treacherous
 Blood!

There, there, too late, I find the base *Thyestes*!
 Forgive me, *Atreus*! Oh my royal Father!
 Forgive my trusting thus the Seed of him,
 Of an abhor'd an execrable Brother,
 Who even profan'd thy Bed---But, ere yon Orb
 Shall from the purpled Ocean rise again,
 Oh injur'd *Atreus*! by thy sacred Shade
 I swear, to make for this a full Atonement.

Is then this People, *Arcas*, grown so vile,
 So very vile, that he dares entertain
 The smallest Hope to rival me in Empire?
 I like not vaunting----But, ungrateful People!
 Can you prefer a nameless thing to me?
 Am I not rough with Scars on your account?
 And for the careful Love I always bore you,
 Your Father nam'd? And yet prefer to me,
 One who ne'er saw the glorious Front of War,
 For nothing famous but corrupting Peace,
 And whose sole Merit was my ill-judg'd Favour?
 Can you---away! --- Dishonour stains the Thought!
 How should this be?

A R C A S.

Not many, Sir, stand fix'd
 On the deep Principles of reason'd Virtue,
 Whom Time nor steals, nor Passion bears away.
 Mankind, in general, float along the Stream
 Of Custom, good or bad; and oft the Mind
 To that familiar grows, by gradual Use
 And still-encroaching Vice, whose first Regard
 Gave Horror. Hence ten loosely-govern'd Years
 Have wrought such strange Events, that you no
 more

Behold your antient *Argos* and *Myene*.
 These Cities now with Slaves and Villains swarm.
 At first *Egistbus*, popular and fair,
 All Smiles and Softness, as if each Man's Friend,
 By hidden Ways proceeded, mining Virtue:
 He Pride, he Pomp, he Luxury diffus'd;
 He taught them Wants, beyond their private
 Means:

And strait, in Bounty's pleasing Chains involv'd,
 They grew his Slaves. Who cannot live on little,
 Or as his various Fortune shall permit,
 Stands in the Market ready to be sold.

A G A M E M N O N.

O damn'd detested Traffick! --- But proceed,

A R C A S.

A R C A S.

While the luxurious Fever thus increas'd,
 Still, in proportion as it gather'd Rage,
 He lent it Fewel; and, more bold, disclos'd
 His Noon-day Treason. Murmurs went about,
 And spread at last into the common Talk,
 That you was proud, severe, beneath the Mask
 Of holding firm the Helm of State, a Tyrant;
 That in vain Wars, which nought imported them,
 You spent their Treasure, shed their noblest Blood;
 And that, *Troy* conquer'd once, to her rich Plains
 You meant from *Argos* to transplant your Empire.

Mean time, in private, all, whom wild Debauch
 Has set adrift from every human Tie;
 Whom Riot, Want, and conscious Guilt inflame,
 Holding the Gods and Virtue in contempt,
 Amidst their Bowls; such are his Bosom-Friends:
 And, join'd to them, a meaner ruffian Band,
 Whose Trade is Murder, and whose Harvest Crimes,
 Hang in black Cloud around him; whence, I fear,
 A sudden Tempest is prepar'd to burst.

This, Sir, from Duty and unfeigned Zeal,
 I plain unfold: nor on my word, alone,
 Believe these Accusations; clear as day,
 I for them will produce the strongest Proof.

A G A M E M N O N.

I thank thee, *Arcas*. Truth, tho' sometimes clad
 In painful Lustre, yet is always welcome,
 Dear as the Light, that shows the lurking Rock:
 'Tis the fair Star that, ne'er into the Main
 Descending, leads us safe thro' stormy Life---
 Gods! how it tears me from each calmer Thought!
 To think this Traitor, that this double Traitor,
 This Traitor to my self and to my People,
 Should by such sneaking such unmanly Ways,
 Thus filch away my Crown! ---
 Why stand I chafing here? One timely Deed

G

Is

Is worth ten thousand Words----Come then, my
 Friends,
 Come and behold me seize amidst his Guards,
 His Coward Guards---Guilt ever was a Coward---
 This Rival-King, and with him crown my Triumph.
 Till then *Troy* smoaks in vain, and *Agamemnon*
 Cannot be said to conquer.

MELISANDER.

Sir, beware---

A G A M E M N O N.

Of what beware? Where am I, *Melisander*?
 Am I not in *Mycenæ*? in my Palace?
 Are not these Crouds, that stream along the Streets,
 My Subjects all? Of what should I beware?
 Not seize a Traitor in my own Dominions?
 Yes I will seize him, *Melisander*,---will!

MELISANDER.

What Grace to Kings such generous Ardor gives!
 But tho' brave Deeds be warm at first conceiv'd,
 Let the best Purpose cool, nor miss your Blow.
 More firm and sure the Hand of Courage strikes,
 When it obeys the watchful Eye of Caution.
 You hear from *Arcas*, Sir, what ruffian Bands,
 What secret Deaths, what Daggers lurk around him:
 Be cautious then; for Virtue's, Glory's sake!
 And, when you strike, strike home.

A G A M E M N O N.

O for those *Greeks*!

That this rude Day are tossing on the Seas;
 Those hardy *Greeks*, whom ten Years War has
 steel'd;
 With Toils, with Danger, and with Death familiar:
 Then should you see what Chaff before the Wind
 Are these weak Sons of soft enfeebling Peace;
 While I the sweetest Morsel of the Gods
 Enjoy'd, on proud triumphant Vice just Vengeance.

MELI-

MELISANDER.

But since, my Lord, you cannot now exert
This nobler Force, let Prudence take its place.
Have patience, only, till you safely can,
And surely, seize him.

AGAMEMNON.

Well, till then I will.

And, tho' not made of patient Mold, in This
I will have patience, will, some tedious Hours,
Repress my Vengeance ——— [pausing.]

Yes, I like the Thought—

He may be seiz'd this Evening at the Banquet,
Be there surpriz'd with ease---and shall! —
For by th' eternal Gods that rule Mankind!
The Sleep of Death alone shall seal these Eyes,
While such a Wretch holds power in my Dominions.

Oh *Clytemnestra*! to the publick, now,
Succeeds the private Pang---At thought of Thee,
New Rage new Vengeance shake my inmost Soul!
Was my Belov'd, my Queen, my *Clytemnestra*,
So long abandon'd in a Villain's power,
Who knows, it seems, no Limits, owns no Laws,
Save those one Vice imposes on another?
And now the secret Cause, I fear, is plain,
Of that unusual Damp, that strange Dejection,
Which clouded her at Meeting. Still the more
I pour'd my Fondness, still the more distress'd
She seem'd; and, turning from my tender Gaze,
The copious Shower stole down her troubled Cheek;
As if she pity'd these my blind Endearments,
And in her Breast some horrid Secret swell'd---
Should it be so---Confusion! --- Can I stoop
Even to suppose it! --- How from slight Mistakes
Great Evils spring! But the most fruitful Source
Of every Evil---O that I, in Thunder,
Could sound it o'er the listning Earth to Kings! ---
Is Delegating Power to wicked Hands.

MELISANDER.

My Lord, let no Suspicions of the Queen
E'er taint your Bosom : if I judge aright--

A G A M E M N O N.

No, *Melisander*, no ; I am not jealous ;
In me that Passion and Contempt were one :
No, 'tis her Situation gives me Horror,
Her dreadful Situation !---But of This
Enough---Then tell me, *Arcas*, tell me truly ;
Are there a Few, say, do there yet remain
A Faithful Few ! to save the sinking State ?
Can you, ere Night, collect an honest Band,
A Band of such as worthy are to rescue
Their King and Country from impending Fate ?
Ah ! little thought I, that amidst my Subjects,
Embosom'd sweet in Peace, I, like a Tyrant,
Should e'er have needed Guards.

A R C A S.

Yes, Sir, I know

A Band of generous Youth, whom native Virtue,
Unbroken yet by Avarice and Meanness,
Fits for our purpose : These I can collect--

A G A M E M N O N.

About it quickly, *Arcas* ; lose no time :
Go, bring me to the Banquet these brave Youths :
I long for their Acquaintance. Till that Hour,
Domestick Cares and Joys demand my Presence :
The Father's Heart now bears me to my Children.
Farewell ! My All depends upon your Conduct.

End of the Third ACT.



A C T



ACT IV. SCENE I.

AGAMEMNON, MELISANDER.

AGAMEMNON.

Domestick Pleasures spread their Charms in
vain--

O for the Hour of Vengeance! I, till then,
But stalk about, the Shadow of a King.
Heard you from *Arcas* aught?

MELISANDER.

Be patient, Sir.

As yet the Time permits not his Return.
Arcas is zealous ardent in your Service,
And will not fail his Duty.

Enter an Officer belonging to the Court.

OFFICER.

Sir, *Cassandra*

Is just arriv'd.

AGAMEMNON.

Conduct the Princess hither.

This *Priam's* fairest Daughter, *Melisander*,
Is a young Princess of engaging Beauty,
Rais'd by Distress; of noble Sense and Spirit..
But, by Poetic Visions led astray,
She dreamt *Apollo* lov'd her, and the Gift
Of Prophecy bestow'd, to gain her Promise:
The Gift once her's, the chastly-faithless Maid
Deceiv'd the God; who therefore, in Revenge,
Since he could not recall it, made it useless,
For ever doom'd to meet with Disregard.

E'er

E'er-since the lovely Visionary raves,
 With Dignity; foretels the Fate of Nations;
 And, judging of the Future from the Past,
 Has oft been wond'rous happy in her Guesſes.
 Some ſtrange ſome recent Inſtances of This,
 Confirm her in her venerable Madneſs.

MELISANDER.

Be not too raſh in judging, *Agamemnon*;
 For we, blind Mortals, but a little know
 Of boundleſs Nature---Hark! the Princeſs comes:
 I hear her Voice, I hear the Voice of Sorrow.

SCENE II.

AGAMEMNON, MELISANDER,

CASSANDRA *attended by Trojan Captives.*

CASSANDRA, *entering.*

O hoſtile Roofs! O *Ilium*! O my Country!

AGAMEMNON.

I cannot blame your Grief, unhappy Princeſs!
 But, if it can relieve you, here be ſure
 Of an Aſylum, ſafe as *Priam's* Palace.

CASSANDRA.

O ſweet Abode! O Palace of my Fathers!
 My Heart bleeds Transport while I think of Thee;
 Think of the Days of Innocence and Joy,
 That ſhone upon me there. How chang'd, alas!
 Ah! what a Scene, when I beheld thee laſt!
 Rage, Blood, and Flames, and Shrieks of Murder
 round me!

The Sword of *Pyrrhus*, and a feeble Father!
 Where was you *Heſtor* then? Where all his Sons?
 O *Priam's* numerous Race! what are you now
 Become? Ah me! the deſolating Gods
 Have laid their Hands, their iron Hands, upon us.

AGA-

A G A M E M N O N.

From past Misfortunes, Princess, turn your Eye ---

C A S S A N D R A.

'Tis true, the future may full well suffice.
Th' avenging Sisters trace my Footsteps still,
The Hunters still pursue the trembling Doe.
Where am I? --- Gods! --- Black heavy Drops of
Blood

Run down the guilty Walls-- With the dun Shades
Of Night ascending, lo! successive Troops
Of *Trojan* Ghosts are flocking to the Banquet :
Permitted by th' infernal Gods, they come,
To feast them with the Horrors of this Night,
To snuff the Blood of Victims--- Ha! the Car,
The gay triumphal Car, is turn'd, at once,
Into a mournful Bier, that nods along,
Solemn and slow--- Yes, *Troy* shall be aveng'd :
I shall the Vengeance see ; and yet not see
Thy Light, returning *Phæbus*.

A G A M E M N O N.

Fair *Cassandra*,

Indulge no more these melancholy Views,
These Visions form'd by gloomy-minded Grief.
We will each Art each tender Art employ,
To sooth your Sorrows, to restore your Peace.
You come not to the proud unfeeling Race
Of Yesterday : we know the Turns of Fortune ;
Have drank the Cup, the wholesome Cup, of Suf-
ferings,

That not inflames but moderates the Mind.
Then fear not, Princess ; let me call you Daughter !
Your Treatment shall be such as well becomes.
The Dignity of Woe, becomes the great
The fair Unhappy. Nought shall touch your Ho-
nour.

I know, I feel your Beauty : but here dwell
The Gods of Hospitality and Faith ;
The Hymeneal Powers are honour'd here.

Yes,

Yes, I will shield Thee, equal with *Electra*,
With my lov'd Daughter, in thy Friendship blest.

CASSANDRA.

In spite of swelling Tears that choak the Way,
Of bitter Tears by big Remembrance shed,
I own thy Goodness, thank Thee, *Agamemnon*.
Mean time, in vain, are all thy generous Cares,
On my account. The Gods of Death will, soon,
Extend o'er me their all-protecting Wing.
I shall not long, I shall not want Protection:
But, who, devoted Prince, will give it Thee?
Even while we talk the secret Wheels are turning,
That lift the Vile, and lay the Mighty low.
I pity Thee, the House of *Pelops* pity:
Forgive me, *Troy*: I pity thy Destroyers.

Enter an Officer.

OFFICER.

A Messenger from *Arcas*, Sir---

A G A M E M N O N.

'Tis well.

To my Apartment lead him---You, mean while,

[*To Melisander.*

Attend the Princess; grace her with such Honours,
As suits Her to receive, and Me to give.

S C E N E III.

CASSANDRA, CHORUS of Trojan Captives,

MELISANDER.

MELISANDER.

Fair Princess, stop these Tears. Exert that best
That noblest Virtue, which can master Fortune,
An equal Mind.

CASSANDRA.

Not for my self I weep!---

But, oh my dear Companions! How for you
My Bosom yearns!

CHO-

CHORUS.

We have together liv'd
Together let us die!

CASSANDRA.

Together liv'd
At This ten thousand Images awake,
Ten thousand little Tenderneffes throb.

CHORUS.

O Days of Youth! O careless Days! Untaught
To weep, if Love not own'd the pleasing Tear.

CASSANDRA.

O Woods! O Fountains! O delightful Meads!
That lent us Flowers, the Prime of blooming May,
To deck our Tresses.

CHORUS.

O the yellow Banks
Of fair Scamander! in whose silver Stream,
We us'd to bathe, beneath the secret Shade.

CASSANDRA.

O chearful Ida's airy Summits! where
The Gods delight to dwell.

CHORUS.

O silent Troy!
Whose Streets have often echo'd with our Song.

CASSANDRA.

O the lost Labours of a ruin'd People!
O Country! Freedom! Friends! Relations! All,
That gives or taste or dignity to Life,
All all is gone, beyond recovery gone!

CHORUS.

Then let us die!

CASSANDRA.

For me, the hunted Hart
More fervent pants not for the cooling Stream,
Than I to wrap me in the quiet Shades
Of Death. But, ah! my helpless Friends, for you
I feel it's keenest Anguish.

H

CHO-

CHORUS.

Not for us,
 Feel not for us. What Comfort have we left?
 What Hope, what Wish in Life? -- One healing
 And then we weep no more. (Pang,

CASSANDRA.

Refreshing Thought!
 And then from Bondage, Pain, from every Ill,
 For ever free, we meet our Friends again;
 Our Parents, Brothers, Sisters, Lovers meet.

CHORUS.

Then let us die! and sudden be the Blow!

CASSANDRA.

The Gods assent. --- Behold the happy Shore!
 But, ah! there lies a stormy Sea betwixt!

MELISANDER.

So sings the plaining Nightingale her Woes.

CASSANDRA.

Ah, far unlike the Nightingale! --- She sings,
 Unceasing, thro' the balmy Nights of *May*;
 She sings from Love and Joy, while we, alas! ---

MELISANDER.

Behold the Queen. --- Deep-wrap'd in Thought she

CASSANDRA.

(seems. ---
 O direful Musings! --- Lead us from her Presence.

SCENE IV.

CHYTEMNESTRA.

Sweet Peace of Mind! whence Pleasure borrows
 Daughter of Virtue! whither art thou fled? (Taste,
 To what calm Cottage, to what blameless Shade,
 Far from these guilty Walls? O Walls! O Race!
 To Horrors doom'd! --- Before me gathers fast
 A deepning Gloom, with unknown Terrors big. ---
 Not quite unknown. --- Gods! what a dreadful Hint
 Flash'd from *Egistbus*, when I saw him last!
 And to what desperate Actions cannot Safety,
 Ambition, Love and Vengeance drive the Soul! ---
 Distraction

Distraction lies that way---yet, how escape?
 Shame urges on behind, un pitying Shame,
 That worst of Furies, whose fell Aspect frights
 Each tender Feeling from the human Breast.
 Goodness it self even turns in me to Gall,
 And serves alone to heighten my Despair.
 How kind was *Agamemnon*! generous! fond!
 How more than usual mild! As if, on purpose,
 To give these Tortures their severest Sting.
 Happy! compar'd to this tormented State,
 Where Honour only lives, with inward Lash,
 To punish Guilt, happy the harden'd Wretch,
 Who feels no Conscience, and who fears no Crime!--
 Oh Horrid! Horrid! Oh flagitious Thought!
 How is it with the Mind that can endure
 A Thought so dire! --- My sole remaining Hope
 Is Death, kind Death, that amiable Sleep,
 Which wakes no more,---at least to mortal Care,---
 But then the dark Hereafter that may come,---
 There is no Anchor that against this Storm,
 This mighty Sea of Doubts and Fears, can hold.
 Hopeless, I drive,---One Thought destroys another.--
 This Stranger too! ---Should it be *Melisander*---
 Is there a Fear, however idle, wild,
 And even almost impossible, which Guilt,
 The feeble-hearted Guilt not entertains? ---
 I order'd his Attendance.---See, he comes.

S C E N E V.

CLYTEMNESTRA, MELISANDER.

CLYTEMNESTRA.
 Are you not Stranger, he, whom *Agamemnon*,
 By an amazing Chance, in his Return,
 Sav'd from a desert Isle?

MELISANDER.

Madam, the same.

H

CLY:

CLYTEMNESTRA.

I much admire your fortunate Deliverance,
And wish to hear your Story : Why there left,
And how sustain'd. Indulge me with it, Stranger.

MELISANDER.

Madam, I come this moment from the King,
Charg'd with a Matter which requires Dispatch :
But that transacted once, without Delay,
I will attend your Orders.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Then, it seems,
You are not quite a Stranger in *Mycenæ*.
What is your Country ?

MELISANDER.

Greece.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

What Part of *Greece* ?

MELISANDER.

I am of *Athens* born.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

But in *Mycenæ*,
Have you not in *Mycenæ* been before ?

MELISANDER.

There are not, Madam, many Parts of *Greece*
To me unknown.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Why thus avoid my Question ? ---
Have you been here before ?

MELISANDER.

Madam, I have.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Here in this Palace ? — Ha ! why stand you silent ?
You keep your Eyes unmov'd upon the Ground.
What should this mean ? Beneath that rough Disguise
There lurks, methinks, a Form, which somewhere I
Have seen.

MELISANDER.

The Dream of Fancy, that the more

It

It is indulg'd, perplexes still the more.
I tarry here too long; the King's Commands
Admit of no Delay.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis so! 'tis so!

Air, Features, Manner, Voice, this study'd Haste,
The Shifts of one unpractis'd in Deceit,
All all conspire---One Image wakes another,
And thick they flash upon me!

MELISANDER.

You grow pale,
You tremble, Madam; that Mistake, I find,
Concerning me turns wilder and disturbs you.
Let me retire---

CLYTEMNESTRA.

A Moment---stay---

MELISANDER.

In vain,

I find it is in vain to wrap me longer
In these Evasions.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Melisander!

MELISANDER.

Madam---

CLYTEMNESTRA.

And can it be? Behold I then the Man,
Whom I so long have number'd with the Dead?
Almighty Gods! Behold I *Melisander*?
But, ah! how chang'd! how darken'd with Suspi-
cion!

Yes! I am deem'd the Author of his Woes.

MELISANDER.

Madam, forgive---

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Why else from me conceal
Your wish'd Return---I plainly am distrusted---
By *Agamemnon* too---It was unkind,
Unjust, unfriendly, shocks me, *Melisander*.

ME-

MELISANDER.

Indeed you wrong me, Madam, wrong me much;
 To judge me apt or to conceive or spread
 Distrust. I would have perish'd by my self,
 Unknown, unwept, in helpless Solitude,
 Rather than here return, to this full World,
 To set my Mistress and her Lord at variance.
 O think me not a busy Peace-Destroyer!
 Accursed is the Wretch, to social Life
 The most inhuman Foe, who in the nice
 The tender Scenes of Life, dares rashly meddle,
 And sow Division between Friends and Lovers.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

The generous Heart is ever slow to blame.
 But, *Melisander*, not to me were owing,
 Not in the least to me, those cruel Woes,
 This worse than Death, which you so long have
 suffer'd.

Instead of That, your Fate, how, whither gone,
 If carry'd off, or secretly destroy'd,
 Was all a mournful Mystery to me,
 Dark as the Night on which you disappear'd.
 Did you but know, here in my secret Soul,
 What undissembled Pangs your Absence rous'd;
 What I have felt for you, and for my self,
 In losing such a wife and faithful Friend;
 Knew you but these, O knew you, *Melisander*,
 How your Disaster has been truly mine,
 You never could suspect me.

MELISANDER.

Witness Heav'n!

I never did--- Your Heart I know disdains
 A Thought that looks like Cruelty or Fraud.
 From the first moment that his Russians seiz'd me,
 I had no doubt, I knew it was *Egisthus*.
 Some time before I mark'd the rising Storm,
 And meant to warn you, as it sudden burst,
 And bore me far away, far from all Means,

Even

Even from all Hope of lending you assistance.
 Ay! there I suffer'd most. My Fears for you,
 At once by Guile and Violence beset,
 Took off the Point of my own proper Woes.
 But when your awful Virtues struck my Thought,
 Your Wisdom, Spirit, Resolution, Truth;
 That dread Effulgence of the spotless Soul,
 Which smites the hardest Villain into Shame;
 My Fears appear'd impertinent and vain.
 Yet doubtless, Madam, you have had occasion
 For a firm ruling Hand and watchful Eye,
 For every Virtue; and I truly joy,
 That *Agamemnon* finds, at his Return,
Exist by your Conduct thus restrain'd.

C L Y T E M N E S T R A.

By Heavens! he tries me.--- O suspicious Guilt!

[*Aside.*]

Your Words are friendly, but your Deeds are
 doubtful.

No, *Melisander*, Friendship with Distrust
 Can never dwell. And that I am distrusted
 To me is certain---In a Matter too,
 That much concern'd my Peace, concern'd my
 Honour.

For did you even ascribe your Woes to me,
 You could not manage with more distant Caution.

M E L I S A N D E R.

Whence is it that the noble *Clytemnestra*,
 Who us'd to shine in a superior Sphere
 Of fair Serenity and candid Peace,
 Should to these Doubts descend, these dark Suspi-
 cions?

For me, I here attest the Gods, my Soul
 Ne'er knew a Thought, that swell'd not with E-
 steem,

With Love, and Veneration of your Virtues.
 And for the King, no young enraptur'd Lover,
 In all the first Effusions of his Soul,

New

New to the mighty Charm; no Friend, who meets,
 After long Years of dark and silent Absence,
 His happy Friend again, feels livelier Joy,
 Than *Agamemnon* feels, while his glad Tongue
 Runs out in endless Praise of *Clytemnestra*---
 But I must wait his Orders.---

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Do your Duty.

I too must go, must to *Egisthus*, strait, [*Aside*.
 Impart this dreadful News.

SCENE VI.

MELISANDER, *alone*.

She went abruptly---

And as we talk'd, methought strange Passions shook
 Her inward Frame, and darken'd every Feature.

Behold the black, the guilt-concealing Night
 Fast closes round. Wide, thro' this ample Palace,
 The Lamps begin to shine. The Tempest falls;
 The weary Winds sink, breathless. But, who
 knows,

What fiercer Tempest yet may shake this Night.
 Soul-chearing *Phæbus*, with thy sacred Beams,
 O quickly come, and chase these fullen Shadows.

End of the Fourth ACT.



ACT



ACT V. SCENE I.

CLYTEMNESTRA, EGISTHUS.

EGISTHUS.

A H. *Clytemnestra*! what a Change is here! *W*
And must I then thus steal an Interview? *I*
Are we alone? *C*

CLYTEMNESTRA.

You fright me with that Question:
You look astonish'd. *W*

EGISTHUS.

On the Brink of Ruin

We, tott'ring, stand. *E*

CLYTEMNESTRA.

That is no News to me. *F*

EGISTHUS.

But— *H*

CLYTEMNESTRA.

What? *B*

EGISTHUS.

We are discover'd. *A*

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Ha! discover'd! *H*

EGISTHUS.

Yes certainly discover'd. *A* *Arcas* now,
By *Agamemnon's* Orders, in the City,
Collects a Band to seize me at the Banquet,
A short Hour hence. And my Accusers, Madam,
You may be well assur'd are not your Friends. *I*

CLY-

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis plain! 'tis plain!—The parting Fogs disperse:
And now the doubtful Scene stands all reveal'd—
Who could have thought they should dissemble thus?
But I can tell you more.

EGISTHUS.

What, Madam? speak;
For Danger presses on us.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Saw you him,
This seeming Stranger, sav'd by Agamemnon.

EGISTHUS.

Arcas and he to-day, my Friends inform me,
Were busy with the King; and doubtless, then,
It was concerted that I should be seiz'd.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Ah! did you know, *Egisthus*, who he is?—

EGISTHUS.

Who?

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Melissander! on the

EGISTHUS.

Gods! and does he live?

For my Confusion sav'd! O gross, gross Folly!
To do an Action of that kind by halves.
Had he been silent Dust—To please you, Madam,
Because of that Regard you deign'd to bear him,
From a false Tenderness for you, he lives—

CLYTEMNESTRA.

A mighty Merit! Glorious Boast indeed!
Hear him, ye weeping gentle Powers of Love!
From Tenderness for me, he did not murder
A worthy blameless Man, who never hurt him;
He murder'd not my Friend, my faithful Friend.
Ah! 'tis such Tenderness as makes me wretched!
Such Tenderness, that still in blacker Guilt,
In the last Deeps of Misery, would plunge me.

EGISTHUS.

EGISTHUS.

It is not, Madam, now a time for This.
Think of our Situation : close beset
By all those Ills which Mortals most abhor,
Whom have we to confide in but each other?
And this sad Meeting is perhaps our last.
Concord alone, and vigorous Measures, can
Prevent our Ruin—But, from *Melissander*,
What did you learn? Are you your self suspected?

CLYTEMNESTRA.

I cannot find I am :—And yet I must.

EGISTHUS.

But, as for me, my Ruin is no Secret?

CLYTEMNESTRA.

'Tis true, some dark Attempt goes on against you.

EGISTHUS.

Then have I rightly done.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

What have you done?

EGISTHUS.

What Prudence, Justice, Love and Vengeance, all
Demand—

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Immortal Powers! you have not?—

EGISTHUS.

No:

But must, and will—What else can you propose?

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Oh, any thing besides! Immediate Flight,
Eternal Absence, Death!—

EGISTHUS.

Let others die!

Let the proud faithless false injurious Tyrant
The Hero glorious in his Daughter's Murder;
The Scourge of Greece, who has, from wild Ambition,
Shed so much Blood—let *Agamemnon* die!

I 2

CLY-

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Oh Heavens and Earth! you shock me to Distraction!

I have, *Egisthus*, hitherto avoided
This dreadful Point, still hoping you might drop
Your horrid Resolution: now I tell you,
Before the listening Gods, I plainly tell you,
That *Agamemnon* shall not fall, unwarn'd:
You shall not rise by me into his Throne:
I will not be the Tool of your Ambition;
Will not be wretched infamous for ever,
The Blush of Woman, the Disgrace of Nature!
That you may gain your execrable Views,
Mask'd under smooth Pretences.—I am guilty;
Alas! I am——But think not therefore, Tyrant!
To give me Law. There are Degrees in Guilt;
And I have still my Reason left, have left
Some Resolution, some Remains of Virtue:
Yes, I dare die; and who dares die, *Egisthus*,
Ne'er need be driven to villainous Extremes!
Mark me, insulting Man!—My certain Cure
Of every Woe, my cordial Draught is ready;
And if you do not promise me, here swear,
To drop your fell Designs on *Agamemnon*,
To quit this Palace—You may still escape—
And never see me more; I go, I go,
This moment to discover all and die!

EGISTHUS.

What! *Clytemnestra*!—

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Nothing shall dissuade me.

I will not argue more—Say, only say,
Must I betake me to this cruel Refuge?
This dire Necessity?

EGISTHUS.

Permit me, Madam;
Hear me but once, and then pursue your Purpose.
Suppose us guilty, what you will;—yet, Madam,
Shall we acknowledge and proclaim that Guilt?

Shall we, by patient waiting for our Doom,
By pitiful Neglect of Self-defence,
Unheard of Meanness ! stamp it into Shame ?
No ; let us wipe it out with bold Success.
It is Success that colours all in Life ;
Success makes Fools admir'd, makes Villains honest ;
All the proud Virtue of this vaunting World
Fawns on Success, and Power, howe'er acquir'd.

If then, supposing Guilt, it were a Meanness
To stoop to Shame, can Words express the Madness
Of stopping short, with Infamy and Ruin,
When Justice Love and Vengeance urge to Glory ?
Instead of being deem'd a generous Queen,
The brave Avenger of her Sex's Honour,
Fam'd for her Spirit, for her just Resentment ;
Who greatly punish'd a perfidious Husband,
A cruel Tyrant ; one, who from his Bed,
His Throne, propos'd, with open Shame, to turn her,
And to her place to take his Country's Foe,
To take a Trojan Captive, proud Cassandra :
Instead of such Renown, can Clytemnestra —
Forgive the Doubt — Can she submit to pass,
Thro' future Times, for an abandon'd Woman ?
A feeble, spiritless abandon'd Woman ! —
Nay, Madam, hear the Truth, — What now I tell you
Must, in a little scanty Hour, take place ;
In a few Moments, you must be the first
Or last of Women ; be the publick Scorn,
Or Admiration of approving Greece —
You know you must ; — be Agamemnon's Slave,
Cassandra's Slave, or nobly punish Both,
And reign with me in Happiness and Glory!

Consult your Heart ; can you resolve on Shame ?
On voluntary Shame ? That only Ill
The Generous fear, which kills the Soul it self.
Were these fair Features, full of lovely Grandeur,
Form'd for Confusion ? That majestic Front,
To be bow'd down with Infamy and Vileness ?

Ah !

Ah! can you bear Contempt? The venom'd Tongue
 Of those whom Ruin pleases? The keen Sneer,
 The lewd Reproaches of the rascal Herd;
 Who for the self-same Actions, if successful,
 Would be as grossly lavish in your Praise?---
 To sum up all in one--- can you support
 The scornful Glances, the malignant Joy,
 Or more detested Pity of a Rival?
 Of a triumphant Rival?--- No, you cannot.
 That conscious Worth, which kindles in your Eye,
 Tells me you cannot.--- But, in vain Disputes,
 No more to squander these important Moments;
 Know, that I have not, to the frail Decision
 Of wav'ring Fear and Female Weakness, left
 Our Freedom, Safety, Happiness and Honour.
 Even in your own Despight you shall be sav'd.
 And could you be so lost to Reason; wild,
 To do what Woman never did before,
 What shocks Humanity, accuse your self,
 You only court Dishonour to no purpose:
 For *Agamemnon* now cannot escape;
 I am already Master of this Palace;
 All is prepar'd, my People all are fix'd,
 All properly dispos'd; and here I swear,
 By sacred Justice, Glory, Love and Vengeance!
 He dies!-- dies in the Bath, before the Banquet!--
 And with him dies *Cassandra*, she who durst,
 Even in presumptuous Thought, usurp thy Honours.
 She weeps!-- O my ador'd! my *Clytemnestra*!
 Forgive this barbarous necessary Truth!
 Did I not love thee, love thee more than Empire,
 Than Life and Glory, would I thus disclose
 These dangerous Secrets? Could I not have veil'd,
 And, with more certain Caution gain'd my Purpose?
 CLYTEMNESTRA.
 Oh that you had, *Egisthus*! then, alas!

I should have fondly thought my self less guilty.

EGISTHUS.

I lose my self in Softness, while the Time,
With Danger big, demands intrepid Deeds,
Wipe off these Tears--- When next we meet again,
All will be well.

SCENE II.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Ah! when we meet again!--

I stand, at last, convinc'd, and must dissemble--
Yet how dissemble? Painted, in my Face,
Are the full Horrors of this bloody Deed---

But who are these approaching? - Ha! - *Cassandra!*
How fair she seems! how lovely! - hateful Charms!
That well may rival mine, decay'd, and sunk,
By Guilt and Sorrow --- She possess my Bed!
Possess my Scepter!-- This restores my Spirit;--
I am abus'd! too patient!-- Perish all!
Perish my self, *Egisthus, Agamemnon!*
So this proud Rival this *Cassandra* perish!

SCENE III.

CASSANDRA, Trojan Captives, MELISANDER.

MELISANDER.

Daughters of *Ilium*! By the King's Command,
I come to ask your Presence at the Banquet.
Till then allow me to partake your Woes:
I have a Reverence for them. I my self,
Thanks to the gracious Gods! have known misfortune;
I am with Grief acquainted, therefore can
For others feel. Sweet Source of every Virtue,
O sacred Sorrow! He who knows not Thee,

Knows

Knows not the best Emotions of the Heart,
Those tender Tears that humanize the Soul,
The Sigh that Charms, the Pang that gives Delight;
He lives next door to Cruelty and Pride,
And is a Novice in the School of Virtue.

CASSANDRA.

We thank thee, Stranger, for thy generous Pity.
Heaven has, it seems, throughout diffus'd the Good.
May the kind Gods, the Hospitable Powers,
For this befriend thee! Thou must wander still,
Wilt their Protection want.---But *Agamemnon*,
Where is the King?

MELISANDER.

He bathes him for the Banquet,
The Banquet earn'd by ten Years War and Toil.

CASSANDRA.

Short-sighted Man! to dream of festal Joy,
When his next Banquet is perhaps with *Pluto*.

He comes! the God comes rushing on my Soul!
O gently sooth me with the Voice of Musick!
Assuage my Pangs with Harmony!-- Methinks,
I hear *Apollo's* Lyre.

MELISANDER.

Mysterious Powers!

CASSANDRA.

'Tis gone -- And now harsh Discord takes its place:
Dire Yellings now affright my trembling Ear.
What means this Up roar of the howling Forrest?
The Lions and Wolf, together leagu'd,
Pursue the Lion's Life.---Behold! the Snare,
Th' infernal Snare is set, spread by the Stream,
Where, unsuspecting Harm, he bathes at Noon.
Soon will these guiltless Waters blush with Blood.

MELISANDER.

There is a sort of gloomy Light in This,
That flashes Horror on me.

CASSANDRA.

A black Swarm

Of

Of fell Ideas seize my Fancy:---Hence!
 O snatch me from this Palace! Shambles rather!
 It smells of Carnage; breathes an hideous Steam,
 As if from gaping Sepulchers exhal'd.
 And, lo! the spotless Loves, the Sports, the Joys,
 The weeping *Lares* fly; while, in their place,
 The Vices all, the raging *Puries* come;
 And with them *Comus*, the flus'd God of Banquets,
 Besmear'd with Gore--They sing the funeral Hymn--
 What do I see? what mean these mangled Forms?
 These pale, these nightly Phantoms; Such as rise,
 To working Fancy's Eye, in troubled Dreams?---
 See! where they sit for ever at the Gates,
 Demanding Vengeance---Vengeance is at hand---
 Ha! 'tis the murder'd Boys, whose Limbs were, here,
 Serv'd up to their own Sire, to be devour'd!--

MELISANDER.

She wakes my Dread---The Story of *Thyestes*!

CASSANDRA.

With this devoted Race involv'd, I fall;
 Nor falls the Slave, alone---the Master falls.
 But Man shall die for Man, for Woman Woman!
 Remember This.

MELISANDER.

The Slave the Master fall!

CASSANDRA.

Ah Bosom-Traitress! Ill-persuaded Queen!
 And canst thou then the Barbarous Secret keep?--

MELISANDER.

What Queen? what Secret? Speak more plain
Cassandra!

CASSANDRA.

From Guilt, in vain, to greater Guilt you fly,
 From Crime to Crime precipitated---No!
 The wicked find no Peace--Distraction waits Thee!--
 One Effort more--Yes, save thy Lord, and die--
 That Throw belong'd to Virtue--Cannot then
 The gentle Powers prevail?--A Moment yet,

K

The

The doubtful Ballance yet allows a Moment—
Down, down it goes, for Vengeance and for Troy!
But ah! such Vengeance, as even Foes themselves
Abhor to see!

MELISANDER.

She staggers all my Reason.

Unveil these dreadful Oracles---Perhaps---

CASSANDRA.

Yes, in a moment, they will be too plain.

The Moment comes! The Furies lash it on!

Ha! Now!

MELISANDER.

Unusual Horror creeps---

CASSANDRA.

Alas!

Keep from the murderous Sacrificer's Hand,

O keep the Victim Bull! Lo! seiz'd, he spurns,

He foams in vain---Behold the lifted Blow!

Behold the thirsty Steel!- They strike him!-Hark!

What Dismal Echoes run from Room to Room!

MELISANDER.

I heard a distant Noise!--

*[The Noise of Agamemnon's Assassination
heard indistinctly, and at distance, be-
hind the Scenes,*

CASSANDRA.

Again!---They strive,

Th'Assassins labour who shall wound him most.

'Tis done!---He falls---

A G A M E M N O N, *behind the Scenes.*

[The Noise heard distinctly, and near.

Off! Villains! Cowards! off!---

By Villains murder'd!---Oh!---

MELISANDER.

Great Gods! the King!---

S C E N E

S C E N E IV.

MELISANDER, CASSANDRA, Trojan
Captives, ELECTRA, ORESTES.

ELECTRA.

Stop, generous Stranger! *Agamemnon's* Friend!

MELISANDER.

What would *Electra*? what with *Melisander*?

ELECTRA.

Heavens! *Melisander*!

MELISANDER.

To the King's Assistance,

I fly; detain me not.

ELECTRA.

He is no more!—

MELISANDER.

Ha! dead!

ELECTRA.

Yes, murder'd by *Egistbus*! dead!

Pierc'd with unnumber'd Wounds! O Horror!

Horror!

We have not time for Grief—*Orestes*—Quick!

Fly! save my Brother!

ORESTES.

Leave my Father!—No!

It is but once that I have ever seen him

Shall I no more?

ELECTRA.

But to revenge his Death,

O fly, *Orestes*, for that glorious Purpose!

Tremendous Gods! Methinks, I see his Ghost;

That beckons you away!

ORESTES.

I come! I come!

On *Melisander*—

ELECTRA.

Brother!

K 2

O R E S T E S

ORESTES.

Oh, my Sister!

What will become of thee?

ELECTRA.

Good Melifander,

O guard my Brother! save our only Hope!—

I heard a Noise—Farewell!—

ORESTES, going.

Ah! poor *Electra*!

SCENE V.

ELECTRA, CASSANDRA, Trojan Captives.

ELECTRA.

The Murderers come! stain'd with my Father's Blood!

Hide me, *Cassandra*, hide me from a Sight

I cannot bear, a Scene to Nature shocking!

SCENE VI.

The Back-Scene opening discovers, at a distance,
Agamemnon's Body: *Electra* throws herself
 by it.

CASSANDRA, Trojan Captives, EGIS-
 THUS with some of his Party.

EGISTHUS.

Enough, my Friends!—How low, how silent, now,
 The mighty Boaster lies!—Another Blow
 Crowns my Revenge—

CASSANDRA.

It shall not, base Assassin!

The Gods are just; amidst the Crimes of Men,
 Are firmly just, supremely wise and good:
 The Gods are here, in all their Terrors present!

See

See, where in dreadful Majesty they fit!
And write thy Doom in *Agamemnon's* Blood!

E G I S T H U S.

Think not to shake me with these gloomy Fables:
This Arm that has acquir'd, shall guard my Power;
And since I now enjoy my long-wish'd Vengeance,
All here is calm and chearful.

C A S S A N D R A.

The false Boast
Of agonizing Guilt! Thy Soul, I see,
Beneath this harden'd Pride, this brutal Courage,
Boils with black Torments, and with inward Tempest.
I know whence breaks that Gleam of Joy athwart thee,
As Lightning flashes o'er a troubled Sky:
Thou dreamst the Prince now falls beneath thy Fury:
But hear and tremble --- young *Orestes* lives!

E G I S T H U S.

Hence with thy vain Predictions, doating Woman! --

S C E N E V H.

E G I S T H U S, C A S S A N D R A, &c. and to them
Assassins sent to murder ORESTES.

E G I S T H U S.

Well, is *Orestes* dead?

A S S A S S I N.

Ah, Sir! escap'd --
When all was in Confusion, here, and Tumult!

E G I S T H U S.

O nothing then is done! -- Fly! tardy Villains!
Pursue him to the farthest Verge of Earth, --
No dark Retreat, no Country. -- But here comes
Another Storm. Distraction wings her Pace.

S C E N E

S C E N E VIII.

CLYTEMNESTRA, EGISTUS, CAS-
SANDRA, &c.

CLYTEMNESTRA.

Off! give me way! to Defarts let me fly!

The wildest Savage there!—

Why pierce me thus with Looks? In every Eye
There is a Dagger; chief in thine (*to Egistus*)--Ha!
Villain!

I know Thee; know these Eyes, where smiling Love,
To the red Glarings of a Fury's Torch,
Is now transform'd.--Yes, Traitor! turn away:

But, ere you go, give me my Peace again;

Give me my happy Family around;

Give me my Virtue, Honour, nay my Glory;

Or give me Death, tho' Death cannot relieve me.-

Are these the Deeds of Love?-- I cannot step,

Unless I dip my shivering Feet in Blood.

Compar'd with this polluted this dire Palace,

The Sepulcher is gay.---But whither fly?--

Ah! what avails it where the Guilty fly,

Since from themselves they cannot!---Ha! Behold!

The black Abyfs discloses to my View;

And down I go, a dark a deep Descent! --

Hell from beneath is mov'd at my Approach:

It's Princes flock around. Behold, they say,

The greatly-wretched, greatly-wicked Woman!

She who preferr'd the Villain to the Hero!

The *Trojan* Shades, with sharp Derision, thank me:

The *Grecian* droop---Lo! where he comes himself!

See! How in fullen Majesty he stalks! --

Oh look not on me with that silent Scorn!--

I am too curs'd already!— [*Faints into the Arms
of her Attendants.*

EGIS-

AGAMEMNON. 71

EGISTHUS.

Bear her hence :

And look she be attended well.—At last,
I shall o'er toiling Fate the Victory gain—
What new Alarm ?

SCENE IX.

EGISTHUS, CASSANDRA, &c. to them a
MESSENGER.

MESSENGER.

As *Melifander*, Sir,

Bore off *Orestes*, to th'assembled Senate
He show'd the Prince, and rous'd them to Revenge.
'Tis nought but Rage. The People, in a Torrent,
By *Arcas* headed, pour upon the Palace.
Besides, each moment, *Agamemnon's* Troops—

EGISTHUS.

Quick ! summon here my Friends.—In *Io's* Grove
They ready wait. We this important Day
Will or with Conquest crown, or bravely die.

CASSANDRA.

No, Tyrant, no ! the Gods refuse thee That :
Not like the Brave, but like the trembling Coward,
Th'assassinating Coward, thou shalt die ;
There ! in that Spot, where *Agamemnon* lies !

EGISTHUS.

Lead these ill-boding Women to their Fate ;
And guard *Electra*.

CASSANDRA.

The most grateful Gift

A Tyrant can bestow is instant Death.
We shall be happy soon. But all the Gods,
Combining all their Mercy, from Remorse,
From Scorn and Misery, cannot save the Villain.

THE END.

EPITOL O G U E.

Spoken by Mrs. Cibber.

OUR Bard, to Modern Epilogue a Foe,
Thinks such mean Mirth but deadens generous
Woe;

Dispels in idle Air the Moral Sigh,
And weeps the tender Tear from Pity's Eye:
No more with social Warmth the Bosom burns;
But all th' unfeeling, selfish Man returns.

Thus he began:— And you approv'd the Strain;
Till the next Couplet sunk to light and vain.
You check'd him there:— To You, to Reason just,
He owns he triumph'd in your kind Disgust.
Charm'd by your Frown, by your Displeasure grac'd,
He hails the rising Virtue of your Taste.
Wide will it's Influence spread, as soon as known;
Truth, to be lov'd, needs only to be shown.
Confirm it, once, the Fashion to be good;
(Since Fashion leads the Fool, and awes the Rude)
No Petulance shall wound the Publick Ear;
No Hand applaud what Honour shuns to bear:
No painful Blush the Modest Cheek shall stain;
The worthy Breast shall heave with no disdain.
Chastis'd to Decency, the British Stage
Shall oft invite the Fair, invite the Sage:
Both shall attend well-pleas'd, well-pleas'd depart;
Or if they doom the Verse, absolve the Heart.

* Another Epilogue was spoken after the first Representation of the Play, which began with the first six Lines of This: but the rest of that Epilogue, having been very justly disliked by the Audience, This was substituted in its Place.

